2013 Chevrolet Corvette Owner Manual

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This manual describes features that may or may not be on your specific vehicle either because they are options that you did not purchase or due to changes subsequent to the printing of this owner manual. Please refer to the purchase documentation relating to your specific vehicle to confirm each of the features found on your vehicle. For vehicles first sold in Canada, substitute the name “General Motors of Canada Limited” for Chevrolet Motor Division wherever it appears in this manual.

Keep this manual in the vehicle for quick reference.

Canadian Vehicle Owners

Propriétaires Canadiens

A French language copy of this manual can be obtained from your dealer or from:

On peut obtenir un exemplaire de ce guide en français auprès du concessionnaire ou à l'adresse suivante:

Helm, Incorporated
Attention: Customer Service
47911 Halyard Drive
Plymouth, MI 48170

Using this Manual

To quickly locate information about the vehicle, use the Index in the back of the manual. It is an alphabetical list of what is in the manual and the page number where it can be found.

Danger, Warnings, and Cautions

Warning messages found on vehicle labels and in this manual describe hazards and what to do to avoid or reduce them.

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which will result in serious injury or death.

Warning or **Caution** indicates a hazard that could result in injury or death.

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⚠ WARNING

These mean there is something that could hurt you or other people.

Notice: **This means there is something that could result in property or vehicle damage. This would not be covered by the vehicle's warranty.**

A circle with a slash through it is a safety symbol which means “Do Not,” “Do not do this,” or “Do not let this happen.”

Symbols

The vehicle has components and labels that use symbols instead of text. Symbols are shown along with the text describing the operation or information relating to a specific component, control, message, gauge, or indicator.

: This symbol is shown when you need to see your owner manual for additional instructions or information.

: This symbol is shown when you need to see a service manual for additional instructions or information.

Vehicle Symbol Chart

Here are some additional symbols that may be found on the vehicle and what they mean. For more information on the symbol, refer to the Index.

: Airbag Readiness Light

: Air Conditioning

: Antilock Brake System (ABS)

: Audio Steering Wheel Controls or OnStar®

: Brake System Warning Light

: Charging System

: Cruise Control

: Engine Coolant Temperature

: Exterior Lamps

: Fog Lamps

: Fuel Gauge

: Fuses

: Headlamp High/Low-Beam Changer

: LATCH System Child Restraints

: Malfunction Indicator Lamp

: Oil Pressure

: Power

: Remote Vehicle Start

: Safety Belt Reminders

: Tire Pressure Monitor

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: Traction Control/Active Handling System

: Windshield Washer Fluid

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✍ NOTES

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In Brief

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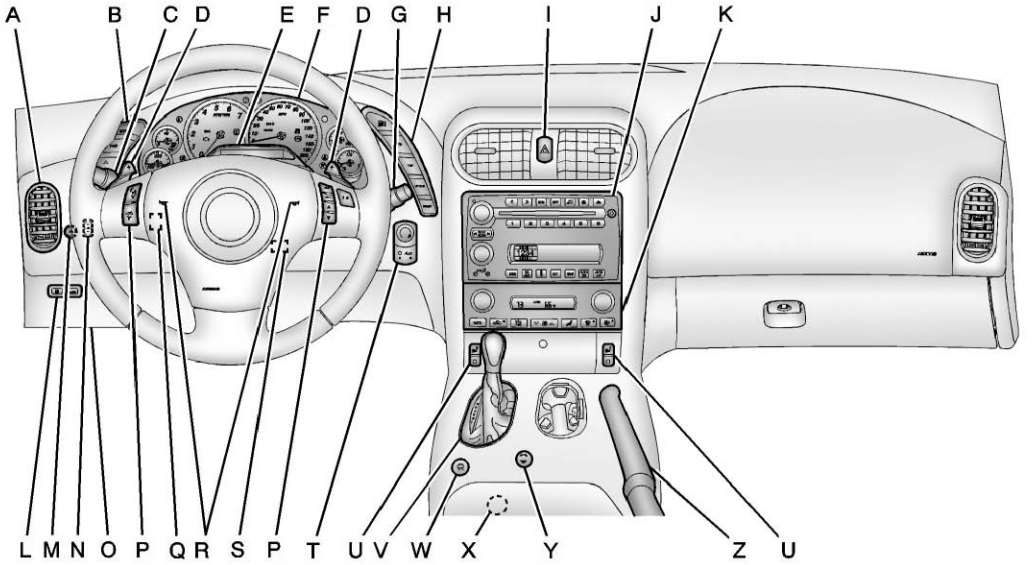
Instrument Panel



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A. *Air Vents on page 8-6*.

B. Head-Up Display Controls (If Equipped). See *Head-Up Display (HUD) on page 5-29*.

C. Turn and Lane-Change Lever. See *Turn and Lane-Change Signals on page 6-5*.

Cruise Control on page 9-41.

Fog Lamps on page 6-5.

Exterior Lamp Controls on page 6-1.

D. Manual Shift Paddles (If Equipped). See *Automatic Transmission on page 9-24*.

E. *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

F. *Instrument Cluster on page 5-9*.

G. *Windshield Wiper/Washer on page 5-4*.

H. Driver Information Center (DIC) Buttons. See *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

I. *Hazard Warning Flashers on page 6-4*.

J. *Infotainment on page 7-1*.

K. *Dual Automatic Climate Control System on page 8-1*.

L. Fuel Door Release Button. See *Filling the Tank on page 9-47*.

Hatch/Trunk Release Button. See “Hatch/Trunk Release” under *Hatch on page 2-10*.

M. *Instrument Panel Illumination Control on page 6-6*.

N. Convertible Top Switch (If Equipped). See *Convertible Top on page 2-21*.

O. Data Link Connector (DLC) (Out of View). See *Malfunction Indicator Lamp on page 5-18*.

P. Bluetooth Controls (If Equipped). See *Bluetooth on page 7-17*.

Steering Wheel Controls on page 5-3 (If Equipped).

Q. *Steering Wheel Adjustment on page 5-2*.

R. *Horn on page 5-4*.

S. Telescopic Steering Column Control (If Equipped). See *Steering Wheel Adjustment on page 5-2*.

T. Keyless Ignition. See *Ignition Positions on page 9-17*.

U. *Heated Front Seats on page 3-6* (If Equipped).

V. Shift Lever (Automatic Shown). See *Automatic Transmission on page 9-24* or *Manual Transmission on page 9-29*.

W. *Active Handling System on page 9-34*.

X. *Power Outlets on page 5-6*.

Y. *Selective Ride Control on page 9-39* (If Equipped).

Z. *Parking Brake on page 9-32*.

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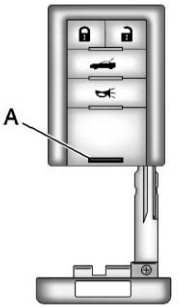
Initial Drive Information

This section provides a brief overview about some of the important features that may or may not be on your specific vehicle.

For more detailed information, refer to each of the features which can be found later in this owner manual.

Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System

The RKE transmitter is used to lock and unlock the doors from up to 30 m (100 ft) away from the vehicle.



Press the button (A) to remove the key. The key can be used to lock and unlock the glove box and to open the hatch/trunk lid if power to the vehicle is lost. See *Hatch on page 2-10* for more information.

: Press to unlock the driver door. Press again within five seconds to unlock both doors.

: Press to lock all doors.

: Press and hold for approximately one second to open the hatch/trunk.

: Press to sound the horn. Press any other button on the RKE transmitter to stop it.

See *Keys on page 2-1* and *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

Door Locks

From the outside, press or on the Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitter.

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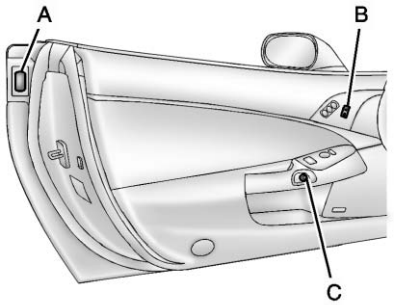


A. Door Handle Sensor

B. Power Door Lock Switch

C. Door Latch Button

With the RKE transmitter within range, grip the door handle sensor (A). See *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

From the inside, use the power door lock switch (B).

: Press to lock the doors.

: Press to unlock the doors.

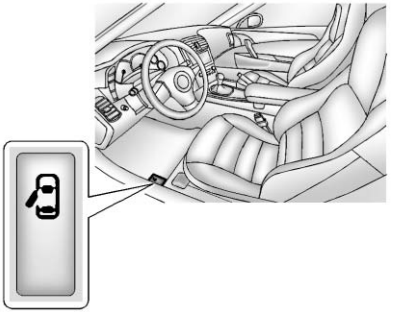
To open a door from the inside, push the door latch button (C). A tone will sound when the button is pushed.

See *Power Door Locks on page 2-8*.

Loss of Vehicle Electrical Power

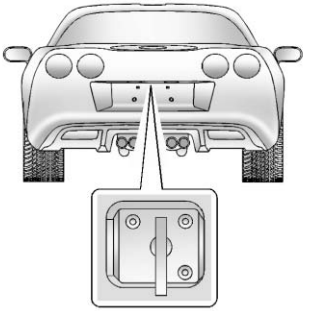
If the vehicle has lost battery power, the driver door can be opened manually.

Inside the Vehicle



Pull the door release handle.

Outside the Vehicle



Use the key to open the hatch/trunk. See *Keys on page 2-1*.

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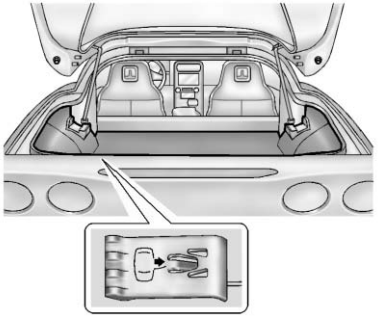


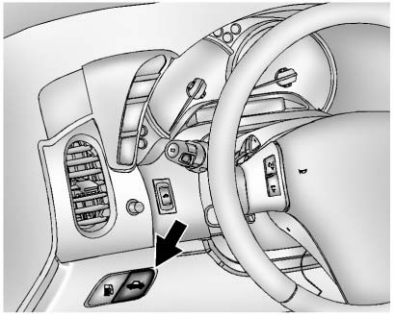
Then, pull the manual door release handle.

Trunk Release

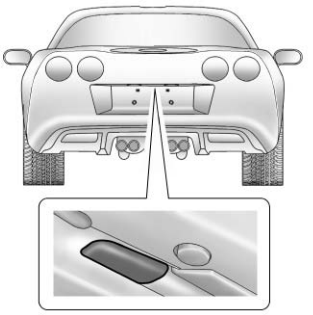
The vehicle must be in P (Park) with an automatic transmission and Neutral with a manual transmission.

For manual transmission vehicles, the parking brake must be set when the engine is running for the hatch/trunk release to operate. See *Parking Brake on page 9-32*.

To release the hatch/trunk:



- Press .
- Press on the keyless entry transmitter. See *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System on page 2-2*.



- Press the hatch/trunk release touch pad with the keyless entry transmitter within range. See *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System on page 2-2*.

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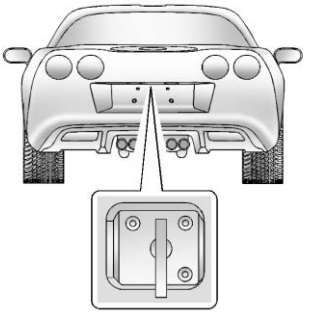
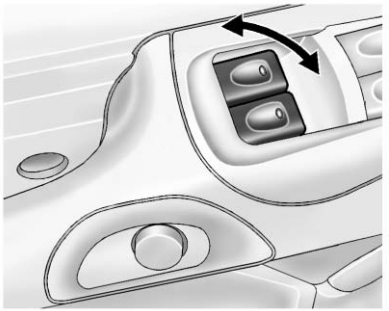


- Use the vehicle key. See *Keys on page 2-1*.

See *Hatch on page 2-10*.

Windows



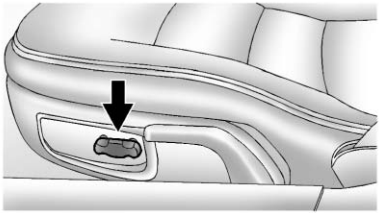
The power window switches are located on each door.

Pull up or press down on the front of the switch to raise or lower the window. See *Power Windows on page 2-16*.

Retained Accessory Power (RAP) allows the power windows to operate when the ignition is off. See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP) on page 9-21*.

Seat Adjustment

Power Seats



To adjust a power seat:

- Move the seat forward or rearward by sliding the control forward or rearward.
- Raise or lower the front or rear part of the seat cushion by moving the front or rear of the control up or down.

See *Power Seat Adjustment on page 3-2*.

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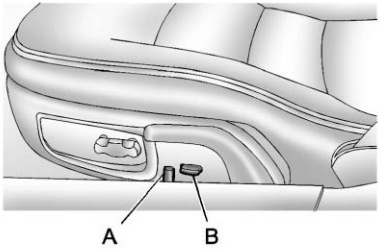
Power Lumbar and Side Bolsters



A. Lumbar Support Control

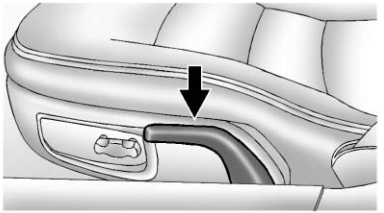
B. Side Bolster Support Control

To adjust the support, if equipped:

- Move control (A) forward or rearward to adjust lumbar support.
- Move control (B) up or down to adjust the side bolsters.

See *Lumbar Adjustment on page 3-2*.

Reclining Seatbacks

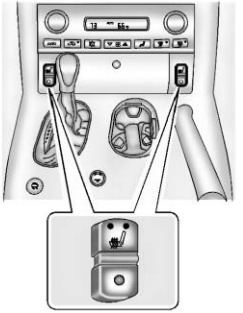


To recline a manual seatback:

1. Lift the lever on the outboard side of the seat.
2. Move the seatback to the desired position, and then release the lever to lock the seatback in place.
3. Push and pull on the seatback to make sure it is locked.

See *Reclining Seatbacks on page 3-3*.

Heated Seats



If available, the buttons are on the instrument panel. The ignition must be on for this feature to work.

: Press to turn on the heated seat at the high setting.

Press again to switch to the low setting.

: Press to turn the system off.

See *Heated Front Seats on page 3-6*.

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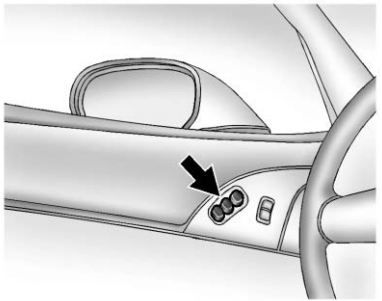
Memory Features



On vehicles with the memory feature, the controls on the driver door are used to program and recall memory settings for the driver seat, outside mirrors, and the telescopic steering column.

Storing Memory Positions

To save into memory:

1. Adjust the driver seat, both outside mirrors, and the telescopic steering column.
2. Press and hold “1” until two beeps sound.
3. Repeat for a second driver position using “2.”

To recall:

- On vehicles with an automatic transmission, press and release “1” or “2.”

  If the vehicle is in P (Park), a single beep sounds and the memory position is recalled after a brief delay.

  If the vehicle is not in P (Park), three beeps sound and the memory position is not recalled.
- On vehicles with a manual transmission, when the vehicle is on, the parking brake must be set to recall a memory position. Press and release “1” or “2.”

  A single beep sounds and the memory position is recalled after a brief delay.

  If the vehicle is on and the parking brake is not set, three beeps sound and the memory position is not recalled.

See *Memory Seats on page 3-4*.

Easy Exit Driver Seat

This feature can move the seat rearward and the telescopic steering column out of the way to allow extra room to exit the vehicle.

: Press to save and recall the easy exit seat position.

To save into memory:

1. Recall the desired driving position by pressing “1.”
2. Adjust the seat and the telescopic steering column to the desired exit position.
3. Press and hold until two beeps sound.
4. Repeat for a second driver position using “2.”

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To recall, press and release . The vehicle must be in P (Park) for an automatic transmission or the parking brake must be set for a manual transmission. A single beep sounds. The seat and telescopic steering column will move to the position previously stored for the identified driver.

See *Memory Seats on page 3-4*.

Safety Belts

Refer to the following sections for important information on how to use safety belts properly.

- *Safety Belts on page 3-7*.
- *How to Wear Safety Belts Properly on page 3-9*.
- *Lap-Shoulder Belt on page 3-10*.
- *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Z06 and ZR1 Models Only) on page 3-33* or *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Coupe and Convertible Models Only) on page 3-32*.

Passenger Sensing System

The passenger sensing system turns off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag under certain conditions. No other airbag is affected by the passenger sensing system.

United States

Canada and Mexico

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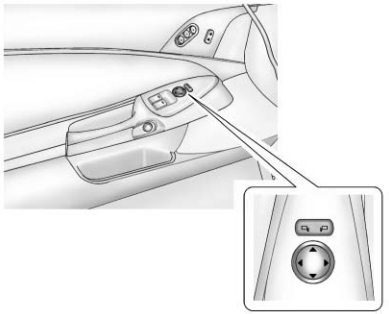
The passenger airbag status indicator will be visible in the rearview mirror when the vehicle is started.

See *Passenger Sensing System on page 3-20* and *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator on page 5-17*.

Mirror Adjustment

Exterior Mirrors



To adjust mirrors:

1. Press ▭◂ or ▸▭ to select a mirror.
2. Press the control pad to adjust the mirror.
3. Return the switch to the center to deselect the mirror.

See *Power Mirrors on page 2-15*.

If the vehicle has the memory feature, a preferred mirror position can be stored. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4*.

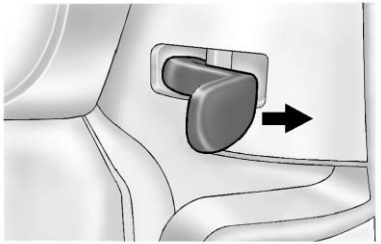
To fold, pull the mirror toward the vehicle. Push the mirror outward, to return it to the original position.

Interior Mirror

An automatic dimming rearview mirror will automatically reduce headlamp glare coming from vehicles that are traveling behind you.

See *Automatic Dimming Rearview Mirror on page 2-15*.

Steering Wheel Adjustment



The lever is on the left side of the steering column.

To adjust the steering wheel:

1. Pull the lever toward you.
2. Move the steering wheel up or down.
3. Release the lever to lock the steering wheel in place.

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Telescopic Steering Column

For vehicles with this feature, the telescopic steering column control is on the right side of the steering column.

To adjust the telescopic steering column:

1. Push the switch forward to move the wheel away from you.
2. Pull the switch toward you to move the wheel closer to you.

The telescopic steering column position can be stored with your memory settings. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4*.

Interior Lighting

Courtesy Lamps

When any door or the hatch/trunk lid is opened, the interior lamps will go on, unless it is bright outside.

The courtesy lamps can also be turned on and off by pressing the instrument panel brightness knob.

Reading Lamps

The inside rearview mirror includes two reading lamps. The lamps go on when a door is opened. When the doors are closed, press the lamp buttons to turn on each lamp.

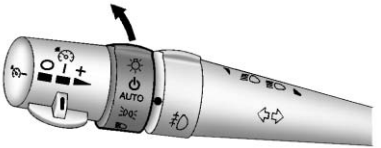
Interior Light Control

The knob for this feature is located on the left side of the instrument panel. Push the knob in to turn the interior lights on. Turn and hold the knob clockwise to brighten the lights or counterclockwise to dim them.

For more information on interior lighting, see:

- *Instrument Panel Illumination Control on page 6-6*.
- *Entry/Exit Lighting on page 6-7*.

Exterior Lighting



Exterior Lamps

The exterior lamp control is located to the left of the steering wheel, on the multifunction lever.

: Turn the band with this symbol on it to operate the exterior lamps.

: Turns off all lamps.

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AUTO: Sets the exterior lamps to automatic mode. AUTO mode turns the exterior lamps on and off depending on how much light is available outside the vehicle.

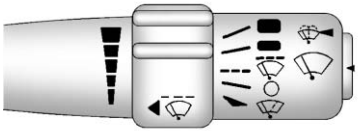
: Turns on the parking lamps together with the sidemarker lamps, taillamps, license plate lamps, and instrument panel lights.

: Turns on the headlamps together with the parking lamps, sidemarker lamps, taillamps, license plate lamps, and instrument panel lights.

For more information, see:

- *Exterior Lamp Controls on page 6-1*.
- *Turn and Lane-Change Signals on page 6-5*.

Windshield Wiper/Washer



The windshield wiper/washer lever is located on the right side of the steering column.

: Use for fast wipes.

: Use for slow wipes.

: Use to set a delay between wipes.

: Use for a delayed wiping cycle. Turn the intermittent adjust band down for a longer delay or up for a shorter delay.

: Use to turn off the windshield wipers.

: Use for a for a single wiping cycle. For more wipes, hold the band longer.

Windshield Washer: Press and hold the button at the end of the lever to spray washer fluid on the windshield.

See *Windshield Wiper/Washer on page 5-4*.

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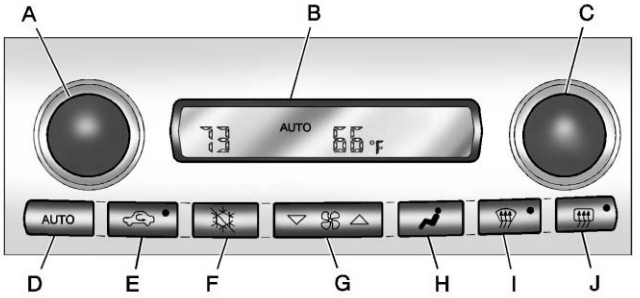
Climate Controls

With this system, the heating, cooling, and ventilation can be controlled.



A. Driver Temperature Control
B. Display
C. Passenger Temperature Control
D. AUTO
E. Air Recirculation
F. Air Conditioning
G. Fan Control
H. Air Delivery Mode Control
I. Defrost
J. Rear Window Defogger

See *Dual Automatic Climate Control System on page 8-1*.

Transmission

Manual Paddle Shift (Automatic Transmission)

The Manual Paddle Shift system can be used in D (Drive) or S (Sport Mode). The system is activated by pushing the paddle, above the steering wheel spokes, to manually up-shift to the next gear, or pulling on the paddle, behind the steering wheel spokes to manually down-shift. The current gear will be displayed in the Driver Information

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(DIC), or the Head-Up Display (HUD), if the vehicle has either of these features.

The Manual Paddle Shift system can be deactivated by moving the shift lever from S (Sport Mode) back to D (Drive), or by holding the up-shift paddle for more than one second. If the shift lever was in D (Drive) when the system was activated, the transmission will return to automatic shifting after 10 seconds of cruising at a steady speed and no manual shifts, or when the vehicle comes to a stop.

The Manual Paddle Shift system will not allow either an up-shift or a down-shift, if the vehicle speed is too fast or too slow, nor will it allow a start from 4 (Fourth) or higher gear.

See *Manual Mode on page 9-26*.

One to Four Shift Light (Manual Transmission)

On vehicles with a manual transmission, when this light comes on, you can only shift from 1 (First) to 4 (Fourth) instead of 1 (First) to 2 (Second).

For more information about shifting for the best fuel economy, see *Manual Transmission on page 9-29*.

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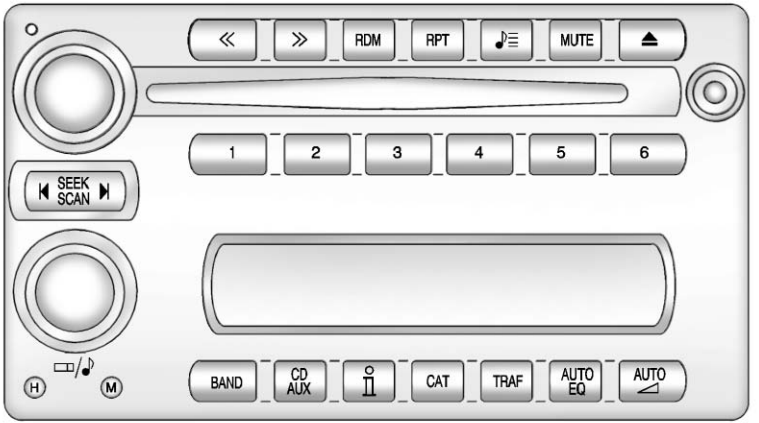
Vehicle Features

Radio(s)



Top Knob: Press to turn the system on and off. Turn to increase or decrease the volume.

BAND: Press to switch between FM1, FM2, AM, and if equipped, XM1 and XM2.

/ : Turn to select radio stations.

SEEK : Press to seek stations.

SCAN : Press and hold to scan stations.

: Press to change the information that shows on the display while listening to the radio.

For more information about these and other radio features, see *Infotainment on page 7-1* and *Operation on page 7-4*.

Setting Preset Stations

Up to 30 stations (six FM1, six FM2, and six AM, and if equipped, six XM1, and six XM2) can be programmed.

To program presets:

1. Turn the radio on.
2. Press BAND to select FM1, FM2, AM, XM1, or XM2.
3. Tune in the desired station.
4. Press AUTO EQ to select the equalization.

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5. Press and hold one of the six numbered pushbuttons until the radio beeps once.
6. Repeat the steps for each pushbutton.

See *Operation on page 7-4*.

Setting the Clock

To set the clock:

1. Press and hold H until the correct hour displays.
2. Press and hold M until the correct minute displays.

See *Clock on page 5-6*.

Satellite Radio

SiriusXM is a satellite radio service based in the 48 contiguous United States and 10 Canadian provinces. SiriusXM satellite radio has a wide variety of programming and commercial-free music, coast to coast, and in digital-quality sound.

A fee is required to receive the SiriusXM service.

For more information, refer to:

- www.siriusxm.com or call 1-800-929-2100 (U.S.)
- www.xmradio.ca or call 1-877-438-9677 (Canada)

See *Satellite Radio on page 7-8*.

Portable Audio Devices

The vehicle has an auxiliary input jack located on the right side of the faceplate. External devices such as iPod®, MP3 players, etc. can be connected to the auxiliary input jack using a 3.5 mm (1/8 in) input jack cable. This is not an audio output; do not plug a headphone set into the auxiliary input jack. See *Auxiliary Devices on page 7-16*.

Bluetooth®

For vehicles with a Bluetooth system, it allows users with a Bluetooth-enabled cell phone to make and receive hands-free calls using the vehicle's audio system and controls.

The Bluetooth-enabled cell phone must be paired with the Bluetooth system before it can be used in the vehicle. Not all phones will support all functions. For more information, visit www.gm.com/bluetooth.

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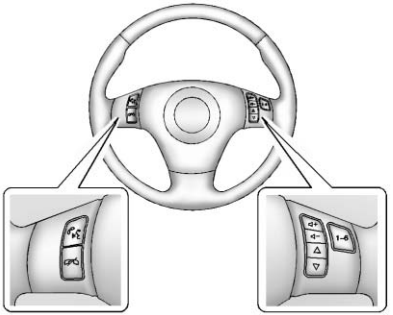
For more information, see *Bluetooth on page 7-17*.

Steering Wheel Controls



For vehicles with steering wheel controls, some audio controls can be adjusted at the steering wheel.

: Press to turn on and off the vehicle speakers. Press and hold longer than two seconds to interact with the OnStar® or Bluetooth systems.

: Press to reject an incoming call, or to end a call.

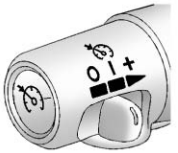
+ / −: Press to Increase or decrease volume.

/ : Press to change radio stations or select tracks on a CD.

1 to 6: Press to play stations that are programmed on the radio preset pushbuttons.

For more information, see *Steering Wheel Controls on page 5-3*.

Cruise Control



The cruise controls are located at the end of the multifunction lever.

: Turns the system off.

: Turns the system on.

: Makes the vehicle accelerate or resume a previously set speed.

: Press the button at the end of the lever to set the speed.

See *Cruise Control on page 9-41*.

Navigation System

If the vehicle has a navigation system, there is a separate navigation manual that includes information on the radio, audio players, and navigation system.

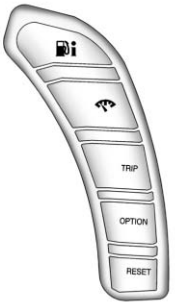
The navigation system provides detailed maps of most major freeways and roads. After a destination has been set, the system provides turn-by-turn instructions for reaching the destination. In addition, the system can help locate a variety of points of interest (POIs), such as banks, airports, restaurants, and more.

See the navigation manual for more information.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Driver Information Center (DIC)

The DIC displays on the instrument cluster. It shows the status of many vehicle systems and enables access to the personalization menu.



The DIC buttons are located on the instrument panel to the right of the instrument panel cluster.

: Press to display fuel information such as fuel economy and range.

: Press to display gauge information like oil pressure and temperature, coolant temperature, automatic transmission fluid temperature (if equipped), battery voltage, and front/rear tire pressures.

TRIP: Press to display your total and trip distance driven, the elapsed time function, your average speed, and the engine oil life.

OPTION: Press to choose personal options that are available on your vehicle, depending on the options your vehicle is equipped with, such as door locks, easy entry seats, and language.

RESET: Press, along with the other buttons, to reset system functions, select personal options, and turn off or acknowledge messages on the DIC.

For more information, see *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

Vehicle Personalization

Some vehicle features can be programmed by using the DIC buttons located to the right of the instrument panel cluster. The features that can be programmed include:

- Units
- Memory Features
- Lighting Features
- Lock and Unlock Feedback
- Door Lock and Unlock Settings
- Language
- Personalization Name

See *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

Information Provided by:
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Power Outlets

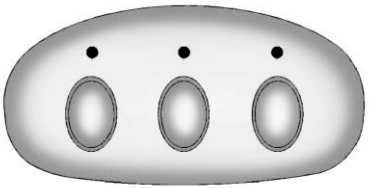
The accessory power outlet can be used to plug in electrical equipment, such as a cell phone or MP3 player.

The accessory power outlet is located inside the center console storage compartment, on the forward left side.

Remove the cover to access and replace when not in use.

See *Power Outlets on page 5-6*.

Universal Remote System



This system provides a way to replace up to three remote control transmitters used to activate devices such as garage door openers, security systems, and home automation devices.

Read the instructions completely before attempting to program the Universal Remote system. Because of the steps involved, it may be helpful to have another person available to assist you with programming the Universal Remote system.

See *Universal Remote System on page 5-60*.

Roof Panel

On vehicles with a removable roof panel, there are three release latches. Two are located on the front of the roof panel and the other is located on the back of the roof panel. See “Removing the Roof Panel” under *Roof Panel on page 2-18*.

Until you are sure you can remove the roof panel by yourself, have someone help you. Once removed, the roof panel should always be stored properly in the rear storage compartment.

For more information:

- See “Storing the Roof Panel” under *Roof Panel on page 2-18*.
- See “Installing the Roof Panel” under *Roof Panel on page 2-18*.

Information Provided by:
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Convertible

If equipped, the convertible top can be lowered and stowed under the tonneau cover behind the rear seat. For step-by-step instructions, see *Convertible Top on page 2-21*.

Performance and Maintenance

Traction Control System (TCS)

The traction control system limits wheel spin. The system turns on automatically every time the vehicle is started.

- To turn off traction control, press and release the Active Handling button located on the center console. illuminates and the appropriate DIC message displays. See *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42*.
- Press and release the active handling button again to turn on traction control.

See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33*.

The vehicle has an Active Handling System that helps maintain directional control of the vehicle in difficult driving conditions. See *Active Handling System on page 9-34*.

The vehicle may have Competitive Driving Mode (except Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1), Performance Traction Management (Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1), and Launch Control systems designed to allow increased performance while accelerating and cornering. See *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35*.

Tire Pressure Monitor

This vehicle may have a Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS).

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The TPMS warning light alerts to a significant loss in pressure of one of the vehicle's tires. If the warning light comes on, stop as soon as possible and inflate the tires to the recommended pressure shown on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*. The warning light will remain on until the tire pressure is corrected.

During cooler conditions, the low tire pressure warning light may appear when the vehicle is first started and then turn off. This may be an early indicator that the tire pressures are getting low and the tires need to be inflated to the proper pressure.

The TPMS does not replace normal monthly tire maintenance. Maintain the correct tire pressures.

See *Tire Pressure Monitor System on page 10-62*.

Performance Information (Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)

Checking Engine Oil

This vehicle has a high performance dry sump lubrication system. This system operates differently than a standard engine lubrication system. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

You should check the oil level only after the engine has been thoroughly warmed up and then shut off for at least five minutes. This ensures that the oil level reading obtained will be accurate.

Jump Starting the Battery

The battery is in the rear of the vehicle. You do not need to access the battery for jump starting. There are remote positive (+) and negative (−) terminals under the hood for this purpose. See *Battery on page 10-37* and *Jump Starting on page 10-75*.

Brake Noise

Under certain weather or operating conditions, occasional brake noise might be heard with the vehicle's performance braking system. This brake system is designed for superior fade resistance and consistent operation using high performance brake pads. Brake noise is normal and does not affect system performance. See *Braking on page 9-3*.

Car Wash Guidelines

Automatic car washes are not recommended for this vehicle. Some car washes cause damage to the vehicle, the wheels, and the convertible top, if the vehicle is so equipped.

If you drive the vehicle through an automatic car wash that does not have enough clearance for the undercarriage and/or wide rear tires and wheels, you could damage the vehicle. Verify with the manager of the car wash that the vehicle will fit before entering the car wash or use

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a touchless car wash. See “Washing Your Vehicle” under *Exterior Care on page 10-79*.

Engine Oil Life System

The engine oil life system calculates engine oil life based on vehicle use and displays a DIC message when it is necessary to change the engine oil and filter. The oil life system should be reset to 100% only following an oil change.

Resetting the Oil Life System

1. Press the TRIP button so the OIL LIFE percentage is displayed.
2. Press RESET and hold for two seconds. OIL LIFE REMAINING 100% will appear.

See *Engine Oil Life System on page 10-19*.

Driving for Better Fuel Economy

Driving habits can affect fuel mileage. Here are some driving tips to get the best fuel economy possible.

- Avoid fast starts and accelerate smoothly.
- Brake gradually and avoid abrupt stops.
- Avoid idling the engine for long periods of time.
- When road and weather conditions are appropriate, use cruise control, if equipped.
- Always follow posted speed limits or drive more slowly when conditions require.
- Keep vehicle tires properly inflated.
- Combine several trips into a single trip.
- Replace the vehicle's tires with the same TPC Spec number molded into the tire's sidewall near the size.
- Follow recommended scheduled maintenance.

Premium Fuel

This vehicle's engine was designed to use premium unleaded gasoline. See *Recommended Fuel on page 9-44*.

Battery

This vehicle has a maintenance free battery. See *Battery on page 10-37* and *Jump Starting on page 10-75*.

For Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible models, the battery is located in the rear hatch/trunk area. Access to the battery is not necessary to jump start the vehicle. There are positive (+) and negative (−) terminals in the engine compartment.

Information Provided by:
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Roadside Assistance Program

U.S.: 1-800-243-8872

TTY Users (U.S. Only): 1-888-889-2438

Canada: 1-800-268-6800

Mexico: 01-800-466-0800

As the owner of a new Chevrolet, you are automatically enrolled in the Roadside Assistance program.

See *Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico) on page 13-7* or *Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-11*.

Roadside Assistance and OnStar (U.S. and Canada)

If the vehicle has an active OnStar subscription, contact OnStar and the vehicle's current GPS location will be sent to an OnStar advisor to assess the situation, contact Roadside Assistance, and relay the exact location to send help.

OnStar®

If equipped, this vehicle has a comprehensive, in-vehicle system that can connect to a live Advisor for Emergency, Security, Navigation, Connection, and Diagnostic Services. See *OnStar Overview on page 14-1*.

Website Information

An online owner manual, owner videos, and additional ownership information is available at http://www.chevrolet.com/owners/chevy-manuals/.

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Keys, Doors, and Windows

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Keys and Locks

Keys

⚠ WARNING

Leaving children in a vehicle with a Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitter is dangerous and children or others could be seriously injured or killed. They could operate the power windows or other controls or make the vehicle move. The windows will function with the RKE transmitter in the vehicle, and children or others could be caught in the path of a closing window. Do not leave children in a vehicle with an RKE transmitter.

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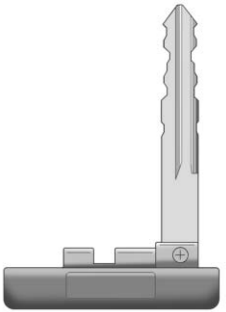
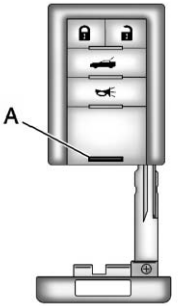


The key located inside the RKE transmitter can be used to lock and unlock the glove box and to open the hatch/trunk lid if power to the vehicle is lost. See *Hatch on page 2-10* for more information.



Press the button (A) near the bottom of the RKE transmitter to remove the key. Never pull the key out without pressing the button.

This vehicle has a keyless access system with pushbutton start. See *Ignition Positions on page 9-17* for information on starting the vehicle.

If it becomes difficult to turn the key, inspect the key blade for debris.

If locked out of the vehicle, contact Roadside Assistance. See *Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico) on page 13-7* or *Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-11*.

With an active OnStar subscription, an OnStar Advisor may remotely unlock the vehicle. See *OnStar Overview on page 14-1*.

Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System

See *Radio Frequency Statement on page 13-20* for information regarding Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and Industry Canada Standards RSS-GEN/210/220/310.

If there is a decrease in the RKE operating range:

- Check the distance. The transmitter may be too far from the vehicle.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

- Check the location. Other vehicles or objects may be blocking the signal.
- Check the transmitter's battery. See “Battery Replacement” later in this section.
- If the transmitter is still not working correctly, see your dealer or a qualified technician for service.

Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation

The Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitter functions work up to 30 m (100 ft) away from the vehicle.

There are other conditions that can affect the performance of the transmitter. See *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System on page 2-2*.

The vehicle comes with two transmitters. Each transmitter will have a number on top of it, “1” or “2.” These numbers correspond to the driver of the vehicle. For example, the memory seat position for driver 1 will be recalled when using the transmitter labeled “1,” if enabled through the DIC. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4* and *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52* for more information.

Keyless Unlocking

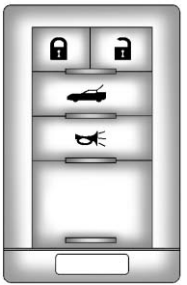
Press the door handle sensor to unlock and open the doors if the RKE transmitter is within range. See *Door Locks on page 2-6* and “Passive Door Unlock” under *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52* for additional information.

Keyless Locking

The doors lock after several seconds if all doors are closed and at least one RKE transmitter has been removed from the interior of the vehicle. To customize whether the doors automatically lock when exiting the vehicle, see “Passive Door Locking” under *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52* for additional information.

Keyless Trunk Opening

Press the hatch/trunk release button located on the rear of the hatch/trunk lid above the license plate to open the trunk if the RKE transmitter is within range. See *Hatch on page 2-10* for additional information.



This vehicle comes with two transmitters.

(Lock): Press once to lock the doors. When is pressed twice, the lights flash and the horn sounds to confirm locking.

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(Unlock): Press once to unlock only the driver door. Press twice within five seconds to unlock both doors. The interior lamps may come on.

Pressing also recalls the memory settings. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4* for more information.

(Hatch/Trunk): Press and hold for about one second to unlock the hatch/trunk. If the engine is running, the shift lever must be in P (Park) for an automatic transmission. For a manual transmission, the shift lever must be in N (Neutral) with the parking brake set.

(Panic): Press to sound the horn. Press any other button on the RKE transmitter to stop it.

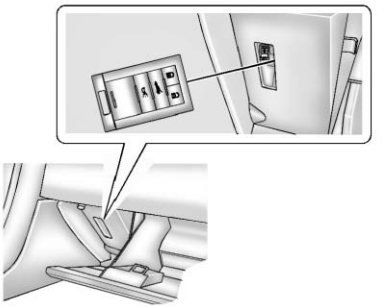
Programming Transmitters to the Vehicle

Only RKE transmitters programmed to this vehicle will work. If a transmitter is lost or stolen, a replacement can be purchased and programmed through your dealer. The vehicle can be reprogrammed so that lost or stolen transmitters no longer work. Each vehicle can have up to four transmitters programmed to it.

Programming with a Recognized Transmitter

A new transmitter can be programmed to the vehicle when there is one recognized transmitter. For vehicles sold in Canada, two recognized transmitters are required to program a new transmitter.

1. The vehicle must be off.
2. Both the recognized and new transmitters must be with you.
3. Insert the vehicle key into the key cylinder located above the license plate.
4. Open the hatch/trunk.
5. Turn the key five times within five seconds.
6. The DIC displays READY FOR FOB #2, 3 or 4.



7. Place the new transmitter in the glove box transmitter pocket with the buttons facing the passenger side.
8. A beep sounds when programming is complete. The DIC displays READY FOR #3 or 4, or MAXIMUM NUMBER OF FOBS LEARNED.

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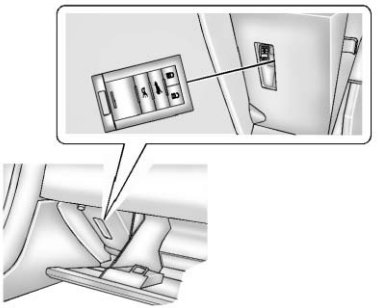
9. To program additional transmitters, repeat Step 7. Press Acc. on the ignition switch if programming is complete.
10. Press on each newly programmed transmitter to complete the process.

Programming without a Recognized Transmitter

This procedure requires three 10-minute cycles to complete the programming process. United States owners are permitted to program a new transmitter to their vehicle when a recognized transmitter is not available. The Canadian immobilizer standard requires that Canadian owners see their dealer for programming new transmitters when two recognized transmitters are not available.

1. The vehicle must be off.



2. Place the new transmitter in the glove box transmitter pocket with the buttons facing the passenger side.
3. Insert the vehicle key into the key cylinder located above the license plate.
4. Open the hatch/trunk.
5. Turn the key five times within five seconds.
6. The DIC message displays OFF-ACCESSORY TO LEARN.
7. Press Acc. on the ignition switch.
8. The DIC reads WAIT 10 MINUTES and counts down to zero.
9. The DIC displays OFF-ACCESSORY TO LEARN again.
10. Press Acc. on the ignition switch.
11. Steps 8, 9, and 10 will be repeated two more times.
12. A beep sounds and the DIC reads READY FOR FOB #1. All previously known transmitter programming has been erased.
13. A beep sounds once programming in complete. The DIC displays READY FOR FOB #2.

    To program additional transmitters, take transmitter 1 out of the transmitter pocket and place transmitter 2 in the pocket. Up to four transmitters can be programmed. The DIC then displays MAXIMUM

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NUMBER OF FOBS LEARNED and exits the programming mode.

Press Acc. on the ignition switch to complete the process.

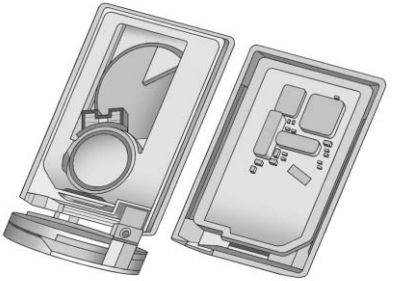
14. Press Acc. on the ignition switch if programming is complete.
15. Press on each newly programmed transmitter to complete the process.

Starting the Vehicle with a Low Transmitter Battery

If the transmitter battery is weak, the DIC may display NO FOBS DETECTED when trying to start the vehicle. To start the vehicle, place the transmitter in the glove box transmitter pocket with the buttons facing the passenger side. Then, with the vehicle in P (Park) for an automatic transmission, press the brake pedal and . If the vehicle has a manual transmission, press the clutch and . Replace the transmitter battery as soon as possible. Change the transmitter battery if the DIC displays FOB BATTERY LOW.

Battery Replacement

Notice: **When replacing the battery, do not touch any of the circuitry on the transmitter. Static from your body could damage the transmitter.**



1. Separate the transmitter with a flat, thin object inserted into the slot on the side of the transmitter.
2. Remove the old battery. Do not use a metal object.
3. Insert the new battery, positive side facing down. Replace with a CR2032 or equivalent battery.
4. Reassemble the transmitter.

Door Locks

⚠ WARNING

Unlocked doors can be dangerous.

- Passengers — especially children — can easily open the doors and fall out of a moving vehicle. When a door is locked it will not open. You increase the chance of being thrown out of the vehicle in a crash if the doors are not locked. So, wear safety belts properly and lock the doors whenever you drive.

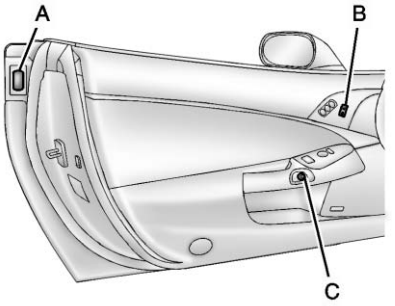
(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

- Young children who get into unlocked vehicles may be unable to get out. A child can be overcome by extreme heat and can suffer permanent injuries or even death from heat stroke. Always lock your vehicle whenever you leave it.
- Outsiders can easily enter through an unlocked door when you slow down or stop your vehicle. Locking your doors can help prevent this from happening.

From the outside, press or on the Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitter.



A. Door Handle Sensor

B. Power Door Lock Switch

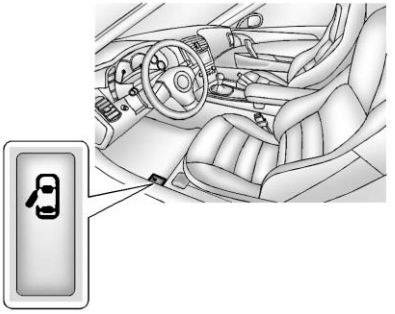
C. Door Latch Button

With the RKE transmitter within range, grip the door handle sensor (A). See *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*. When the passenger door is opened first, the driver door will also unlock.

From the inside, use the power door lock switch (B). See *Power Door Locks on page 2-8*.

To open a door from the inside, push the door latch button (C). A tone will sound when the button is pushed.

If the vehicle has lost battery power, the driver door can be opened manually.



- From inside the vehicle, pull the door release handle.

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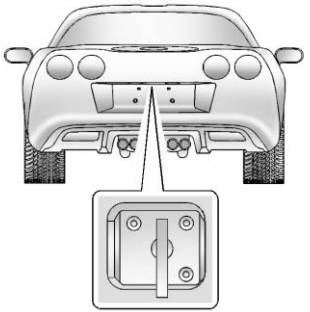
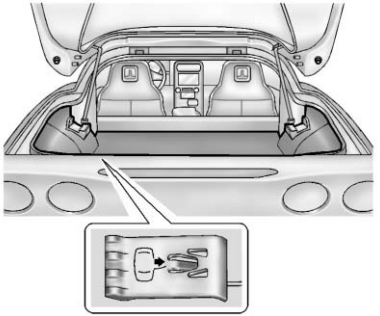
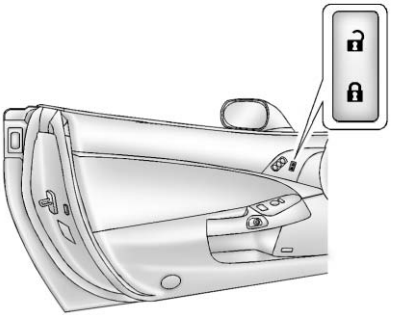


- From outside the vehicle, use the key to open the hatch/trunk. See *Keys on page 2-1*.



Then, pull the manual door release handle.

Power Door Locks



There is an indicator light on the rear of the door near the window.

(Unlock): Press to unlock the doors.

When pressed, a beep sounds. If the door is closed, the indicator light flashes twice. If the door is open, the indicator light flashes.

(Lock): Press to lock the doors.

When pressed, a beep sounds. If the door is closed when pressed, the indicator light comes on for a

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few seconds, then turns off. If the door is open when pressed, the indicator light stays on.

Automatic Door Locks

The vehicle is programmed so that when the doors are closed, the ignition is on, and the shift lever is moved out of P (Park) for automatic transmissions, or when vehicle speed becomes faster than 13 km/h (8 mph) for manual transmissions, both doors will lock.

Use the power door unlock switch to unlock the door when the vehicle is not in P (Park). When the door is closed again, the doors will lock either when your foot is removed from the brake or the vehicle speed becomes faster than 13 km/h (8 mph).

Automatic Door Unlock

The vehicle is programmed so that when the shift lever is moved into P (Park) for automatic transmission vehicles or when the ignition is turned off or is in Retained Accessory Power (RAP) for manual transmission vehicles, both doors will unlock.

With the vehicle stopped and the engine running, door unlocking can be programmed through the Driver Information Center (DIC). This allows the driver to choose various unlock settings. For programming information, see *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

Lockout Protection

Your vehicle can be programmed to sound the horn three times and unlock the driver door when both doors are closed and there is a keyless access transmitter inside the vehicle. When the driver door is opened, a reminder chime will sound continuously. The vehicle will remain locked only when at least one transmitter has been removed from the vehicle and both doors are closed. See *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

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Doors

Hatch

⚠ WARNING

Exhaust gases can enter the vehicle if it is driven with the liftgate, trunk/hatch open, or with any objects that pass through the seal between the body and the trunk/hatch or liftgate. Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide (CO) which cannot be seen or smelled. It can cause unconsciousness and even death.

If the vehicle must be driven with the liftgate or trunk/hatch open:

- Close all of the windows.
- Fully open the air outlets on or under the instrument panel.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

- Adjust the climate control system to a setting that brings in only outside air and set the fan speed to the highest setting. See “Climate Control Systems” in the Index.
- If the vehicle is equipped with a power liftgate, disable the power liftgate function.

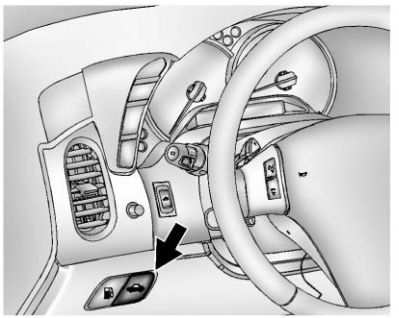
For more information about carbon monoxide, see *Engine Exhaust on page 9-23.*

Hatch/Trunk Release

The vehicle must be in P (Park) with an automatic transmission and Neutral with a manual transmission.

For manual transmission vehicles, the parking brake must be set when the engine is running for the hatch/trunk release to operate. See *Parking Brake on page 9-32*.

To release the hatch/trunk:



- Press .

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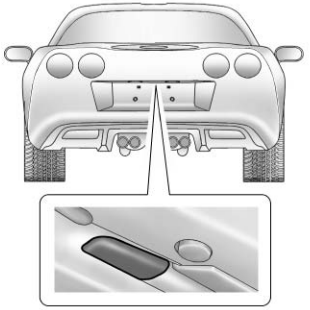
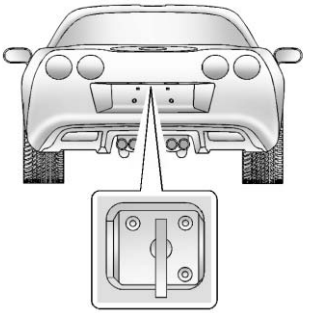
- Press on the keyless entry transmitter. See *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System on page 2-2*.



- Press the hatch/trunk release touch pad with the keyless entry transmitter within range.



- Use the vehicle key. See *Keys on page 2-1*.

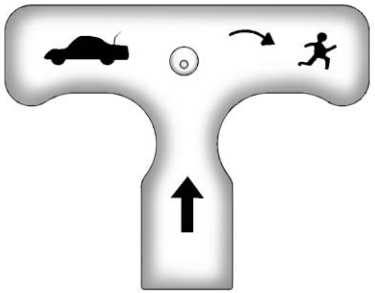
Hatch/Trunk Closing (Coupe)

Notice: **Closing the hatch/trunk forcefully or from the sides can cause damage to the glass, the defogger or the weather stripping. Be sure objects will fit in the hatch/trunk area before closing the hatch/trunk. When closing the hatch/trunk, gently pull down from the center.**

Notice: **Do not store heavy or sharp objects in the rear storage compartments located in the hatch/trunk area. The objects could damage the underbody.**

Pull down from the center of the hatch/trunk, closing it with light force until the power latch feature activates. The hatch/trunk will close the rest of the way and latch automatically.

Emergency Trunk Release Handle (Coupe)



Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Notice: **Do not use the emergency trunk release handle as a tie-down or anchor point when securing items in the trunk as it could damage the handle. The emergency trunk release handle is only intended to aid a person trapped in a latched trunk, enabling them to open the trunk from the inside.**

There is a glow-in-the-dark emergency trunk release handle located on the rear wall of the trunk below the latch. This handle will glow following exposure to light. Pull the release handle down to open the trunk from the inside.

Vehicle Security

This vehicle has theft-deterrent features; however, they do not make the vehicle impossible to steal.

Vehicle Alarm System

This vehicle has a theft-deterrent alarm system.

The security light flashes if a door is open and locked with the power door lock switch.

If this light stays on while the engine is running, the vehicle needs service.

Arming the System

To arm the system, press on the RKE transmitter, or open the door and lock the door with the power door lock switch. The security light should flash. Remove the RKE transmitter from inside the vehicle and close the door. The security light stops flashing and stays on. After 30 seconds, the light should turn off.

The vehicle can be programmed to automatically lock the doors and arm the theft-deterrent system when you exit the vehicle. See *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

If a door or the hatch/trunk is opened without using the RKE transmitter, the alarm goes off. The horn sounds for two minutes, then goes off to save battery power. The vehicle will not start without a RKE transmitter present.

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The theft-deterrent system does not arm if the driver door is locked with the power door lock switch after the doors are closed.

If the RKE transmitter is removed from the vehicle while a passenger is in it, have them lock the doors after they are closed. The alarm will not arm, so the passenger will not set it off.

Testing the Alarm

To test the system use the following procedure.

1. Make sure the trunk lid/hatch is latched.
2. Lower the window on the driver door.
3. Manually arm the system.
4. Close the doors and wait 30 seconds.
5. Reach through the open window and manually pull the release lever on the floor.
6. Press the unlock button on the transmitter to turn off the alarm.

If the alarm does not sound, check to see if the horn works. The horn fuse may be blown. See *Fuses and Circuit Breakers on page 10-45*. If the horn works, but the alarm does not go off, see your dealer.

Disarming the System

Press the unlock button on the RKE transmitter or squeeze the door handle sensor while the transmitter is near the vehicle to unlock a door. Unlocking a door any other way sets off the alarm. If the alarm sounds, press the unlock button on the RKE transmitter to disarm it.

Do not leave the key or device that disarms or deactivates the theft-deterrent system in the vehicle.

Immobilizer

See *Radio Frequency Statement on page 13-20* for information regarding Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and Industry Canada Standards RSS-GEN/210/220/310.

Immobilizer Operation

The vehicle has a passive theft-deterrent system.

The system is automatically armed when the ignition is turned off.

The immobilization system is disarmed when the ignition is turned to OFF/ACCESSORY or START and a valid transmitter is found in the vehicle.

You do not have to manually arm or disarm the system.

The security light comes on if there is a problem with arming or disarming the theft-deterrent system.

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The system has one or more RKE transmitters that are matched to an immobilizer control unit in the vehicle. Only a correctly matched RKE transmitter starts the vehicle. The vehicle may not start if the RKE transmitter is damaged.

If the engine does not start and the security light comes on, there may be a problem with the immobilizer system. Press the START button again.

If the vehicle does not start and the RKE transmitter appears to be undamaged, try another RKE transmitter. Or, place the transmitter in the transmitter pocket. See “NO FOBS DETECTED” under *Key and Lock Messages on page 5-40* for additional information. Check the fuse. See *Fuses and Circuit Breakers on page 10-45*. If the engine still does not start with the other transmitter, the vehicle needs service. If the engine does start, the first transmitter may be faulty. See your dealer or have a new RKE transmitter programmed to the vehicle.

The immobilizer system can learn new or replacement RKE transmitters. Up to four RKE transmitters can be programmed for the vehicle. To program additional transmitters, see “Matching transmitter(s) to Your Vehicle” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

Do not leave the key or device that disarms or deactivates the theft-deterrent system in the vehicle.

Exterior Mirrors

Convex Mirrors

⚠ WARNING

A convex mirror can make things, like other vehicles, look farther away than they really are. If you cut too sharply into the right lane, you could hit a vehicle on the right. Check the inside mirror or glance over your shoulder before changing lanes.

The passenger side mirror is convex shaped. A convex mirror's surface is curved so more can be seen from the driver seat.

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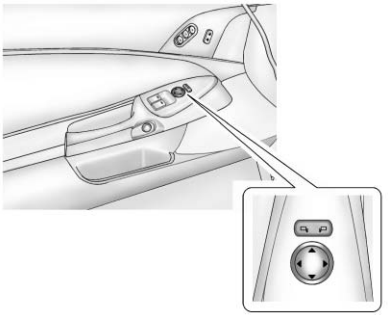
Power Mirrors



To adjust the mirrors:

1. Press ▭◂ or ▸▭ to select a mirror.
2. Press the control pad to adjust the mirror.
3. Return the switch to the center to deselect the mirror.

If the vehicle has the memory feature, a preferred mirror position can be stored. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4*.

Folding Mirrors

To fold, pull the mirror toward the vehicle. Push the mirror outward to return it to the original position.

Heated Mirrors

For vehicles with heated mirrors:

(Rear Window Defogger): Press to heat the mirrors.

See “Rear Window Defogger” under *Dual Automatic Climate Control System on page 8-1*.

Automatic Dimming Mirror

If the vehicle has this feature, the driver side outside mirror adjusts for the glare of headlamps behind you. This feature is controlled by the on and off setting on the inside rearview mirror.

Interior Mirrors

Automatic Dimming Rearview Mirror

An automatic dimming inside rearview mirror will automatically change to reduce glare from headlamps behind you. A time delay feature prevents rapid changing from the day to night positions while driving under lights and through traffic.

If the vehicle has OnStar®, there are additional control buttons located at the bottom of the mirror. See *OnStar Overview on page 14-1*.

(On/Off): The automatic dimming feature is activated when the vehicle is started. Press and hold this button for up to six seconds to turn this feature on or off.

(Indicator Light): This light turns on when the automatic dimming feature is active.

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Map Lamps

If the mirror has map lamps, they are located at the bottom of the mirror. To manually turn the lamps on or off, press the button next to each lamp.

Cleaning the Mirror

Do not spray glass cleaner directly on the mirror. Use a soft towel dampened with water.

Windows

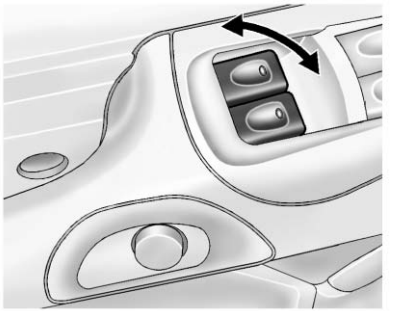
⚠ WARNING

Never leave a child, a helpless adult, or a pet alone in a vehicle, especially with the windows closed in warm or hot weather. They can be overcome by the extreme heat and suffer permanent injuries or even death from heat stroke.

Power Windows

⚠ WARNING

Children could be seriously injured or killed if caught in the path of a closing window. Never leave keys in a vehicle with children. See *Keys on page 2-1*.



Pull up or press down on the front of the switch to raise or lower the window.

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Retained Accessory Power (RAP) allows you to use the power windows when the ignition is off. For more information, see *Retained Accessory Power (RAP) on page 9-21*.

Express-Down Window

Press the front of the switch to the second position to activate the express-down feature. To stop the window as it is lowering, press the switch again.

Window Indexing

This feature automatically lowers the window a small amount when the door is opened. When the door is closed, the window will raise to its full up position. If either window does not index properly, it could be due to loss of power. Before returning to the dealer for service, perform the power window initialize procedure.

Power Window Initialize

After a power reconnect such as battery replacement, the window indexing feature and the power convertible top (if equipped) will not function until the system is initialized.

Once power is restored:

1. Close the doors.
2. Raise the window and hold the switch up for three seconds after the window is closed.
3. Release the switch, then hold the switch up again for three seconds and release.

Sun Visors

Pull the visor toward you, or move it to the side to help reduce glare.

To use the lighted mirror, lift the cover.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Roof

Roof Panel

On vehicles with a removable roof panel, follow the procedures when removing or installing it.

Removing the Roof Panel

⚠ WARNING

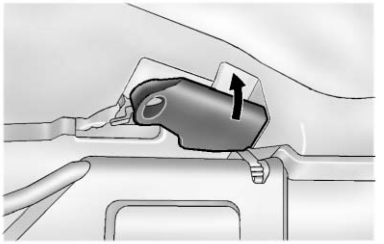
Do not try to remove a roof panel while the vehicle is moving. Trying to remove the roof panel while the vehicle is moving could cause an accident. The panel could fall into the vehicle and cause you to lose control, or it could fly off and strike another vehicle. You or others could be injured. Remove the roof panel only when the vehicle is parked.

Until you are sure you can remove the panel alone, have someone help you.

Notice: **If you drop or rest a roof panel on its edges, the roof panel, paint, and/or weatherstripping may be damaged. Always place the roof panel in the stowage receivers after removing it from the vehicle.**

1. Park on a level surface and set the parking brake. Shift an automatic transmission into P (Park). Shift a manual transmission into Neutral.
2. Make sure the ignition is off.
3. Lower both sun visors.
4. Open the rear hatch and remove any items that may interfere with proper storage of the roof panel.
5. Lower the windows.

   There are two release latches on the front of the roof panel and one rear release latch on the back of the roof panel.



6. To unlock the release latches on the front of the roof panel, grasp each handle and pull it outward.

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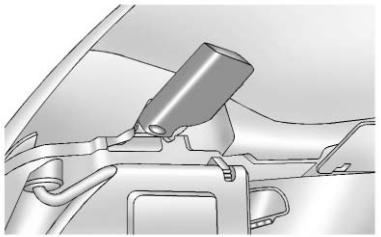
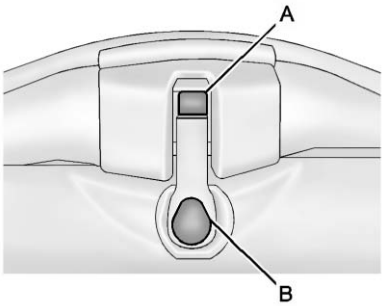


The driver side handle moves toward the driver door. The passenger side handle moves toward the passenger door.



7. To unlock the rear of the roof panel's rear release latch, press the back of the release handle (B). Then press the button on the front of the release handle (A).

   Pull down the latch lever.

8. Stand on one side of the vehicle, and if necessary, have someone stand on the other side. Together, carefully lift the front edge of the roof panel up and forward.

9. When the roof panel is loosened from the vehicle, one person should grasp the roof panel as close to the center as possible and lift it away from the vehicle.

Storing the Roof Panel

⚠ WARNING

If a roof panel is not stored properly, it could be thrown about the vehicle in a crash or sudden maneuver. People in the vehicle could be injured. Whenever you store a roof panel in the vehicle, always be sure that it is stored securely in the proper location.

Notice: **If you drop or rest a roof panel on its edges, the roof panel, paint, and/or weatherstripping may be damaged. Always place the roof panel in the stowage receivers after removing it from the vehicle.**

Information Provided by:
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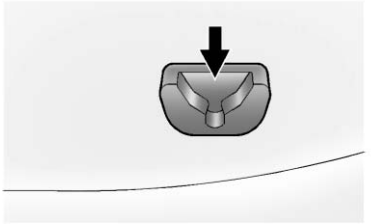
1. Turn the roof panel so that the front edge of the panel is facing the storage area.

2. Insert the roof panel so that the outside front edges line up between the receiver covers. Push forward on the roof panel until it stops.



3. Gently place the roof panel down so that the back pins on the roof panel drop into the receivers in the back of the storage area.

Press down firmly to seat the pins in the receivers.

Installing the Roof Panel

⚠ WARNING

An improperly attached roof panel may fall into or fly off the vehicle. You or others could be injured. After installing the roof panel, always check that it is firmly attached by pushing up on the underside of the panel. Check now and then to be sure the roof panel is firmly in place.

Notice: **If you drop or rest a roof panel on its edges, the roof panel, paint, and/or weatherstripping may be damaged. Always place the roof panel in the stowage receivers after removing it from the vehicle.**

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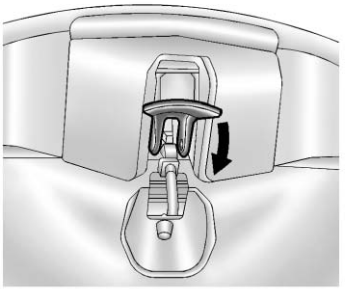
In most cases, it makes it easier if two people install the roof panel.

1. Park on a level surface and set the parking brake. Shift an automatic transmission into P (Park). Shift a manual transmission into Neutral.
2. Check that the front release latches and the rear release latch on the vehicle's roof opening are in their opened positions before attempting to install the roof panel.
3. To remove the roof panel from the rear storage area of the vehicle, pull up on the rear edge and remove it from the storage area.
4. Carefully place the roof panel over the top of the vehicle.
5. Position the rear edge of the roof panel to the weatherstrip on the back of the roof opening. Then align and fit the pins at the rear of the roof panel inside the openings in the rear overhead weatherstrip. Gently lower the front edge of the roof panel to the front of the roof opening.



6. Turn the front release handles inward so that they latch to the closed position.
7. Push up on the handle of the rear roof release handle to latch its hook in the closed position.
8. Push and pull the roof panel up and down and side to side to ensure the roof panel is securely installed.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Removable Roof Panel

Notice: **Using glass cleaner on a painted roof panel could damage the panel. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not use glass cleaner on the painted roof panel.**

When cleaning, removing, and/or storing the roof panel:

- Flush with water to remove dust and dirt, then dry the panel.
- Do not spray glass cleaner directly on the transparent roof panel. Use a soft, lint-free cloth dampened with glass cleaner.
- Do not use abrasive cleaning materials on either type of panel.

Convertible Top

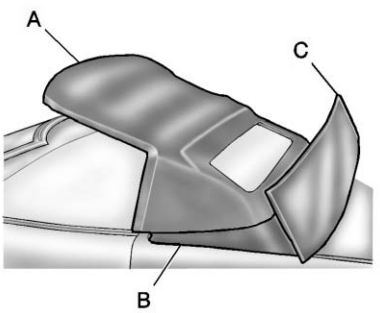
After a power reconnect such as battery replacement, the power windows need to be initialized for the convertible top to work. See “Power Window Initialize” in *Power Windows on page 2-16*.

Manual Operation

For care and cleaning of the convertible top, see “Cleaning the Convertible Top” in this section. High-pressure car washes may cause water to enter the vehicle.

If the vehicle has this feature, the following procedures explain the proper operation of the manual convertible top.

The parts of the manual convertible top that are used when lowering and raising it are:



A. Front Edge of the Convertible Top

B. Rear Edge of the Convertible Top

C. Tonneau Cover

Notice: **Leaving the convertible top down and exposing the interior of the vehicle to outdoor conditions may cause damage. Always close the convertible top if leaving the vehicle outdoors.**

Notice: **Lowering the convertible top when there are objects in the storage area could damage it or break the glass rear window. Always verify that no objects are in the storage area before lowering the convertible top.**

Notice: **Lowering the convertible top if it is damp, wet, or dirty can cause stains, mildew, and damage to the inside of the vehicle. Dry off the convertible top before lowering it.**

Notice: **If you lower the convertible top on the vehicle in cold weather (0°C (32°F) or lower), you may damage convertible top components. Do not lower the top in cold weather.**

Notice: **If you raise or lower the convertible top while the vehicle is in motion, you could damage the top or the top mechanism. The repairs would not be covered by the warranty. Always put an automatic transmission in P (Park) or a manual transmission in Neutral before raising or lowering the convertible top.**

Lowering the Manual Convertible Top

1. Park on a level surface. Shift an automatic transmission into P (Park) and set the parking brake. Shift a manual transmission into Neutral and set the parking brake.
2. Make sure the ignition is off.
3. Make sure the trunk is closed.

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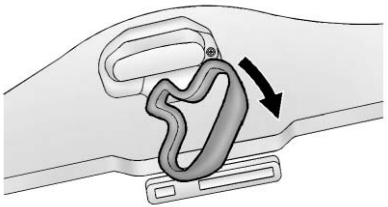
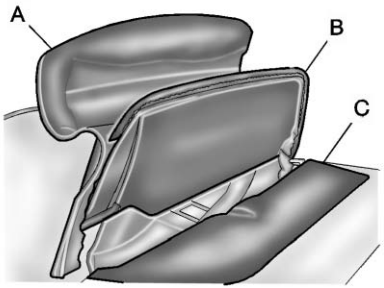
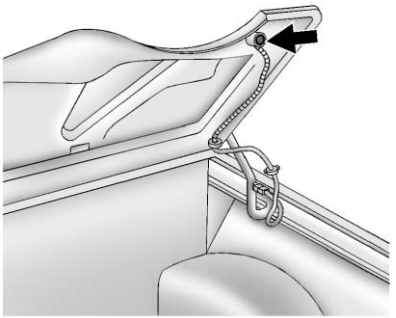


4. Release the convertible top front latch, located above the inside rearview mirror, by pulling and turning it clockwise.



5. Lift upward on the front edge (A) of the convertible top to remove it from the windshield frame. Then lift upward on the rear edge (B) of the convertible top so it is vertical to the tonneau cover (C). The front edge (A) and rear edge (B) should be straight up.
6. The convertible top front latch must be turned and closed after the top has been pushed up. Failure to close the latch may prevent the tonneau cover from completely closing.



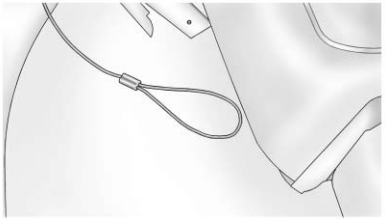
7. Tilt the driver seatback forward and press the tonneau cover release button located on the underside of the tonneau cover (C) behind the driver seat. After pressing the release button, the driver and passenger door glass will retract to the full-down position. Then raise the tonneau cover (C).

   If the tonneau cover does not release and three chimes are heard, check to make sure the trunk lid is closed. Also, the tonneau cover will not release if the vehicle alarm is armed.

   If battery power has not been lost, continue to Step 9.

   If battery power has been lost, the tonneau cover (C) can be opened using the manual release cable.

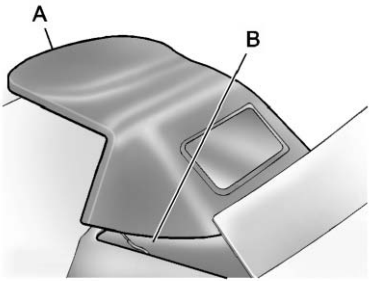
Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS



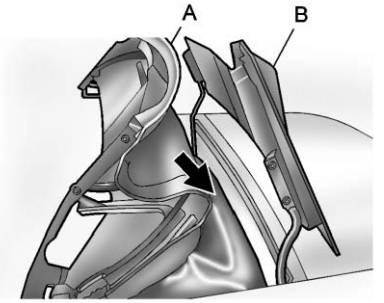
The tonneau cover manual release cable is located underneath the carpeting behind the passenger seat head restraint, on the underside forward edge of the tonneau cover. To access the cable, lift and pull back the carpeting.

Notice: **If you lower the convertible top into the storage compartment and the rear edge of the top is not in the full-down position, you could damage the top. Always verify that the rear edge of the convertible top is in the full-down position before lowering the top into the storage compartment.**

8. Pull the cable to release the tonneau cover, then continue with Step 9.



9. Push forward on the front edge (A) of the convertible top to allow the rear edge (B) of the convertible top to be moved to its full-down position.

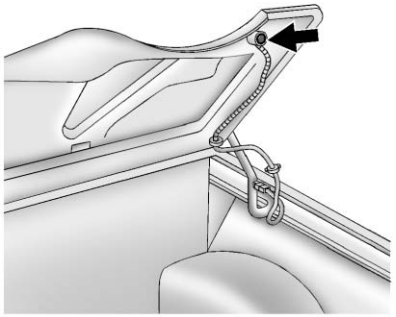


10. Then move the convertible top rearward to its fully stored position.
11. After the convertible top is stored, apply one even push on the center of the front edge (A) of the convertible top to ensure that the convertible top is fully retracted.
12. Close the tonneau cover (B) by pressing down on it with a swift, firm motion.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

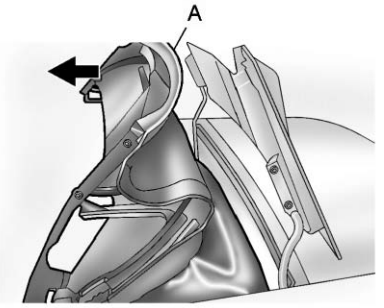
Raising the Manual Convertible Top

1. Park on a level surface. Shift an automatic transmission into P (Park) and set the parking brake. Shift a manual transmission into Neutral and set the parking brake.
2. Lower both windows.
3. Make sure the ignition is off.

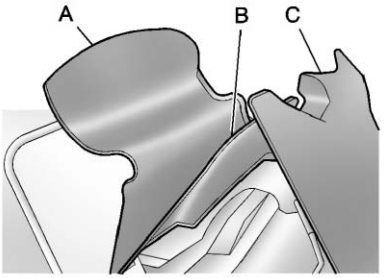


4. Tilt the driver seat forward and press the tonneau cover release button. After pressing the release button, the driver and passenger door glass will retract to the full-down position. If battery power has been lost, see Step 7 under “Lowering the Manual Convertible Top” in this section.

   After pressing the release button, the driver and passenger door glass should retract to the full-down position, if they have not already been lowered.
5. Lift the tonneau cover.



6. Pull the convertible top up by firmly gripping the front edge (A) near the center and applying a brisk upward and forward motion to get the top in the full-up position.



7. Lift the rear edge (B) of the convertible top to its full-up position by first raising the front edge (A).
8. Close the tonneau cover (C) by pushing it down with a swift, firm motion.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

9. Lower the rear edge (B) of the convertible top by first slightly pushing the front edge (A) of the convertible top forward.
10. Push the front edge (A) of the convertible top down from the outside of the vehicle, or pull the front edge (A) of the convertible top down from the center pull-down handle located inside the vehicle.
11. Pull the convertible top front latch down and turn it counterclockwise to lock the convertible top.

Power Operation

For care and cleaning of the convertible top see “Cleaning the Convertible Top” in this section. High-pressure car washes may cause water to enter the vehicle.

To operate the convertible top use the following steps.

Notice: **Leaving the convertible top down and exposing the interior of the vehicle to outdoor conditions may cause damage. Always close the convertible top if leaving the vehicle outdoors.**

Notice: **Lowering the convertible top when there are objects in the storage area could damage it or break the glass rear window. Always verify that no objects are in the storage area before lowering the convertible top.**

Notice: **Lowering the convertible top if it is damp, wet, or dirty can cause stains, mildew, and damage to the inside of the vehicle. Dry off the convertible top before lowering it.**

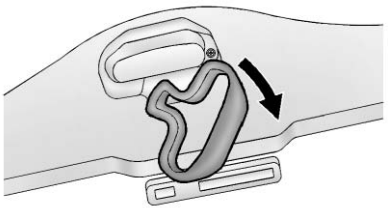
Notice: **If you lower the convertible top on the vehicle in cold weather (0°C (32°F) or lower), you may damage convertible top components. Do not lower the top in cold weather.**

Notice: **If you raise or lower the convertible top while the vehicle is in motion, you could damage the top or the top mechanism. The repairs would not be covered by the warranty. Always put an automatic transmission in P (Park) or a manual transmission in Neutral before raising or lowering the convertible top.**

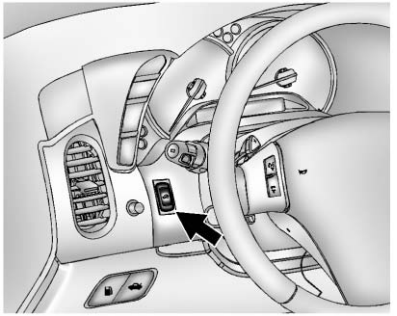
Lowering the Power Convertible Top

1. Park on a level surface. Start the engine. Shift an automatic transmission into P (Park) and set the parking brake. Shift a manual transmission into Neutral and set the parking brake.
2. Make sure the trunk is closed, the rear trunk partition in the rear storage area is in the fastened upright position, and no objects are forward of the divider. See “Rear Trunk Partition” in *Rear Storage on page 4-1*.

Information Provided by DEALER E-PROCESS



3. Release the convertible top front latch, located above the inside rearview mirror, by pulling and turning it clockwise. Push upward on the front edge. The windows will automatically lower.
4. Return the convertible top front latch to the closed position.



5. Push and hold ∨ on the convertible top switch.

The convertible top will lower into the rear of the vehicle. A chime will sound when the convertible top has lowered completely. If the radio is on, the sound may be muted for a brief time due to a new audio system equalization being loaded.

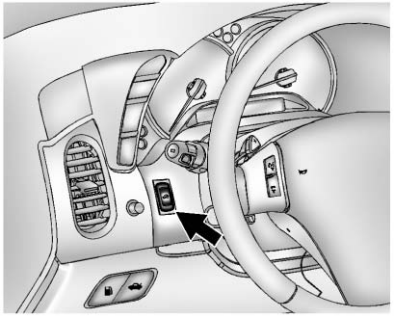
If the convertible top is operated multiple times, the engine should be running to prevent drain on the vehicle's battery. Under certain conditions, the Driver Information Center (DIC) may display a message regarding the convertible top. See *Convertible Top Messages on page 5-35*.

Raising the Power Convertible Top

Notice: **If you raise or lower the convertible top while the vehicle is in motion, you could damage the top or the top mechanism. The repairs would not be covered by the warranty. Always put an automatic transmission in P (Park) or a manual transmission in Neutral before raising or lowering the convertible top.**

1. Park on a level surface. Start the engine. Shift an automatic transmission into P (Park) and set the parking brake. Shift a manual transmission into Neutral and set the parking brake.
2. Make sure the trunk lid is closed, the rear trunk partition in the rear storage area is in the fastened upright position, and no objects are forward of the divider. See “Rear Trunk Partition” in *Rear Storage on page 4-1*.

Information Provided by DEALER E-PROCESS



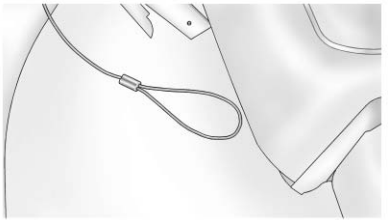
3. Push and hold ∧ on the convertible top switch. The convertible top will raise and the windows will lower if they were in the raised position. A chime will sound when the convertible top is raised completely.
4. After the convertible top is completely raised, release the convertible top switch.
5. Pull the convertible top front latch down and turn it counterclockwise to lock the convertible top.

If the radio is on, the sound may be muted for a brief time due to a new audio system equalization being loaded.

If the vehicle has lost power, the convertible top can still be raised by releasing pressure on the hydraulic pump, located under the passenger side of the tonneau cover, using the following steps. The carpet liner on the passenger side must be pulled back to access the hydraulic pump.

Never attempt to open or close the convertible top manually without releasing pressure first.

Manual operation of the convertible top cannot be attempted for five minutes after the last time the convertible top switch was pressed if the convertible top was not opened completely and the tonneau cover latched or closed completely with the front latch locked in place at the time the convertible top switch was released.



1. Open the tonneau cover by pulling the manual release cable.

   The tonneau cover manual release cable is located behind the passenger seat head restraint, on the underside forward edge of the tonneau cover.

   Be careful when opening the tonneau cover by hand. If the tonneau cover is opened quickly, damage can occur to the hinging mechanism, which can prevent proper operation of the convertible top.

Information Provided by:
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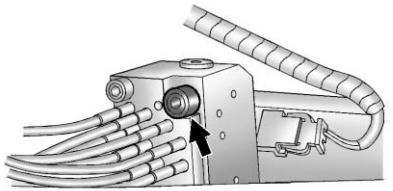
2. Pull back the carpet liner on the passenger side to access the hydraulic pump.



3. Locate the pressure release bolt on the front side of the hydraulic pump.
4. Use the wrench, located in the center console, and turn the pressure release bolt counterclockwise one revolution, to relieve pressure to the hydraulic pump. This will allow the manual raising of the convertible top.
5. Then follow the steps under raising the manual convertible top. See “Manual Operation” or “Power Operation” in this section.

When power is restored to the vehicle, the hydraulic bolt must be tightened, by turning it clockwise. The convertible top switch can then be used to lower or raise the convertible top.

If the convertible top is operated multiple times, the engine should be running to prevent drain on the vehicle's battery. Under certain conditions, the Driver Information Center (DIC) may display a message regarding the convertible top. See *Convertible Top Messages on page 5-35*.

If the battery has been disconnected, the power windows must be initialized for the power convertible top to operate. See *Power Windows on page 2-16*.

Cleaning the Convertible Top

The convertible top should be cleaned often. However, high-pressure car washes may cause water to enter the vehicle.

When hand washing the convertible top, do it in partial shade. Use a mild soap, lukewarm water, and a soft sponge. A chamois or cloth may leave lint on the top, and a brush can chafe the threads in the top fabric. Do not use detergents, harsh cleaners, solvents, or bleaching agents.

Wet the entire vehicle and wash the top evenly to avoid spots or rings. Let the soap remain on the fabric for a few minutes. When the top is really dirty, use a mild foam-type cleaner. Thoroughly rinse the entire vehicle, then let the top dry in direct sunlight.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

To protect the convertible top:

- After washing the vehicle, make sure the convertible top is completely dry before lowering it.
- Do not get any cleaner on the vehicle's painted finish; it could leave streaks.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

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Head Restraints

The vehicle's front seats have head restraints in the outboard seating positions that cannot be adjusted.

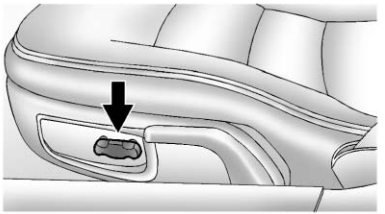
The front seat outboard head restraints are not designed to be removed.

Front Seats

Power Seat Adjustment

⚠ WARNING

You can lose control of the vehicle if you try to adjust a driver seat while the vehicle is moving. Adjust the driver seat only when the vehicle is not moving.

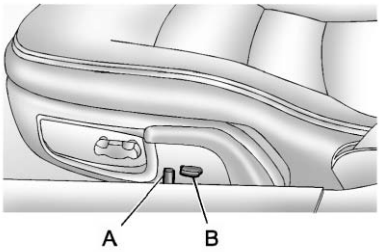


To adjust a power seat:

- Move the seat forward or rearward by sliding the control forward or rearward.
- Raise or lower the front or rear part of the seat cushion by moving the front or rear of the control up or down.

Lumbar Adjustment

Power Lumbar and Side Bolsters



A. Lumbar Support Control

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

B. Side Bolster Support Control

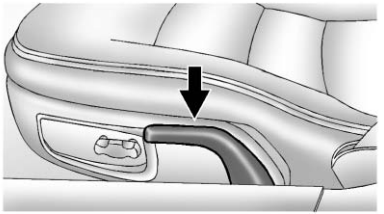
To adjust the support, if equipped:

- Move control (A) forward or rearward to adjust lumbar support.
- Move control (B) up or down to adjust the side bolsters.

Reclining Seatbacks

⚠ WARNING

If either seatback is not locked, it could move forward in a sudden stop or crash. That could cause injury to the person sitting there. Always push and pull on the seatbacks to be sure they are locked.



To recline the seatback:

1. Lift the lever.
2. Move the seatback to the desired position, and then release the lever to lock the seatback in place.
3. Push and pull on the seatback to make sure it is locked.

To return the seatback to the upright position:

1. Lift the lever fully without applying pressure to the seatback, and the seatback will return to the upright position.
2. Push and pull on the seatback to make sure it is locked.

⚠ WARNING

Sitting in a reclined position when the vehicle is in motion can be dangerous. Even when buckled up, the safety belts cannot do their job.

The shoulder belt will not be against your body. Instead, it will be in front of you. In a crash, you could go into it, receiving neck or other injuries.

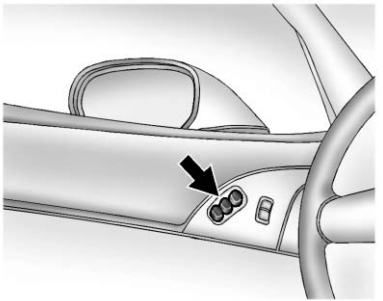
The lap belt could go up over your abdomen. The belt forces would be there, not at your pelvic bones. This could cause serious internal injuries.

For proper protection when the vehicle is in motion, have the seatback upright. Then sit well back in the seat and wear the safety belt properly.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Do not have a seatback reclined if the vehicle is moving.

Memory Seats



On vehicles with the memory feature, the controls on the driver door are used to program and recall memory settings for the driver seat, outside mirrors, and the telescopic steering column, if equipped.

The numbers on the back of the Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitters correspond to the numbers on the memory buttons.

Storing Memory Positions

To save into memory:

1. Adjust the driver seat, both outside mirrors, and the telescopic steering column, if equipped.
2. Press and hold “1” until two beeps sound.
3. Repeat for a second driver position using “2.”

To recall a memory position:

- On vehicles with an automatic transmission, press and release “1” or “2.”

  If the vehicle is in P (Park), a single beep sounds and the memory position is recalled after a brief delay.

  If the vehicle is not in P (Park), three beeps sound and the memory position is not recalled.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

- On vehicles with a manual transmission, when the vehicle is on, the parking brake must be set to recall a memory position. Press and release “1” or “2.”

  A single beep sounds and the memory position is recalled after a brief delay.

  If the vehicle is on and the parking brake is not set, three beeps sound and the memory position is not recalled.

Memory Remote Recall (Automatic Transmission)

This feature can recall the driver seat, outside mirrors, and telescopic steering column, if equipped, to stored positions when entering the vehicle.

To activate, enter the vehicle and start the engine. The driver seat, outside mirrors, and telescopic steering column will move to the memory position associated with the transmitter used to unlock the vehicle.

This feature is turned on or off using the vehicle personalization menu. See *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

To stop recall movement, press one of the power seat controls, power mirror or memory buttons, or the telescopic steering column switch.

If something has blocked the driver seat while recalling a memory position, the recall may stop. Remove the obstruction; then press and hold the appropriate manual control for the memory item that is not recalling for two seconds. Try recalling the memory position again by pressing the appropriate memory button. If the memory position is still not recalling, see your dealer for service.

Easy Exit Driver Seat

This feature can move the seat rearward and the telescopic steering column, if equipped, out of the way to allow extra room to exit the vehicle.

(Easy Exit Driver Seat): Press to save and recall the easy exit seat position.

To save into memory:

1. Recall the desired driving position by pressing “1.”
2. Adjust the seat and the telescopic steering column to the desired exit position.
3. Press and hold until two beeps sound.
4. Repeat for a second driver position using “2.”

To recall, press and release . The vehicle must be in P (Park) for an automatic transmission or the parking brake must be set for a manual transmission. A single beep sounds. The seat and telescopic steering column will move to the position previously stored for the identified driver.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

If the easy exit seat feature is programmed on in the vehicle personalization menu, automatic recall occurs when one of the following conditions is met:

- The vehicle is turned off, in Retained Accessory Power (RAP) or accessory mode, and the driver door is opened.
- The vehicle is turned off, or in RAP, and the unlock button on the RKE transmitter is pressed.

If something has blocked the driver seat while recalling the exit position, the recall may stop. Remove the obstruction; then press and hold the power seat control rearward for two seconds. Try recalling the exit position again. If the exit position is still not recalling, see your dealer for service.

See *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

Seatback Latches

To fold a seatback forward, lift the latch on top of the backside of the seat. The seatback locks when folded down.

⚠ WARNING

If either seatback is not locked, it could move forward in a sudden stop or crash. That could cause injury to the person sitting there.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

Always push and pull on the seatbacks to be sure they are locked.

To return a seatback to the sitting position, lift up on the latch, raise the seatback, and push the seatback rearward. Push and pull on the seatback to make sure it is locked in place.

Heated Front Seats

⚠ WARNING

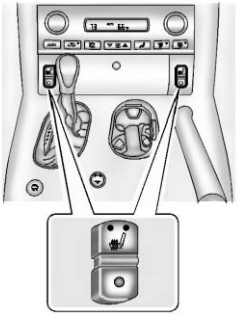
If you cannot feel temperature change or pain to the skin, the seat heater may cause burns. To reduce the risk of burns, people with such a condition should use care when using the seat heater, especially for long periods of time. Do not place anything on

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

the seat that insulates against heat, such as a blanket, cushion, cover, or similar item. This may cause the seat heater to overheat. An overheated seat heater may cause a burn or may damage the seat.



If available, the buttons are on the instrument panel.

The ignition must be on for this feature to work.

(Heated Seat): Press to turn the heated seat on at the high setting.

Press again to switch to the low setting.

(Off): Press to turn the heated seat off.

Safety Belts

This section of the manual describes how to use safety belts properly. It also describes some things not to do with safety belts.

⚠ WARNING

Do not let anyone ride where a safety belt cannot be worn properly. In a crash, if you or your passenger(s) are not wearing safety belts, injuries can be much worse than if you are wearing safety belts. You can be seriously injured or killed by hitting things inside the vehicle harder or by being ejected from the vehicle. In addition, anyone who is not buckled up can strike other passengers in the vehicle.

It is extremely dangerous to ride in a cargo area, inside or outside of a vehicle. In a collision, passengers riding in these areas

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

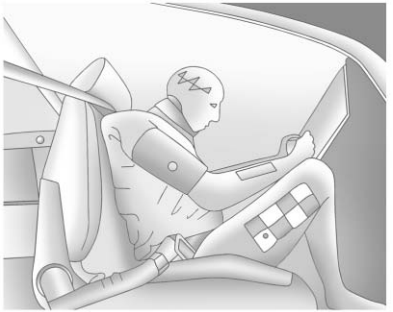
WARNING (Continued)

are more likely to be seriously injured or killed. Do not allow passengers to ride in any area of the vehicle that is not equipped with seats and safety belts.

Always wear a safety belt, and check that all passenger(s) are restrained properly too.

This vehicle has indicators as a reminder to buckle the safety belts. See *Safety Belt Reminders on page 5-16*.

Why Safety Belts Work



When riding in a vehicle, you travel as fast as the vehicle does. If the vehicle stops suddenly, you keep going until something stops you. It could be the windshield, the instrument panel, or the safety belts!

When you wear a safety belt, you and the vehicle slow down together. There is more time to stop because you stop over a longer distance and, when worn properly, your strongest bones take the forces from the safety belts. That is why wearing safety belts makes such good sense.

Questions and Answers About Safety Belts

Q: Will I be trapped in the vehicle after a crash if I am wearing a safety belt?

A: You *could* be — whether you are wearing a safety belt or not. Your chance of being conscious during and after a crash, so you *can* unbuckle and get out, is *much* greater if you are belted.

Q: If my vehicle has airbags, why should I have to wear safety belts?

A: Airbags are supplemental systems only; so they work *with* safety belts — not instead of them. Whether or not an airbag is provided, all occupants still have to buckle up to get the most protection.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Also, in nearly all states and in all Canadian provinces, the law requires wearing safety belts.

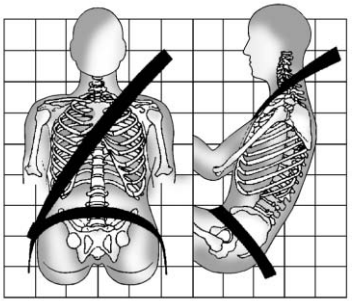
How to Wear Safety Belts Properly

This section is only for people of adult size.

There are special things to know about safety belts and children. And there are different rules for smaller children and infants. If a child will be riding in the vehicle, see *Older Children on page 3-26* or *Infants and Young Children on page 3-28*. Follow those rules for everyone's protection.

It is very important for all occupants to buckle up. Statistics show that unbelted people are hurt more often in crashes than those who are wearing safety belts.

There are important things to know about wearing a safety belt properly.



- Sit up straight and always keep your feet on the floor in front of you.
- Always use the correct buckle for your seating position.
- Wear the lap part of the belt low and snug on the hips, just touching the thighs. In a crash, this applies force to the strong pelvic bones and you would be less likely to slide under the lap belt. If you slid under it, the belt would apply force on your abdomen. This could cause serious or even fatal injuries.
- Wear the shoulder belt over the shoulder and across the chest. These parts of the body are best able to take belt restraining forces. The shoulder belt locks if there is a sudden stop or crash.

⚠ WARNING

You can be seriously injured, or even killed, by not wearing your safety belt properly.

- Never allow the lap or shoulder belt to become loose or twisted.
- Never wear the shoulder belt under both arms or behind your back.
- Never route the lap or shoulder belt over an armrest.

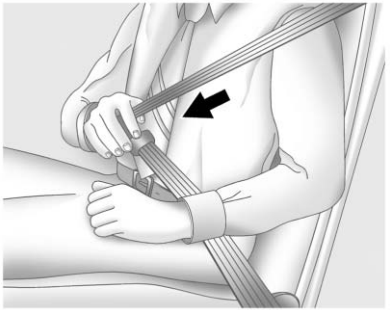
Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Lap-Shoulder Belt

All seating positions in the vehicle have a lap-shoulder belt.

The following instructions explain how to wear a lap-shoulder belt properly.

1. Adjust the seat, if the seat is adjustable, so you can sit up straight. To see how, see “Seats” in the Index.



2. Pick up the latch plate and pull the belt across you. Do not let it get twisted.

The lap-shoulder belt may lock if you pull the belt across you very quickly. If this happens, let the belt go back slightly to unlock it. Then pull the belt across you more slowly.

If the shoulder portion of a passenger belt is pulled out all the way, the child restraint locking feature may be engaged. If this happens, let the belt go back all the way and start again.

Engaging the child restraint locking feature in the right front seating position may affect the passenger sensing system. See *Passenger Sensing System on page 3-20* for more information.

3. If the belt stops before it reaches the buckle, tilt the latch plate and keep pulling the safety belt until it can be buckled.

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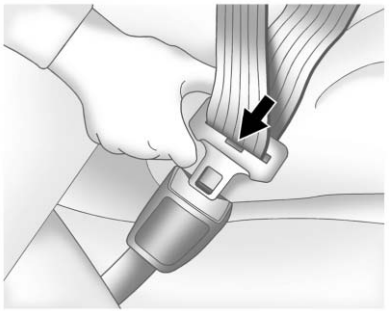
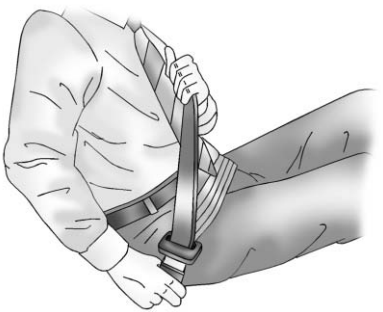


4. Push the latch plate into the buckle until it clicks.

   Pull up on the latch plate to make sure it is secure. If the belt is not long enough, see *Safety Belt Extender on page 3-12*.

   Position the release button on the buckle so that the safety belt could be quickly unbuckled if necessary.



5. To make the lap part tight, pull up on the shoulder belt.

   It may be necessary to pull stitching on the safety belt through the latch plate to fully tighten the lap belt on smaller occupants.

To unlatch the belt, push the button on the buckle. The belt should return to its stowed position.

Before a door is closed, be sure the safety belt is out of the way. If a door is slammed against a safety belt, damage can occur to both the safety belt and the vehicle.

Safety Belt Pretensioners

This vehicle has safety belt pretensioners for the front outboard occupants. Although the safety belt pretensioners cannot be seen, they are part of the safety belt assembly.

Information Provided by:
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They can help tighten the safety belts during the early stages of a moderate to severe frontal and near frontal crash if the threshold conditions for pretensioner activation are met. And, for vehicles with side impact airbags, safety belt pretensioners can help tighten the safety belts in a side crash.

Pretensioners work only once. If the pretensioners activate in a crash, they will need to be replaced, and probably other new parts for the vehicle's safety belt system. See *Replacing Safety Belt System Parts after a Crash on page 3-13*.

Safety Belt Use During Pregnancy

Safety belts work for everyone, including pregnant women. Like all occupants, they are more likely to be seriously injured if they do not wear safety belts.

A pregnant woman should wear a lap-shoulder belt, and the lap portion should be worn as low as possible, below the rounding, throughout the pregnancy.

The best way to protect the fetus is to protect the mother. When a safety belt is worn properly, it is more likely that the fetus will not be hurt in a crash. For pregnant women, as for anyone, the key to making safety belts effective is wearing them properly.

Safety Belt Extender

If the vehicle's safety belt will fasten around you, you should use it.

But if a safety belt is not long enough, your dealer will order you an extender. When you go in to order it, take the heaviest coat you will wear, so the extender will be long enough for you. To help avoid personal injury, do not let someone else use it, and use it only for the seat it is made to fit. The extender has been designed for adults. Never use it for securing child seats. To wear it, attach it to the regular safety belt. For more information, see the instruction sheet that comes with the extender.

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Safety System Check

Now and then, check that the safety belt reminder light, safety belts, buckles, latch plates, retractors, and anchorages are all working properly. Look for any other loose or damaged safety belt system parts that might keep a safety belt system from doing its job. See your dealer to have it repaired. Torn or frayed safety belts may not protect you in a crash. They can rip apart under impact forces. If a belt is torn or frayed, get a new one right away.

Make sure the safety belt reminder light is working. See *Safety Belt Reminders on page 5-16*.

Keep safety belts clean and dry. See *Safety Belt Care on page 3-13*.

Safety Belt Care

Keep belts clean and dry.

⚠ WARNING

Do not bleach or dye safety belts. It may severely weaken them. In a crash, they might not be able to provide adequate protection. Clean safety belts only with mild soap and lukewarm water.

Replacing Safety Belt System Parts after a Crash

⚠ WARNING

A crash can damage the safety belt system in the vehicle. A damaged safety belt system may not properly protect the person using it, resulting in serious injury or even death in a

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

crash. To help make sure the safety belt systems are working properly after a crash, have them inspected and any necessary replacements made as soon as possible.

After a minor crash, replacement of safety belts may not be necessary. But the safety belt assemblies that were used during any crash may have been stressed or damaged. See your dealer to have the safety belt assemblies inspected or replaced.

New parts and repairs may be necessary even if the safety belt system was not being used at the time of the crash.

Have the safety belt pretensioners checked if the vehicle has been in a crash, or if the airbag readiness light

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stays on after you start the vehicle or while you are driving. See *Airbag Readiness Light on page 5-16*.

Airbag System

The vehicle has the following airbags:

- A frontal airbag for the driver.
- A frontal airbag for the front outboard passenger.
- A seat-mounted side impact airbag for the driver.
- A seat-mounted side impact airbag for the front outboard passenger.

All vehicle airbags have the word AIRBAG on the trim or on a label near the deployment opening.

For frontal airbags, the word AIRBAG is on the center of the steering wheel for the driver and on the instrument panel for the front outboard passenger.

For seat-mounted side impact airbags, the word AIRBAG is on the side of the seatback closest to the door.

Airbags are designed to supplement the protection provided by safety belts. Even though today's airbags are also designed to help reduce the risk of injury from the force of an inflating bag, all airbags must inflate very quickly to do their job.

Here are the most important things to know about the airbag system:

⚠ WARNING

You can be severely injured or killed in a crash if you are not wearing your safety belt, even with airbags. Airbags are designed to work with safety belts, not replace them. Also, airbags are not designed to inflate in every crash. In some crashes safety belts are the only restraint. See *When Should an Airbag Inflate? on page 3-17*.

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

Wearing your safety belt during a crash helps reduce the chance of hitting things inside the vehicle or being ejected from it. Airbags are “supplemental restraints” to the safety belts. Everyone in the vehicle should wear a safety belt properly, whether or not there is an airbag for that person.

⚠ WARNING

Because airbags inflate with great force and faster than the blink of an eye, anyone who is up against, or very close to, any airbag when it inflates can be seriously injured or killed. Do not sit unnecessarily close to any airbag, as you would be if sitting on the edge of the seat or leaning forward. Safety belts help keep

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

you in position before and during a crash. Always wear the safety belt, even with airbags. The driver should sit as far back as possible while still maintaining control of the vehicle.

Occupants should not lean on or sleep against the door or side windows in seating positions with seat-mounted airbags.

⚠ WARNING

Children who are up against, or very close to, any airbag when it inflates can be seriously injured or killed. Airbags plus lap-shoulder belts offer protection for adults and older children, but not for young children and infants. Neither the vehicle's safety belt

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

system nor its airbag system is designed for them. Young children and infants need the protection that a child restraint system can provide. Always secure children properly in the vehicle. To read how, see *Older Children on page 3-26* or *Infants and Young Children on page 3-28*.

There is an airbag readiness light on the instrument panel, which shows the airbag symbol.

The system checks the airbag electrical system for malfunctions. The light tells you if there is an

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electrical problem. See *Airbag Readiness Light on page 5-16* for more information.

Where Are the Airbags?

The driver frontal airbag is in the center of the steering wheel.

The front outboard passenger frontal airbag is in the passenger side instrument panel.

Driver Side Shown, Passenger Side Similar

The driver and front outboard passenger seat-mounted side impact airbags are in the side of the seatbacks closest to the door.

⚠ WARNING

If something is between an occupant and an airbag, the airbag might not inflate properly or it might force the object into that person causing severe injury

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

or even death. The path of an inflating airbag must be kept clear. Do not put anything between an occupant and an airbag, and do not attach or put anything on the steering wheel hub or on or near any other airbag covering.

Do not use seat accessories that block the inflation path of a seat-mounted side impact airbag.

When Should an Airbag Inflate?

Frontal airbags are designed to inflate in moderate to severe frontal or near frontal crashes to help reduce the potential for severe injuries mainly to the driver's or front outboard passenger's head and chest. However, they are only designed to inflate if the impact exceeds a predetermined deployment threshold. Deployment thresholds are used to predict how severe a crash is likely to be in time for the airbags to inflate and help restrain the occupants.

Whether the frontal airbags will or should deploy is not based primarily on how fast the vehicle is traveling. It depends on what is hit, the direction of the impact, and how quickly the vehicle slows down.

Frontal airbags may inflate at different crash speeds depending on whether the vehicle hits an object straight on or at an angle, and whether the object is fixed or moving, rigid or deformable, narrow or wide.

Thresholds can also vary with specific vehicle design.

Frontal airbags are not intended to inflate during vehicle rollovers, rear impacts, or in many side impacts.

In addition, the vehicle has dual-stage frontal airbags. Dual-stage airbags adjust the restraint according to crash severity. The vehicle has electronic frontal sensors, which help the sensing system distinguish between a moderate frontal impact and a more severe frontal impact. For moderate frontal impacts, dual-stage airbags inflate at a level less than full deployment. For more severe frontal impacts, full deployment occurs.

Depending on the model, the vehicle may have one or two seat position sensors. The seat position sensor(s) enable the sensing system to monitor the position of the driver seat (all models) and the front

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outboard passenger seat (all models). Seat position sensor(s) provide information that is used in determining whether the airbags should inflate at a reduced or full level.

The vehicle has seat-mounted side impact airbags. See *Airbag System on page 3-14*. Seat-mounted side impact airbags are intended to inflate in moderate to severe side crashes, depending on the location of the impact. Seat-mounted side impact airbags will inflate if the crash severity is above the system's designed threshold level. The threshold level can vary with specific vehicle design.

Seat-mounted side impact airbags are not intended to inflate in frontal impacts, near-frontal impacts, rollovers, or rear impacts. A seat-mounted side impact airbag is intended to inflate on the side of the vehicle that is struck.

In any particular crash, no one can say whether an airbag should have inflated simply because of the vehicle damage or repair costs.

What Makes an Airbag Inflate?

In a deployment event, the sensing system sends an electrical signal triggering a release of gas from the inflator. Gas from the inflator fills the airbag causing the bag to break out of the cover. The inflator, the airbag, and related hardware are all part of the airbag module.

For airbag location, see *Where Are the Airbags? on page 3-16*.

How Does an Airbag Restrain?

In moderate to severe frontal or near frontal collisions, even belted occupants can contact the steering wheel or the instrument panel. In moderate to severe side collisions, even belted occupants can contact the inside of the vehicle.

Airbags supplement the protection provided by safety belts by distributing the force of the impact more evenly over the occupant's body.

But airbags would not help in many types of collisions, primarily because the occupant's motion is not toward those airbags. See *When Should an Airbag Inflate? on page 3-17* for more information.

Airbags should never be regarded as anything more than a supplement to safety belts.

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What Will You See after an Airbag Inflates?

After the frontal and seat-mounted side impact airbags inflate, they quickly deflate, so quickly that some people may not even realize the airbags inflated. Some components of the airbag module may be hot for several minutes. For location of the airbags, see *Where Are the Airbags? on page 3-16*.

The parts of the airbag that come into contact with you may be warm, but not too hot to touch. There may be some smoke and dust coming from the vents in the deflated airbags. Airbag inflation does not prevent the driver from seeing out of the windshield or being able to steer the vehicle, nor does it prevent people from leaving the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING

When an airbag inflates, there may be dust in the air. This dust could cause breathing problems for people with a history of asthma or other breathing trouble. To avoid this, everyone in the vehicle should get out as soon as it is safe to do so. If you have breathing problems but cannot get out of the vehicle after an airbag inflates, then get fresh air by opening a window or a door. If you experience breathing problems following an airbag deployment, you should seek medical attention.

The vehicle has a feature that may automatically unlock the doors, turn the interior lamps on, turn on the hazard warning flashers, and shut off the fuel system after the airbags inflate. You can lock the doors, turn the interior lamps off, and turn the hazard warning flashers off by using the controls for those features.

⚠ WARNING

A crash severe enough to inflate the airbags may have also damaged important functions in the vehicle, such as the fuel system, brake and steering systems, etc. Even if the vehicle appears to be drivable after a moderate crash, there may be concealed damage that could make it difficult to safely operate the vehicle.

Use caution if you should attempt to restart the engine after a crash has occurred.

In many crashes severe enough to inflate the airbag, windshields are broken by vehicle deformation. Additional windshield breakage may also occur from the front outboard passenger airbag.

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- Airbags are designed to inflate only once. After an airbag inflates, you will need some new parts for the airbag system. If you do not get them, the airbag system will not be there to help protect you in another crash. A new system will include airbag modules and possibly other parts. The service manual for the vehicle covers the need to replace other parts.
- The vehicle has a crash sensing and diagnostic module which records information after a crash. See *Vehicle Data Recording on page 13-19*.
- Let only qualified technicians work on the airbag system. Improper service can mean that the airbag system will not work properly. See your dealer for service.

Passenger Sensing System

The vehicle has a passenger sensing system for the front outboard passenger position. The passenger airbag status indicator will light in the rearview mirror when the vehicle is started.

United States

Canada and Mexico

The words ON and OFF, or the symbol for on and off, will be visible during the system check. When the system check is complete, either the word ON or OFF, or the symbol for on or off, will be visible. See *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator on page 5-17*.

The passenger sensing system will turn off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag under certain conditions. No other airbag is affected by the passenger sensing system.

The passenger sensing system works with sensors that are part of the front outboard passenger seat. The sensors are designed to detect the presence of a properly-seated occupant and determine if the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag should be allowed to inflate or not.

According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly secured in a rear seat in the correct child restraint for their weight and size. We recommend that

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rear-facing child restraints not be transported in the vehicle, even if the airbags are off.

Never put a rear-facing child seat in the front. This is because the risk to the rear-facing child is so great, if the airbag inflates.

⚠ WARNING

A child in a rear-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the passenger frontal airbag inflates. This is because the back of the rear-facing child restraint would be very close to the inflating airbag. A child in a forward-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the passenger frontal airbag inflates and the passenger seat is in a forward position.

Even if the passenger sensing system has turned off the front outboard passenger airbag(s), no

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

system is fail-safe. No one can guarantee that an airbag will not inflate under some unusual circumstance, even though the airbag(s) are off.

Secure rear-facing child restraints in a rear seat, even if the airbag(s) are off. If you secure a forward-facing child restraint in the front outboard passenger seat, always move the seat as far back as it will go. It is better to secure the child restraint in a rear seat.

If the vehicle does not have a rear seat that will accommodate a rear-facing child restraint, a rear-facing child restraint should not be installed in the vehicle, even if the airbags are off.

The passenger sensing system is designed to turn off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag if:

- The front outboard passenger seat is unoccupied.
- The system determines that an infant is present in a rear-facing infant seat.
- The system determines that a small child is present in a child restraint.
- The system determines that a small child is present in a booster seat.
- A front outboard passenger takes his/her weight off of the seat for a period of time.
- The front outboard passenger seat is occupied by a smaller person, such as a child who has outgrown child restraints.
- There is a critical problem with the airbag system or the passenger sensing system.

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When the passenger sensing system has turned off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag, the off indicator will light and stay lit as a reminder that the airbags are off. See *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator on page 5-17*.

The passenger sensing system is designed to turn on the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag anytime the system senses that a person of adult size is sitting properly in the front outboard passenger seat.

When the passenger sensing system has allowed the airbags to be enabled, the on indicator will light and stay lit as a reminder that the airbags are active.

For some children who have outgrown child restraints and for very small adults, the passenger sensing system may or may not turn off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag, depending upon the person's seating posture and body build. Everyone in the vehicle who has outgrown child restraints should wear a safety belt properly — whether or not there is an airbag for that person.

⚠ WARNING

If the airbag readiness light ever comes on and stays on, it means that something may be wrong with the airbag system. To help avoid injury to yourself or others, have the vehicle serviced right away. See *Airbag Readiness Light on page 5-16* for more information, including important safety information.

If the On Indicator Is Lit for a Child Restraint

If a child restraint has been installed and the on indicator is lit:

1. Turn the vehicle off.
2. Remove the child restraint from the vehicle.
3. Remove any additional items from the seat such as blankets, cushions, seat covers, seat heaters, or seat massagers.
4. Reinstall the child restraint following the directions provided by the child restraint manufacturer and refer to *Securing Child Restraints on page 3-37*.
5. If, after reinstalling the child restraint and restarting the vehicle, the on indicator is still lit, turn the vehicle off. Then slightly recline the vehicle seatback and adjust the seat cushion, if adjustable, to make sure that

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the vehicle seatback is not pushing the child restraint into the seat cushion.

6. Restart the vehicle.

   If the on indicator is still lit, do not install a child restraint in this vehicle and check with your dealer.

If the Off Indicator Is Lit for an Adult-Size Occupant

If a person of adult-size is sitting in the front outboard passenger seat, but the off indicator is lit, it could be because that person is not sitting properly in the seat. Use the following steps to allow the system to detect that person and enable the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag:

1. Turn the vehicle off.
2. Remove any additional material from the seat, such as blankets, cushions, seat covers, seat heaters, or seat massagers.
3. Place the seatback in the fully upright position.
4. Have the person sit upright in the seat, centered on the seat cushion, with legs comfortably extended.
5. Restart the vehicle and have the person remain in this position for two to three minutes after the on indicator is lit.

Additional Factors Affecting System Operation

Safety belts help keep the passenger in position on the seat during vehicle maneuvers and braking, which helps the passenger sensing system maintain the passenger airbag status. See “Safety Belts” and “Child Restraints” in the Index for additional information about the importance of proper restraint use.

If the shoulder portion of the belt is pulled out all the way, the child restraint locking feature will be engaged. This may unintentionally cause the passenger sensing system to turn the airbag(s) off for some adult size occupants. If this happens, let the belt go back all the way and start again.

A thick layer of additional material, such as a blanket or cushion, or aftermarket equipment such as seat covers, seat heaters, and seat massagers can affect how well the passenger sensing system

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operates. We recommend that you not use seat covers or other aftermarket equipment except when approved by GM for your specific vehicle. See *Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle on page 3-24* for more information about modifications that can affect how the system operates.

⚠ WARNING

Stowing of articles under the passenger seat or between the passenger seat cushion and seatback may interfere with the proper operation of the passenger sensing system.

Servicing the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle

Airbags affect how the vehicle should be serviced. There are parts of the airbag system in several places around the vehicle. Your dealer and the service manual have information about servicing the vehicle and the airbag system. To purchase a service manual, see *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

⚠ WARNING

For up to 10 seconds after the vehicle is turned off and the battery is disconnected, an airbag can still inflate during improper service. You can be injured if you are close to an airbag when it inflates. Avoid yellow connectors. They are probably part of the airbag system. Be sure to follow

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

proper service procedures, and make sure the person performing work for you is qualified to do so.

Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle

Adding accessories that change the vehicle's frame, bumper system, height, front end or side sheet metal, may keep the airbag system from working properly. The operation of the airbag system can also be affected by changing or moving any parts of the front seats, safety belts, the airbag sensing and diagnostic module, steering wheel, instrument panel, inside rearview mirror, front sensors, or airbag wiring.

Your dealer and the service manual have information about the location of the airbag sensors, sensing and diagnostic module, and airbag wiring.

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In addition, the vehicle has a passenger sensing system for the front outboard passenger position, which includes sensors that are part of the passenger seat. The passenger sensing system may not operate properly if the original seat trim is replaced with non-GM covers, upholstery or trim, or with GM covers, upholstery or trim designed for a different vehicle. Any object, such as an aftermarket seat heater or a comfort enhancing pad or device, installed under or on top of the seat fabric, could also interfere with the operation of the passenger sensing system. This could either prevent proper deployment of the passenger airbag(s) or prevent the passenger sensing system from properly turning off the passenger airbag(s). See *Passenger Sensing System on page 3-20*.

If you have to modify your vehicle because you have a disability and have questions about whether the modifications will affect the vehicle's airbag system, or if you have questions about whether the airbag system will be affected if the vehicle is modified for any other reason, call Customer Assistance. See *Customer Assistance Offices (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-5* or *Customer Assistance Offices (Mexico) on page 13-5*.

Airbag System Check

The airbag system does not need regularly scheduled maintenance or replacement. Make sure the airbag readiness light is working. See *Airbag Readiness Light on page 5-16*.

Notice: **If an airbag covering is damaged, opened, or broken, the airbag may not work properly. Do not open or break the airbag coverings. If there are any opened or broken airbag covers, have the airbag covering and/or airbag module replaced. For the location of the airbags, see *Where Are the Airbags? on page 3-16*. See your dealer for service.**

Replacing Airbag System Parts after a Crash

⚠ WARNING

A crash can damage the airbag systems in the vehicle.
A damaged airbag system may not work properly and may not protect you and your passenger(s) in a crash, resulting in serious injury or even death. To help make sure the airbag systems are working properly after a crash, have them inspected and any necessary replacements made as soon as possible.

If an airbag inflates, you will need to replace airbag system parts. See your dealer for service.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

If the airbag readiness light stays on after the vehicle is started or comes on when you are driving, the airbag system may not work properly. Have the vehicle serviced right away. See *Airbag Readiness Light on page 5-16*.

Child Restraints

Older Children

Older children who have outgrown booster seats should wear the vehicle's safety belts.

The manufacturer's instructions that come with the booster seat, state the weight and height limitations for that booster. Use a booster seat with a lap-shoulder belt until the child passes the below fit test:

- Sit all the way back on the seat. Do the knees bend at the seat edge? If yes, continue. If no, return to the booster seat.
- Buckle the lap-shoulder belt. Does the shoulder belt rest on the shoulder? If yes, continue. If no, then return to the booster seat.
- Does the lap belt fit low and snug on the hips, touching the thighs? If yes, continue. If no, return to the booster seat.
- Can proper safety belt fit be maintained for the length of the trip? If yes, continue. If no, return to the booster seat.

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Q: What is the proper way to wear safety belts?

A: An older child should wear a lap-shoulder belt and get the additional restraint a shoulder belt can provide. The shoulder belt should not cross the face or neck. The lap belt should fit snugly below the hips, just touching the top of the thighs. This applies belt force to the child's pelvic bones in a crash. It should never be worn over the abdomen, which could cause severe or even fatal internal injuries in a crash.

According to accident statistics, children and infants are safer when properly restrained in a child restraint system or infant restraint system secured in a rear seating position.

In a crash, children who are not buckled up can strike other people who are buckled up, or can be thrown out of the vehicle. Older children need to use safety belts properly.

⚠ WARNING

Never allow more than one child to wear the same safety belt. The safety belt cannot properly spread the impact forces. In a crash, they can be crushed together and seriously injured. A safety belt must be used by only one person at a time.

⚠ WARNING

Never allow a child to wear the safety belt with the shoulder belt behind their back. A child can be seriously injured by not wearing the lap-shoulder belt properly. In a crash, the child would not be restrained by the shoulder belt. The child could move too far forward increasing the chance of head and neck injury. The child might also slide under the lap

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

belt. The belt force would then be applied right on the abdomen. That could cause serious or fatal injuries. The shoulder belt should go over the shoulder and across the chest.

Infants and Young Children

Everyone in a vehicle needs protection! This includes infants and all other children. Neither the distance traveled nor the age and size of the traveler changes the need, for everyone, to use safety restraints. In fact, the law in every state in the United States and in every Canadian province says children up to some age must be restrained while in a vehicle.

⚠ WARNING

Children can be seriously injured or strangled if a shoulder belt is wrapped around their neck and the safety belt continues to tighten. Never leave children unattended in a vehicle and never allow children to play with the safety belts.

Airbags plus lap-shoulder belts offer protection for adults and older children, but not for young children and infants. Neither the vehicle's safety belt system nor its airbag system is designed for them. Every time infants and young children ride in vehicles, they should have the protection provided by appropriate child restraints.

Children who are not restrained properly can strike other people, or can be thrown out of the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING

Never hold an infant or a child while riding in a vehicle. Due to crash forces, an infant or a child will become so heavy it is not possible to hold it during a crash. For example, in a crash at only 40 km/h (25 mph), a 5.5 kg (12 lb) infant will suddenly become a 110 kg (240 lb) force on a person's

(Continued)

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WARNING (Continued)

arms. An infant should be secured in an appropriate restraint.

⚠ WARNING

Children who are up against, or very close to, any airbag when it inflates can be seriously injured or killed. Never put a rear-facing

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

child restraint in the right front seat. Secure a rear-facing child restraint in a rear seat. It is also better to secure a forward-facing child restraint in a rear seat. If you must secure a forward-facing child restraint in the right front seat, always move the front passenger seat as far back as it will go.

Q: What are the different types of add-on child restraints?

A: Add-on child restraints, which are purchased by the vehicle owner, are available in four basic types. Selection of a particular restraint should take into consideration not only the child's weight, height, and age but also whether or not the restraint will be compatible with the motor vehicle in which it will be used.

For most basic types of child restraints, there are many different models available. When purchasing a child restraint, be sure it is designed to be used in a motor vehicle. If it is, the restraint will have a label saying that it meets federal motor vehicle safety standards.

The restraint manufacturer instructions that come with the restraint state the weight and height limitations for a particular child restraint. In addition, there

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are many kinds of restraints available for children with special needs.

⚠ WARNING

To reduce the risk of neck and head injury during a crash, infants need complete support. In a crash, if an infant is in a rear-facing child restraint, the crash forces can be distributed across the strongest part of an infant's body, the back and shoulders. Infants should always be secured in rear-facing child restraints.

⚠ WARNING

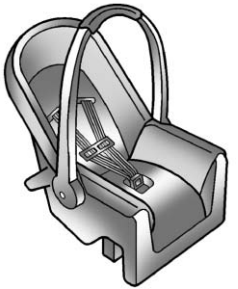
A young child's hip bones are still so small that the vehicle's regular safety belt may not remain low on the hip bones, as it should.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

Instead, it may settle up around the child's abdomen. In a crash, the belt would apply force on a body area that is unprotected by any bony structure. This alone could cause serious or fatal injuries. To reduce the risk of serious or fatal injuries during a crash, young children should always be secured in appropriate child restraints.

Child Restraint Systems



Rear-Facing Infant Seat

A rear-facing infant seat provides restraint with the seating surface against the back of the infant.

The harness system holds the infant in place and, in a crash, acts to keep the infant positioned in the restraint.

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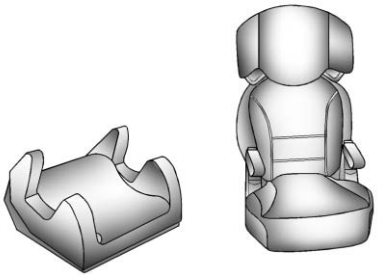
Forward-Facing Child Seat

A forward-facing child seat provides restraint for the child's body with the harness.



Booster Seats

A booster seat is a child restraint designed to improve the fit of the vehicle's safety belt system.
A booster seat can also help a child to see out the window.

Securing an Add-On Child Restraint in the Vehicle

⚠ WARNING

A child can be seriously injured or killed in a crash if the child restraint is not properly secured in the vehicle. Secure the child restraint properly in the vehicle using the vehicle safety belt or LATCH system, following the instructions that came with that child restraint and the instructions in this manual.

To help reduce the chance of injury, the child restraint must be secured in the vehicle. Child restraint systems must be secured in vehicle seats by lap belts or the lap belt portion of a lap-shoulder belt, or by the LATCH system. See *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Z06 and ZR1 Models Only) on page 3-33* or *Lower Anchors and Tethers for*

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Children (LATCH System) (Coupe and Convertible Models Only) on page 3-32. Children can be endangered in a crash if the child restraint is not properly secured in the vehicle.

When securing an add-on child restraint, refer to the instructions that come with the restraint which may be on the restraint itself or in a booklet, or both, and to this manual. The child restraint instructions are important, so if they are not available, obtain a replacement copy from the manufacturer.

Keep in mind that an unsecured child restraint can move around in a collision or sudden stop and injure people in the vehicle. Be sure to properly secure any child restraint in the vehicle — even when no child is in it.

In some areas of the United States and Canada, Certified Child Passenger Safety Technicians (CPSTs) are available to inspect and demonstrate how to correctly use and install child restraints. In the U.S., refer to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) website to locate the nearest child safety seat inspection station. For CPST availability in Canada, check with Transport Canada or the Provincial Ministry of Transportation office.

Securing the Child Within the Child Restraint

⚠ WARNING

A child can be seriously injured or killed in a crash if the child is not properly secured in the child restraint. Secure the child properly following the instructions that came with that child restraint.

Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Coupe and Convertible Models Only)

Some child restraints have a LATCH system. As part of the LATCH system, your child restraint may have lower attachments and/or a top tether. The LATCH system can help hold the child restraint in place during driving or in a crash. Some vehicles have lower and/or top tether anchors designed to secure a child restraint with lower attachments and/or a top tether.

Some child restraints with a top tether are designed to be used whether the top tether is anchored or not. Other child restraints require that the top tether be anchored. A national or local law may require that the top tether be anchored.

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In Canada, the law requires that forward-facing child restraints have a top tether, and that the tether be attached.

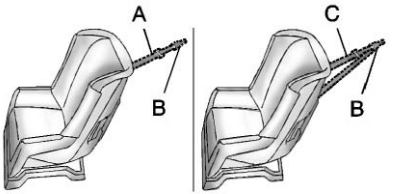
Your vehicle does not have lower anchors or top tether anchors to secure a child restraint with the LATCH system. If a national or local law requires that your top tether be anchored, do not use a child restraint in this vehicle because a top tether cannot be properly anchored. You must use the safety belts to secure your child restraint in this vehicle, unless a national or local law requires that the top tether be anchored. Refer to the child restraint instructions and instructions in this manual for securing a child restraint using the vehicle's safety belts. See *Securing Child Restraints on page 3-37*.

Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Z06 and ZR1 Models Only)

Some child restraints have a LATCH system. As part of the LATCH system, your child restraint may have lower attachments and/or a top tether. The LATCH system can help hold the child restraint in place during driving or in a crash. Some vehicles have lower and/or top tether anchors designed to secure a child restraint with lower attachments and/or a top tether.

Your vehicle does not have lower anchors to accommodate lower attachments. Your vehicle does have a top tether anchor. If your child restraint has a top tether, make sure your child restraint is properly installed using the top tether anchor and the vehicle's safety belt. A child restraint must never be installed using only the top tether and anchor. Refer to your child restraint instructions and see *Securing Child Restraints on page 3-37* for instructions on securing your child restraint using the vehicle's safety belts.

In order to use the top tether anchors in your vehicle, you need a child restraint equipped with a top tether. The child restraint manufacturer will provide you with instructions on how to use the child restraint and its top tether. The following explains how to attach a child restraint with the top tether in your vehicle.



A top tether (A, C) anchors the top of the child restraint to the vehicle. A top tether anchor is built into the

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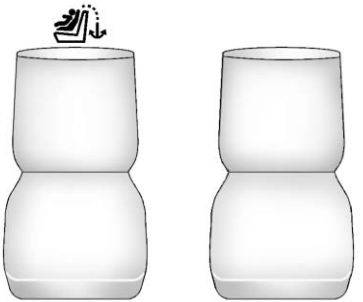
vehicle. The top tether attachment (B) on the child restraint connects to the top tether anchor in the vehicle in order to reduce the forward movement and rotation of the child restraint during driving or in a crash.

Your child restraint may have a single tether (A) or a dual tether (C). Either will have a single attachment (B) to secure the top tether to the anchor.

Some top tether-equipped child restraints are designed for use with or without the top tether being attached. Others require the top tether always to be attached. In Canada, the law requires that forward-facing child restraints have a top tether, and that the tether be attached. Be sure to read and follow the instructions for your child restraint.

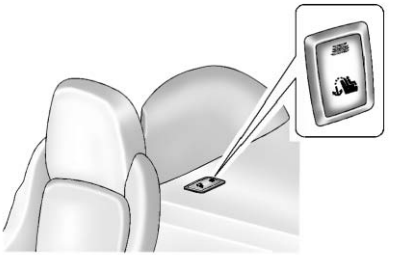
According to accident statistics, children and infants are safer when properly restrained in a child restraint system or infant restraint system secured in a rear seating position.

Top Tether Anchor Locations



(Top Tether Anchor): Seating positions with top tether anchors.

To assist you in locating the top tether anchors, the top tether anchor symbol is located on the trim cover.



The top tether anchor is located under the cover behind the passenger seat.

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Securing a Child Restraint with a Top Tether

⚠ WARNING

If a LATCH-type child restraint is not attached to anchors, the child restraint will not be able to protect the child correctly. In a crash, the child could be seriously injured or killed. Install a LATCH-type child restraint properly using the anchors, or use the vehicle safety belts to secure the restraint, following the instructions that came with the child restraint and the instructions in this manual.

⚠ WARNING

Children can be seriously injured or strangled if a shoulder belt is wrapped around their neck and the safety belt continues to

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

tighten. Buckle any unused safety belts behind the child restraint so children cannot reach them. Pull the shoulder belt all the way out of the retractor to set the lock, if the vehicle has one, after the child restraint has been installed.

Notice: **Do not let the LATCH attachments rub against the vehicle's safety belts. This may damage these parts. If necessary, move buckled safety belts to avoid rubbing the LATCH attachments.**

Do not fold the empty rear seat with a safety belt buckled. This could damage the safety belt or the seat. Unbuckle and return the safety belt to its stowed position, before folding the seat.

Do not secure a child restraint in a position without a top tether anchor if a national or local law requires that the top tether be attached, or if the instructions that come with the child restraint say that the top tether must be attached.

1. Secure the child restraint using the vehicle's safety belt. See *Securing Child Restraints on page 3-37*.
2. If the child restraint manufacturer recommends that the top tether be attached, attach and tighten the top tether to the top tether anchor, if equipped. Refer to the child restraint instructions and the following steps:
   2.1. Find the top tether anchor.
   2.2. Press the ribbed area of the trim cover to open the cover and expose the anchor.

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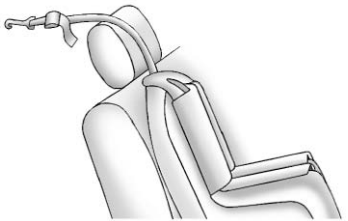
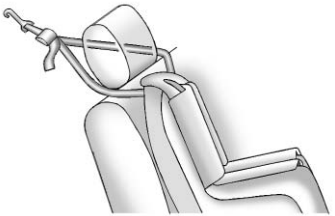
2.3. Route, attach and tighten the top tether according to your child restraint instructions and the following instructions:



If the position you are using has a fixed headrest or head restraint and you are using a single tether, route the tether over the headrest or head restraint.



If the position you are using has a fixed headrest or head restraint and you are using a dual tether, route the tether around the headrest or head restraint.

3. Before placing a child in the child restraint, make sure it is securely held in place. To check, grasp the child restraint at the LATCH path and attempt to move it side-to-side and back-and-forth. There should be no more than 2.5 cm (1 in) of movement for proper installation.

Replacing LATCH System Parts After a Crash

⚠ WARNING

A crash can damage the LATCH system in the vehicle. A damaged LATCH system may not properly secure the child restraint, resulting in serious injury or even death in a crash. To help make sure the LATCH system is working properly after a crash, see your dealer to have the system inspected and any necessary replacements made as soon as possible.

If the vehicle has the LATCH system and it was being used during a crash, new LATCH system parts may be needed.

New parts and repairs may be necessary even if the LATCH system was not being used at the time of the crash.

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Securing Child Restraints

This vehicle has airbags. In addition, the vehicle has a passenger sensing system which is designed to turn off the right front passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag (if equipped) under certain conditions. See *Passenger Sensing System on page 3-20* and *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator on page 5-17* for more information, including important safety information.

A label on the sun visor says, “Never put a rear-facing child seat in the front.” This is because the risk to the rear-facing child is so great, if the airbag deploys.

⚠ WARNING

A child in a rear-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the right front

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

passenger airbag inflates. This is because the back of the rear-facing child restraint would be very close to the inflating airbag. A child in a forward-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the right front passenger airbag inflates and the passenger seat is in a forward position.

Even if the passenger sensing system has turned off the right front passenger frontal airbag, no system is fail-safe. No one can guarantee that an airbag will not deploy under some unusual circumstance, even though it is turned off.

Secure rear-facing child restraints in a rear seat, even if the airbag is off. If you secure a forward-facing child restraint in

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

the right front seat, always move the front passenger seat as far back as it will go. It is better to secure the child restraint in a rear seat.

See *Passenger Sensing System on page 3-20* for additional information.

Rear-facing child restraints should not be installed in the vehicle, even if the airbag(s) are off.

If the child restraint has the LATCH system, see *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Z06 and ZR1 Models Only) on page 3-33* or *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Coupe and Convertible Models Only) on page 3-32* for how and where to install the child restraint using LATCH. If a child restraint is secured using a safety belt and it uses a top

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tether, see *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Z06 and ZR1 Models Only) on page 3-33* or *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Coupe and Convertible Models Only) on page 3-32* for top tether anchor locations.

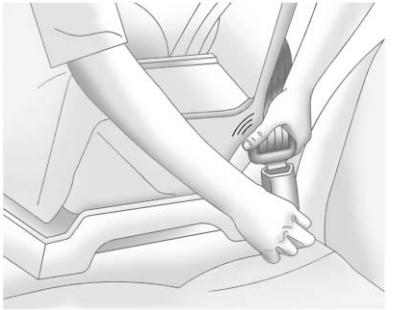
Do not secure a child seat in a position without a top tether anchor if a national or local law requires that the top tether be anchored, or if the instructions that come with the child restraint say that the top strap must be anchored.

In Canada, the law requires that forward-facing child restraints have a top tether, and that the tether be attached.

You will be using the lap-shoulder belt to secure the child restraint in this position. Follow the instructions that came with the child restraint.

1. Move the seat as far back as it will go before securing the forward-facing child restraint.

   When the passenger sensing system has turned off the right front passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag (if equipped), the off indicator on the passenger airbag status indicator should light and stay lit when you start the vehicle. See *Passenger Airbag Status Indicator on page 5-17*.
2. Put the child restraint on the seat.
3. Pick up the latch plate, and run the lap and shoulder portions of the vehicle's safety belt through or around the restraint. The child restraint instructions will show you how.



4. Push the latch plate into the buckle until it clicks.

   Position the release button on the buckle so that the safety belt could be quickly unbuckled if necessary.

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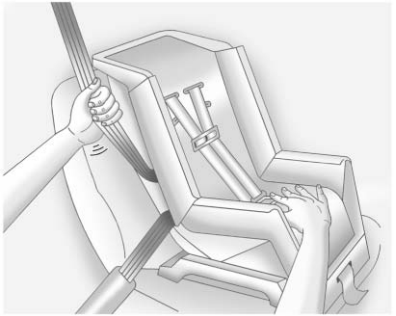
5. Pull the shoulder belt all the way out of the retractor to set the lock. When the retractor lock is set, the belt can be tightened but not pulled out of the retractor.



6. To tighten the belt, push down on the child restraint, pull the shoulder portion of the belt to tighten the lap portion of the belt, and feed the shoulder belt back into the retractor. When installing a forward-facing child restraint, it may be helpful to use your knee to push down on the child restraint as you tighten the belt.

   Try to pull the belt out of the retractor to make sure the retractor is locked. If the retractor is not locked, repeat Steps 5 and 6.

7. If the child restraint has a top tether, follow the child restraint manufacturer's instructions regarding the use of the top tether. See *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Z06 and ZR1 Models Only) on page 3-33* or *Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children (LATCH System) (Coupe and Convertible Models Only) on page 3-32* for more information.
8. Before placing a child in the child restraint, make sure it is securely held in place. To check, grasp the child restraint at the safety belt path and attempt to move it side-to-side and back-and-forth. When the child restraint is properly installed, there should be no more than 2.5 cm (1 in) of movement.

If the airbag or airbags are off, the off indicator in the passenger airbag status indicator will come on and stay on when the vehicle is started.

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If a child restraint has been installed and the on indicator is lit, see “If the On Indicator is Lit for a Child Restraint” under *Passenger Sensing System on page 3-20* for more information.

To remove the child restraint, unbuckle the vehicle safety belt and let it return to the stowed position. If the top tether is attached to a top tether anchor, disconnect it.

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Storage

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Cupholders 4-1
Rear Storage 4-1
Center Console Storage 4-2

Additional Storage Features
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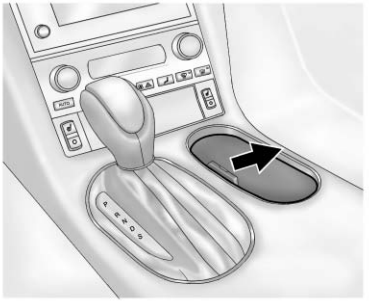
Convenience Net 4-3

Storage Compartments

Glove Box

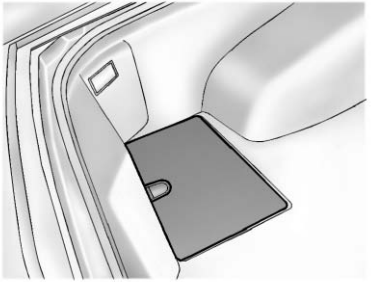
Open the glove box by lifting up on the lever. Use the key to lock and unlock the lighted glove box.

Cupholders



Slide the cover to access the cupholders.

Rear Storage



Convertible Shown, Coupe Similar

There may be storage compartments in the floor of the hatch/trunk area; pull up to open the cover.

Some vehicles use the compartment to store the battery and cannot be used for storage.

Notice: **Do not store heavy or sharp objects in the rear storage compartments located in the hatch/trunk area. The objects could damage the underbody.**

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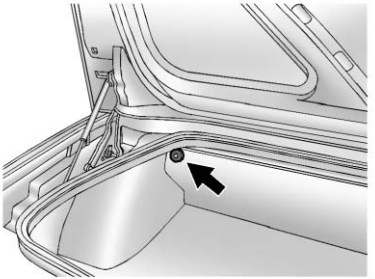
Rear Trunk Partition

For vehicles with the power convertible top option only, there is a trunk partition to keep cargo from getting in the way of the convertible top. The trunk partition must be in place for the convertible top to move. If the trunk partition is not properly in place, a message will display. See *Convertible Top Messages on page 5-35*.

The trunk partition is a flat carpeted board with a horizontal flap that can be attached to the top of the trunk to divide the storage compartment. It can be stored flat when not in use.



Pull the divider up and snap it onto place on both sides of the trunk.

Center Console Storage

To use this storage area, pull the cover up on the driver side front edge of the center console and swing it to the passenger side.

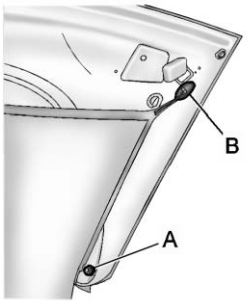
Some vehicles might also have input jacks for auxiliary audio devices. See *Auxiliary Devices on page 7-16*.

Additional Storage Features

Cargo Cover

For vehicles with this feature, the security shade can provide hidden storage in the rear area of the vehicle. The shade is also helpful in blocking the glare from the removable roof when it is stored in the rear compartment.

Using the Cargo Cover



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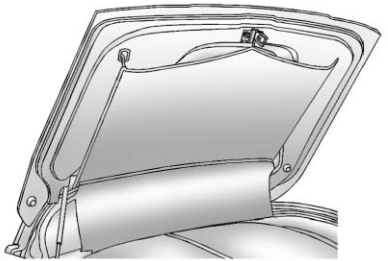
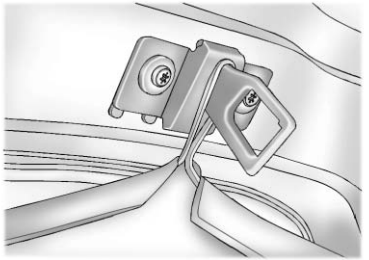
1. Hook the elastic loops on the front corners (A) of the shade to the T-nuts located on the front corners of the rear hatch frame.
2. Hook the elastic loops on the rear corners (B) of the shade to the hooks recessed inside the rear hatch frame, near the rear corners.



3. Grasp the loop at the rear center of the shade and wrap it around the striker assembly.



4. Push the loop to the top of the striker (base plate).

Convenience Net

The vehicle may have a convenience net located in the rear, to store small loads as far forward as possible. The net should not be used to store heavy loads.

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✍ NOTES

Information Provided by
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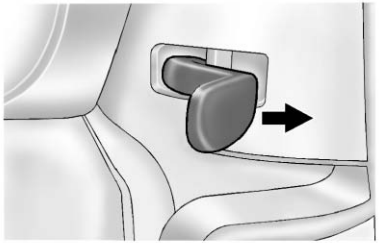
Controls

Steering Wheel Adjustment



The lever is on the left side of the steering column.

To adjust the steering wheel:

1. Pull the lever toward you.
2. Move the steering wheel up or down.
3. Release the lever to lock the steering wheel in place.

Telescopic Steering Column

For vehicles with this feature, the telescopic steering column control is on the right side of the steering column.

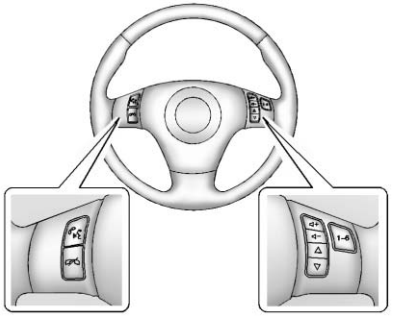
To adjust the telescopic steering column:

1. Push the switch forward to move the wheel away from you.
2. Pull the switch toward you to move the wheel closer to you.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

The telescopic steering column position can be stored with your memory settings. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4*.

Steering Wheel Controls



For vehicles with steering wheel controls, some audio controls can be adjusted at the steering wheel.

/ (Mute/Push to Talk): Press to silence the vehicle speakers only. Press again to turn the sound on.

For vehicles with Bluetooth or OnStar® systems press and hold / for longer than two seconds to interact with those systems. See *Bluetooth on page 7-17* or *OnStar Overview on page 14-1* for more information.

(Phone On Hook): Press to reject an incoming call, or end a current call.

△ ▽ **(Next/Previous):** Press to change radio stations or select tracks on a CD.

To change radio stations:

- Press △ or ▽ to go to the next or to the previous radio station and stay there. The radio only seeks stations with a strong signal that are in the selected band.
- Press and hold △ or ▽ for two seconds until SCAN displays and a beep sounds to scan stations. The radio goes to a station, plays for a few seconds, then goes to the next station. Press again to stop scanning.
- Press and hold △ or ▽ for four seconds until PRESET SCAN displays and a beep sounds to scan presets. The radio goes to a station, plays for a few seconds, then goes to the next station. Press again to stop scanning.

To select tracks on a CD:

- Press △ or ▽ to go to the next or to the previous track when a CD is playing.
- Press and hold △ or ▽ for more than two seconds to scan the current CD. The CD goes to the next track, plays the first 10 seconds, then goes to the next track. Press again to stop scanning.
- Press and hold △ or ▽ for more than four seconds to scan all of the CDs loaded. The CD

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

goes to the next CD, plays the first 10 seconds of each track, then goes to the next CD. Press again to stop scanning.

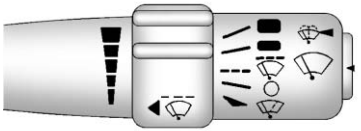
+ – (Volume): Press to increase or to decrease the radio volume.

1 to 6 (Preset Pushbuttons): Press to play stations that are programmed on the radio preset pushbuttons.

Horn

Press near or on the horn symbols on the steering wheel pad to sound the horn.

Windshield Wiper/Washer



The windshield wiper/washer lever is located on the right side of the steering column.

Move the lever to the following positions:

(High Speed): Use for fast wipes.

(Low Speed): Use for slow wipes.

(Delay): Use to set a delay between wipes.

(Delay Adjustment): Use for a delayed wiping cycle. Turn the intermittent adjust band down for a longer delay or up for a shorter delay. The wiper speed can only be manually adjusted when the lever is in this position.

(Off): Use to turn off the windshield wipers.

(Mist): Move all the way down to mist and release for a single wiping cycle. The windshield wipers will stop after one wipe. Hold the band on mist longer for more wipes.

Heavy snow or ice can overload the wipers. If this occurs, a circuit breaker will stop the wipers until the motor cools. Clear all ice and snow from the wiper blades before using them. If frozen to the windshield, carefully loosen them or thaw them. Damaged wiper blades should be replaced. See *Wiper Blade Replacement on page 10-39*.

Windshield Washer

Press and hold the button at the end of the lever to spray washer fluid on the windshield. The washer will spray until the button is released. The wipers will continue to clear the

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

window for about six seconds after the button is released and then stop or return to your preset speed.

⚠ WARNING

In freezing weather, do not use the washer until the windshield is warmed. Otherwise the washer fluid can form ice on the windshield, blocking your vision.

If the fluid in the windshield washer fluid reservoir is low a message may appear on the Driver Information Center (DIC) display. See *Washer Fluid Messages on page 5-51*. It will take 15 seconds after the bottle is refilled for this message to turn off. For information on the correct washer fluid to use, see *Washer Fluid on page 10-31* and *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.

Compass

Compass Operation

With the compass feature on, each time the vehicle is started, the compass will take a few seconds to adjust and display the current compass heading. For example, NE is displayed for north-east.

Compass Calibration

Press ⏻ once to turn the compass display on or off.

If after several seconds the display does not show a compass heading, there may be a strong magnetic field interfering with the compass. Interference can be caused by a magnetic antenna mount, note pad holder, or similar object. If the letter C or CAL appears in the compass window, the compass needs calibration.

Depending on the mirror, in order to calibrate, CAL must be displayed in the mirror compass windows. If CAL is not displayed, press ⏻ for several seconds or until CAL is displayed.

If the compass has map lamps, it can be placed in calibration mode by pressing and holding the left map light button until a C appears on the compass display.

The mirror compass can be calibrated by driving the vehicle in circles at 8 km/h (5 mph) or less until the display reads a direction.

Compass Variance

The mirror is set to zone eight. If you do not live in zone eight or drive out of the area, the compass variance needs to be changed to the appropriate zone.

To adjust for compass variance:

1. Find your current location and variance zone number on the zone map that follows.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

2. Press and hold ⏻ until a Z and a zone number displays. The compass is now in zone mode.
3. Once the zone number displays, press ⏻ repeatedly until you reach the correct zone number. Stop pressing ⏻ and the mirror returns to normal operation.

Clock

To set the clock:

1. Press and hold H until the correct hour displays.
2. Press and hold M until the correct minute displays.

The clock mode automatically times out with the changed display format set as the current default setting.

To set the clock on a navigation system, see the navigation manual.

Power Outlets

The accessory power outlet can be used to plug in electrical equipment, such as a cell phone or MP3 player.

The accessory power outlet is located inside the center console storage compartment, on the forward left side.

Remove the cover to access and replace when not in use.

⚠ WARNING

Power is always supplied to the outlets. Do not leave electrical equipment plugged in when the vehicle is not in use because the vehicle could catch fire and cause injury or death.

Notice: **Leaving electrical equipment plugged in for an extended period of time while the vehicle is off will drain the battery. Always unplug electrical equipment when not in use and do not plug in equipment that exceeds the maximum 20 ampere rating.**

Certain electrical accessories may not be compatible with the accessory power outlet and could overload vehicle or adapter fuses. If a problem is experienced, see your dealer.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

When adding electrical equipment, be sure to follow the proper installation instructions included with the equipment. See *Add-On Electrical Equipment on page 9-50*.

It is recommended that a qualified technician or dealer be seen for the proper installation of your equipment.

Notice: **Hanging heavy equipment from the power outlet can cause damage not covered by the vehicle warranty. The power outlets are designed for accessory power plugs only, such as cell phone charge cords.**

Cigarette Lighter

To use the cigarette lighter, push it in all the way and let go. When it is ready, it will pop back out by itself.

Notice: **Holding a cigarette lighter in while it is heating does not let the lighter back away from the heating element when it is hot. Damage from overheating can occur to the lighter or heating element, or a fuse could be blown. Do not hold a cigarette lighter in while it is heating.**

Ashtrays

The ashtray and cigarette lighter are located on the instrument panel, in front of the shift lever. To use the ashtray, press on the indentation at the top of the door.

Notice: **If papers, pins, or other flammable items are put in the ashtray, hot cigarettes or other smoking materials could ignite them and possibly damage the vehicle. Never put flammable items in the ashtray.**

Loose objects, such as paper clips, can lodge behind and beneath the ashtray lid and prevent movement of the lid. You should avoid putting small, loose objects near the ashtray.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Warning Lights, Gauges, and Indicators

Warning lights and gauges can signal that something is wrong before it becomes serious enough to cause an expensive repair or replacement. Paying attention to the warning lights and gauges could prevent injury.

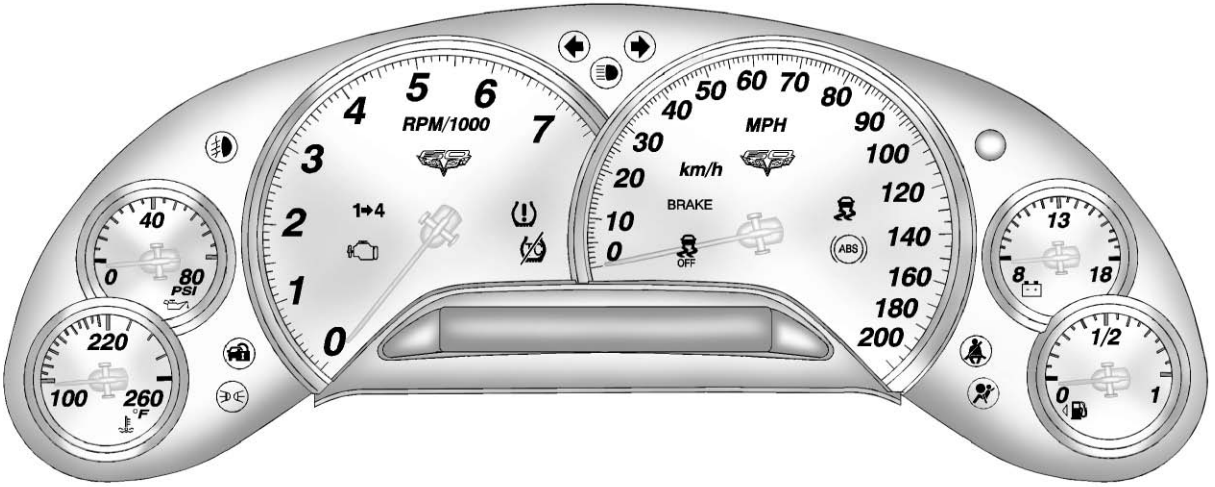
Warning lights come on when there could be a problem with a vehicle function. Some warning lights come on briefly when the engine is started to indicate they are working.

Gauges can indicate when there could be a problem with a vehicle function. Often gauges and warning lights work together to indicate a problem with the vehicle.

When one of the warning lights comes on and stays on while driving, or when one of the gauges shows there may be a problem, check the section that explains what to do. Follow this manual's advice. Waiting to do repairs can be costly and even dangerous.

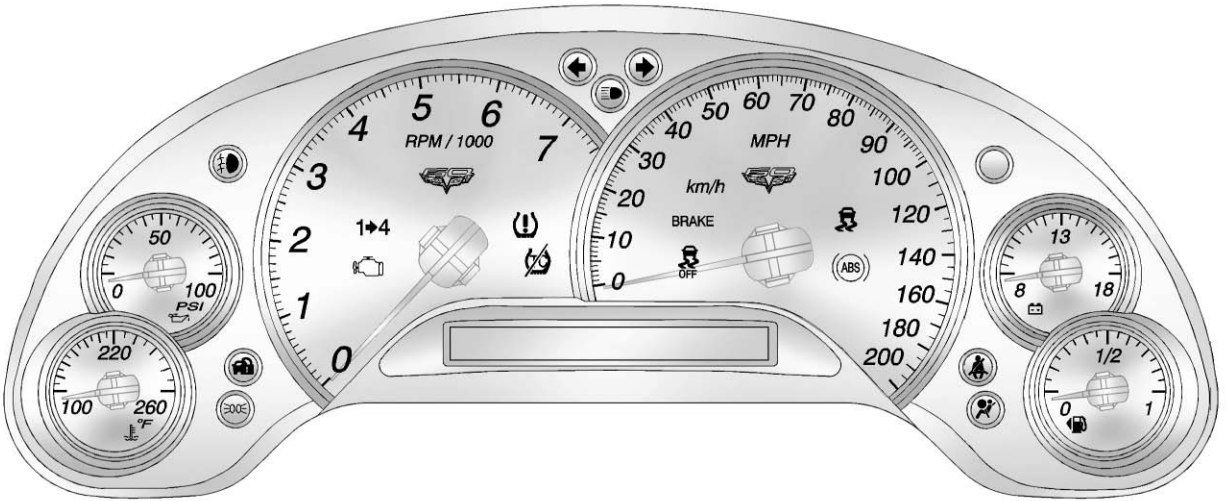
Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Instrument Cluster



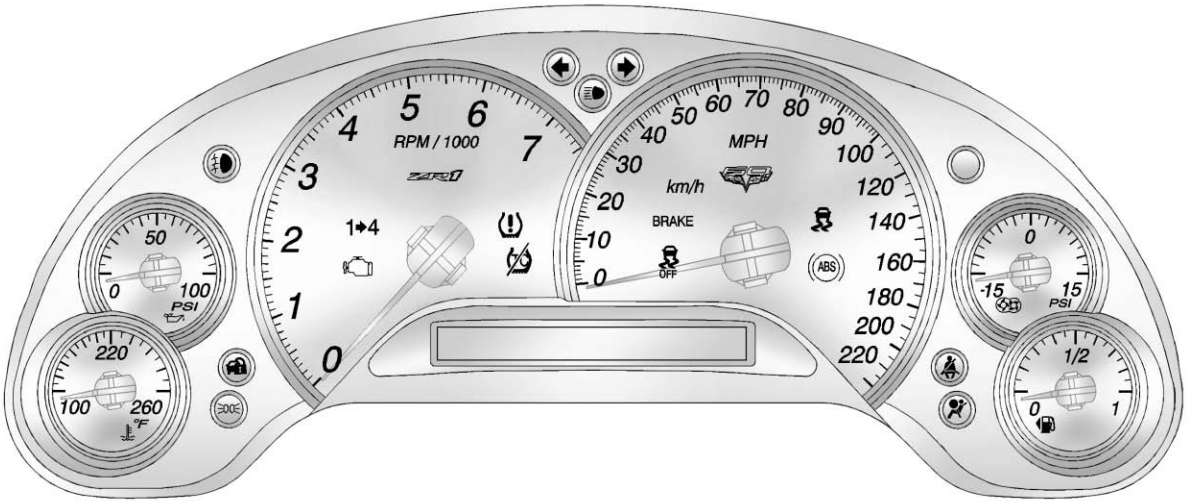
English Coupe and Convertible Shown, Metric Similar

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS



Z06 and 427 Convertible – English Shown, Metric Similar

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS



ZR1 – English Shown, Metric Similar

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Speedometer

The speedometer shows the speed in either kilometers per hour (km/h) or miles per hour (mph). For more information see “Personal Options” under *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

Odometer

To read the odometer with the ignition off, turn on the parking lamps.

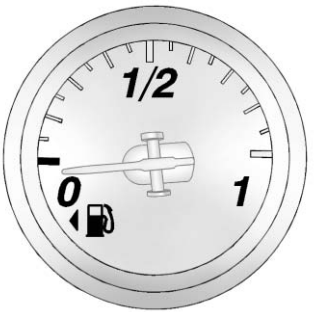
If the vehicle needs a new odometer installed, the mileage total of the new odometer will be set to the original kilometers (miles) of the old odometer. See your dealer if the odometer must be replaced in the vehicle.

Tachometer

The tachometer displays the engine speed in thousands of revolutions per minute (rpm).

Notice: **Fuel shuts off at about 6500 rpm for the base model, 7000 rpm for the Z06 and 427 Convertible models, and 6600 rpm for the ZR1 model. If the vehicle continues to be driven at the fuel shut off rpm, the engine could be damaged. Be sure to operate the vehicle below the fuel shut off rpm or reduce the vehicle's rpm quickly when the fuel shuts off.**

Fuel Gauge



The fuel gauge shows how much fuel the vehicle has left while the engine is on.

An arrow on the fuel gauge indicates the side of the vehicle the fuel door is on.

When the needle approaches the low fuel symbol, a chime sounds and LOW FUEL appears on the Driver Information Center (DIC) display. There is still a little fuel left, but the vehicle's fuel tank should be filled soon.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

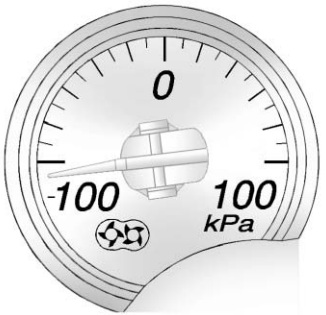
Press the RESET button to acknowledge a DIC message(s). Pressing the RESET button also turns off a DIC message but the LOW FUEL message comes on again in 10 minutes if fuel is not added to the vehicle.

Here are five things that some owners ask about. All these things are normal and do not indicate that anything is wrong with the fuel gauge.

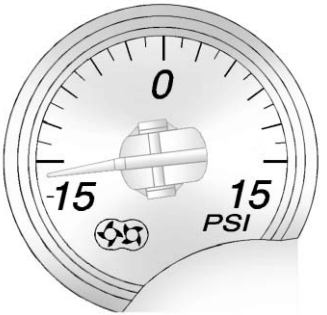
- At the service station, the gas pump shuts off before the gauge reads the full.
- It takes a little more or less fuel to fill up than the gauge indicated. For example, the gauge may have indicated half full, but it took a little more or less than half of the tank's capacity to fill the tank.
- The gauge pointer may move while cornering, braking or speeding up.
- The gauge may not indicate the tank is empty when the ignition is turned off.
- The gauge reading may change slightly within the first several minutes after starting the vehicle.

See “DIC Operation and Displays” in *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25* for more information.

Boost Gauge (ZR1)



Metric



English

This gauge indicates vacuum during light to moderate throttle and boost under heavier throttle.

It displays the air pressure level in the intake manifold before it enters the engine's combustion chamber.

The gauge is automatically centered at zero every time the engine is started. Actual vacuum or boost is displayed from this zero point. Changes in ambient pressure, such as driving in mountains and changing weather, will slightly change the zero reading.

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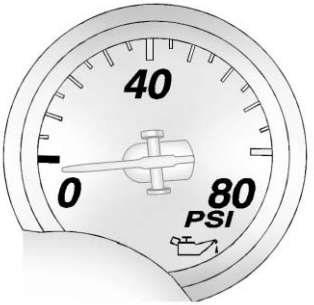
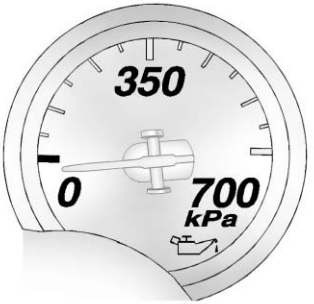
Engine Oil Pressure Gauge

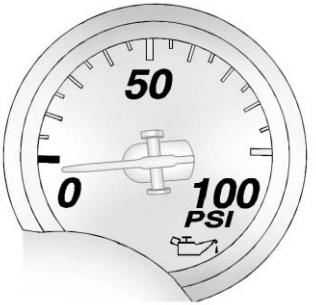
Metric



English



Metric — Z06, 427 Convertible, and ZR1 Models



English — Z06, 427 Convertible, and ZR1 Models

Notice: **Lack of proper engine oil maintenance can damage the engine. Driving with the engine oil low can also damage the engine. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Check the oil level as soon as possible. Add oil if required, but if the oil level is within the operating range and the oil pressure is still low, have the vehicle serviced. Always follow the maintenance schedule for changing engine oil.**

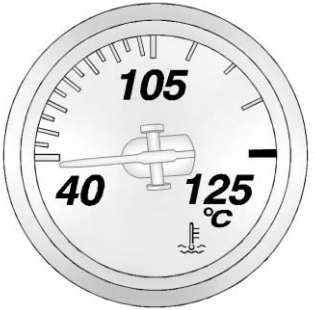
Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

The engine oil pressure gauge shows the engine oil pressure in kPa (kilopascals) or psi (pounds per square inch) when the engine is running.

Oil pressure should be 140 to 550 kPa (20 to 80 psi). In certain situations such as long, extended idles on hot days, it could read as low as 40 kPa (6 psi) and still be considered normal. Oil pressure may exceed 689 kPa (100 psi) when first started or when accelerating. It may vary with engine speed, outside temperature and oil viscosity, but readings above the shaded area show the normal operating range. Readings in the shaded area tell you that the engine is low on oil, or that you might have some other oil problem. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

The engine oil pressure can also be displayed using the gauges button on the Driver Information Center (DIC). See *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge



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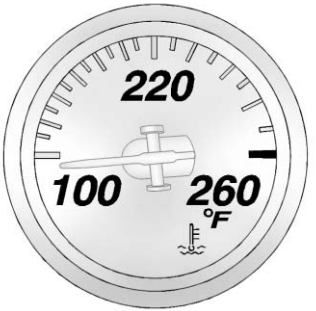


English

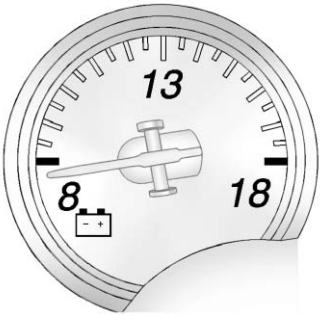
This gauge shows the engine coolant temperature. If the gauge pointer moves into the shaded area, the engine is too hot.

This means that the engine coolant has overheated. If the vehicle has been operating under normal driving conditions, pull off the road, stop the vehicle and turn off the engine as soon as possible.

See *Engine Overheating on page 10-28* for more information.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Voltmeter Gauge



All Except ZR1

The voltmeter shows the voltage output of the battery. It shows the voltage output of the charging system while the engine is running.

The reading changes as the rate of charge changes (with engine speed, for example), but if the voltmeter reads at 9 volts or below, the instrument panel cluster and other systems may shut down. The Driver Information Center (DIC) reads BATTERY VOLTAGE LOW when the vehicle is at 10 volts or below. Have it checked right away. Driving with the voltmeter reading at 10 volts or below could drain the battery and disable the vehicle.

Safety Belt Reminders

Safety Belt Reminder Light

When the engine is started, a chime sounds for several seconds to remind a driver to fasten the safety belt, unless the driver safety belt is already buckled.

The safety belt light comes on and stays on for several seconds, then flashes for several more.

This chime and light are repeated if the driver remains unbuckled and the vehicle is in motion. If the driver safety belt is already buckled, neither the chime nor the light comes on.

Airbag Readiness Light

This light shows if there is an electrical problem with the airbag system. The system check includes the airbag sensor(s), passenger sensing system, the pretensioners, the airbag modules, the wiring, and the crash sensing and diagnostic module. For more information on the airbag system, see *Airbag System on page 3-14*.

The airbag readiness light comes on for several seconds when the vehicle is started. If the light does not come on then, have it fixed immediately.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

⚠ WARNING

If the airbag readiness light stays on after the vehicle is started or comes on while driving, it means the airbag system might not be working properly. The airbags in the vehicle might not inflate in a crash, or they could even inflate without a crash. To help avoid injury, have the vehicle serviced right away.

Passenger Airbag Status Indicator

The vehicle has the passenger sensing system. See *Passenger Sensing System on page 3-20* for important safety information. The rearview mirror has a passenger airbag status indicator.

United States

Canada and Mexico

When the vehicle is started, the passenger airbag status indicator will light ON and OFF, or the symbol for on and off, for several seconds as a system check. Then, after several more seconds, the status indicator will light either ON or OFF, or the on or off symbol, to let you know the status of the front outboard passenger frontal and seat-mounted side impact airbags.

If the word ON or the on symbol is lit on the passenger airbag status indicator, it means that the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag are allowed to inflate.

If the word OFF or the off symbol is lit on the passenger airbag status indicator, it means that the passenger sensing system has turned off the front outboard passenger frontal airbag and seat-mounted side impact airbag.

If, after several seconds, both status indicator lights remain on, or if there are no lights at all, there may be a problem with the lights or the passenger sensing system. See your dealer for service.

⚠ WARNING

If the airbag readiness light ever comes on and stays on, it means that something may be wrong with the airbag system. To help

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

avoid injury to yourself or others, have the vehicle serviced right away. See *Airbag Readiness Light on page 5-16* for more information, including important safety information.

Malfunction Indicator Lamp

A computer system called OBD II (On-Board Diagnostics-Second Generation) monitors the operation of the vehicle to ensure emissions are at acceptable levels, helping to maintain a clean environment. The malfunction indicator lamp comes on when the vehicle is placed in Service Only Mode, as a check to show it is working. If it does not, have the vehicle serviced by your dealer. See *Ignition Positions on page 9-17* for more information.

If the malfunction indicator lamp comes on while the engine is running, this indicates that the OBD II system has detected a problem and diagnosis and service might be required.

Malfunctions often are indicated by the system before any problem is apparent. Being aware of the light can prevent more serious damage to the vehicle. This system also assists the service technician in correctly diagnosing any malfunction.

Notice: **If the vehicle is continually driven with this light on, the emission controls might not work as well, the vehicle fuel economy might not be as good, and the engine might not run as smoothly. This could lead to costly repairs that might not be covered by the vehicle warranty.**

Notice: **Modifications made to the engine, transmission, exhaust, intake, or fuel system of the vehicle or the replacement of the original tires with other than those of the same Tire Performance Criteria (TPC) can affect the vehicle's emission controls and can cause this light to come on. Modifications to these systems could lead to costly repairs not covered by the vehicle warranty. This could also result in a failure to pass a required Emission Inspection/ Maintenance test. See *Accessories and Modifications on page 10-3*.**

This light comes on during a malfunction in one of two ways:

Light Flashing: A misfire condition has been detected. A misfire increases vehicle emissions and

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

could damage the emission control system on the vehicle. Diagnosis and service might be required.

The following can prevent more serious damage to the vehicle:

- Reduce vehicle speed.
- Avoid hard accelerations.
- Avoid steep uphill grades.

If the light continues to flash, find a safe place to stop and park the vehicle. Turn the vehicle off, wait at least 10 seconds, and restart the engine. If the light is still flashing, follow the previous steps and see your dealer for service as soon as possible.

Light On Steady: An emission control system malfunction has been detected on the vehicle. Diagnosis and service might be required.

The following may correct an emission control system malfunction:

- Check that the fuel cap is fully installed. See *Filling the Tank on page 9-47*. The diagnostic system can determine if the fuel cap has been left off or improperly installed. A loose or missing fuel cap allows fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere. A few driving trips with the cap properly installed should turn the light off.
- Check that good quality fuel is used. Poor fuel quality causes the engine not to run as efficiently as designed and may cause: stalling after start-up, stalling when the vehicle is changed into gear, misfiring, hesitation on acceleration, or stumbling on acceleration. These conditions might go away once the engine is warmed up.

If one or more of these conditions occurs, change the fuel brand used. It may require at least one full tank of the proper fuel to turn the light off.

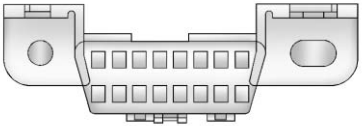
See *Recommended Fuel on page 9-44*.

If none of the above have made the light turn off, your dealer can check the vehicle. The dealer has the proper test equipment and diagnostic tools to fix any mechanical or electrical problems that might have developed.

Emissions Inspection and Maintenance Programs

Depending on where you live, your vehicle may be required to participate in an emission control system inspection and maintenance program. For the inspection, the emission system test equipment will likely connect to the vehicle's Data Link Connector (DLC).

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS



The DLC is under the instrument panel to the left of the steering wheel. See your dealer if assistance is needed.

The vehicle may not pass inspection if:

- The malfunction indicator lamp is on with the engine running, or if the vehicle is placed in Service Only Mode and the malfunction indicator lamp does not come on. See your dealer for assistance in verifying proper operation of the malfunction indicator lamp.
- The OBD II (On-Board Diagnostics) system determines that critical emission control systems have not been completely diagnosed. The vehicle would be considered not ready for inspection. This can happen if the 12-volt battery has recently been replaced or run down. The diagnostic system is designed to evaluate critical emission control systems during normal driving. This can take several days of routine driving. If this has been done and the vehicle still does not pass the inspection for lack of OBD II system readiness, your dealer can prepare the vehicle for inspection.

Brake System Warning Light

The vehicle brake system consists of two hydraulic circuits. If one circuit is not working, the remaining circuit can still work to stop the vehicle. For normal braking performance, both circuits need to be working.

BRAKE

Metric **English**

This light comes on briefly while starting the engine. If it does not come on, have it fixed so it is ready to warn if there is a problem.

⚠ WARNING

The brake system might not be working properly if the brake system warning light is on. Driving with the brake system warning light on can lead to a crash. If the light is still on after the vehicle has been pulled off the road and carefully stopped, have the vehicle towed for service.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

If this warning light stays on after the engine is started, the parking brake may still be set or there could be a brake problem. Refer to *Parking Brake on page 9-32* to see if it is set. If the parking brake is not set, have the brake system inspected right away.

If the light comes on while driving and a CHECK BRAKE FLUID message shows on the DIC, pull off the road and stop carefully. The pedal may be harder to push or the pedal may go closer to the floor. It may take longer to stop. If the light is still on, have the vehicle towed for service. See *Towing the Vehicle on page 10-78* and *Brake System Messages on page 5-34* for more information.

Antilock Brake System (ABS) Warning Light

For vehicles with the Antilock Brake System (ABS), this light comes on briefly when the engine is started.

If it does not, have the vehicle serviced by your dealer. If the system is working normally the indicator light then goes off.

If the ABS light stays on, turn the ignition off. If the light comes on while driving, stop as soon as it is safely possible and turn the ignition off. Then start the engine again to reset the system. If the ABS light stays on, or comes on again while driving, the vehicle needs service. If the regular brake system warning light is not on, the vehicle still has brakes, but not antilock brakes. If the regular brake system warning light is also on, the vehicle does not have antilock brakes and there is a problem with the regular brakes. See *Brake System Warning Light on page 5-20*.

One-to-Four Shift Light (Manual Transmission)

When this light comes on, the vehicle can only be shifted from 1 (First) to 4 (Fourth) instead of 1 (First) to 2 (Second).

The shift must be completed into 4 (Fourth) to turn off this feature. This helps the vehicle get the best possible fuel economy.

After shifting to 4 (Fourth), the vehicle can be downshifted to a lower gear.

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Notice: **Forcing the shift lever into any gear except 4 (Fourth) when the 1 TO 4 SHIFT light comes on may damage the transmission. Shift only from 1 (First) to 4 (Fourth) when the light comes on.**

This light comes on when:

- The engine coolant temperature is higher than 76°C (169°F).
- The vehicle is going 24 to 31 km/h (15 to 19 mph).
- The vehicle is at 21 percent throttle or less.

Traction Off Light

This light comes on briefly while starting the engine. If it does not, have the vehicle serviced by your dealer. If the system is working normally, the indicator light then turns off.

The traction off light comes on when the Traction Control System (TCS) has been turned off by pressing and releasing the traction control button.

This light and the Active Handling light come on when Active Handling is turned off.

If the TCS is off, wheelspin is not limited. Adjust driving accordingly.

See *Active Handling System on page 9-34* and *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* for more information.

StabiliTrak® OFF Light

This light comes on briefly as the engine is started. If the light does not, have the vehicle serviced by your dealer. If the system is working normally the light goes off.

This light also comes on while the vehicle is in the Competitive Driving Mode.

For the ZR1 this light comes on when Performance Traction mode is activated, along with DIC messages for the five traction modes.

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This light comes on when the Active Handling system is turned off.
If Active Handling is off, the Traction Control System (TCS) is also off.

If the TCS is off, the system does not assist in controlling the vehicle. Turn on the TCS and the Active Handling systems and the warning light turns off.

See *Active Handling System on page 9-34* and *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* for more information.

Active Handling System Light

The Active Handling System light comes on briefly while starting the engine. If it does not, have the vehicle serviced by your dealer.

If the light stays on or comes on while driving, a chime sounds and a SERVICE ACTIVE HANDLING SYSTEM message appears on the DIC and the vehicle need service.

When the Active Handling System is turned off, the light comes on, a chime sounds, and the TRACTION SYSTEM AND ACTIVE HANDLING– OFF message displays in the DIC. The Traction Control System is off and the Active Handling System does not assist with controlling the vehicle.

When the Active Handling System is turned back on, the light turns off, a chime sounds, and the TRACTION SYSTEM AND ACTIVE HANDLING– ON message displays in the DIC.

See *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42* for more information.

Tire Pressure Light

For vehicles with the Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS), this light comes on briefly when the engine is started. It provides information about tire pressures and the TPMS.

When the Light Is On Steady

This indicates that one or more of the tires are significantly underinflated.

A Driver Information Center (DIC) tire pressure message may also display. See *Tire Messages on page 5-48*. Stop as soon as possible, and inflate the tires to the pressure value shown on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*.

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When the Light Flashes First and Then Is On Steady

If the light flashes for about a minute and then stays on, there may be a problem with the TPMS. If the problem is not corrected, the light will come on at every ignition cycle. See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation on page 10-63*.

Security Light

The security light should come on briefly as the engine is started. If the system is working normally, the indicator light turns off. If it does not come on, have the vehicle serviced by your dealer.

If the light stays on and the engine does not start, there could be a problem with the theft-deterrent system.

This light is also used to indicate the status of the anti-theft alarm system when the ignition is turned off. The light will flash rapidly if the alarm system is arming and one or more of the monitored entry points is not closed. The light will stay on if the alarm is arming and all entry points are closed.

For information regarding this light and the vehicle's security system, see *Vehicle Alarm System on page 2-12*.

High-Beam On Light

This light comes on when the high-beam headlamps are in use.

See *Headlamp High/Low-Beam Changer on page 6-2*.

Front Fog Lamp Light

The front fog lamp light comes on when the fog lamps are in use.

The light goes out when the fog lamps are turned off. See *Fog Lamps on page 6-5*.

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Lamps On Reminder

This light comes on whenever the parking lamps are on.

See *Exterior Lamps Off Reminder on page 6-2* for more information.

Information Displays

Driver Information Center (DIC)

The Driver Information Center (DIC) displays on the instrument cluster and shows driver personalization features and warning/status messages.

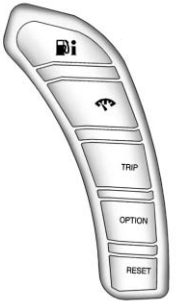
The DIC comes on when the ignition is turned on. After displaying CORVETTE BY CHEVROLET, the DIC shows the information that was last displayed before the engine was turned off.

If a problem is detected, a warning message appears on the DIC display. See *Vehicle Messages on page 5-33* for more information.

DIC Operation and Displays

Depending on the features on the vehicle, the drive gear may display on the DIC. See “Manual Paddle Shift” under *Automatic Transmission on page 9-24* and *Head-Up Display (HUD) on page 5-29* for more information.

The Driver Information Center (DIC) has different modes which can be accessed by pressing the following buttons located on the instrument panel, to the right of the instrument cluster.



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(Fuel): Press this button to display fuel information such as fuel economy and range.

(Gauges): Press this button to display gauge information like oil pressure and temperature, coolant temperature, automatic transmission fluid temperature, if equipped, battery voltage, and front/rear tire pressures.

TRIP: Press this button to display your total and trip distance driven, the elapsed time function, your average speed, and the engine oil life.

OPTION: Press this button to choose personal options that are available on your vehicle, depending on the options your vehicle is equipped with, such as door locks, easy entry seats, and language.

RESET: Press this button, used along with the other buttons, to reset system functions, select personal options, and turn off or acknowledge messages on the DIC.

Fuel Button

The fuel button displays average fuel economy and instantaneous fuel economy, calculated for your specific driving conditions, and range information.

Average Fuel Economy: The average fuel economy is viewed as a long-term approximation of your overall driving conditions. You should reset the average fuel economy display every time you refuel. If you press the RESET button in this mode while you are driving, the system will reset this display and begin figuring fuel economy from that point in time.

Press the fuel button to display average fuel economy, such as:

- AVERAGE FUEL ECONOMY 11.7 L/100 km or
- AVERAGE FUEL ECONOMY 20.1 MPG

Instantaneous Fuel Economy: Instantaneous fuel economy reflects only the fuel economy that the vehicle has right now and will change frequently as driving conditions change. Unlike average fuel economy, this menu item cannot be reset.

Press the fuel button again to display instantaneous fuel economy, such as:

- INSTANT FUEL ECONOMY 11.7 L/100 km or
- INSTANT FUEL ECONOMY 20.1 MPG

Fuel Range: The range calculates the remaining distance you can drive without refueling. It is based on fuel economy and the fuel remaining in the tank.

Press the fuel button again to display the range, such as:

- RANGE 48 km or
- RANGE 30 MI

If the LOW FUEL warning is displayed or if RANGE is less than 64 km (40 miles), the display will read RANGE LOW.

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The fuel economy data used to determine fuel range is an average of recent driving conditions. As your driving conditions change, this data is gradually updated automatically.

If the vehicle has been idling for a long time, the range displayed on the DIC could be abnormally low. The vehicle must be driven 8 to 16 km (5 to 10 miles) to get an accurate reading.

Gauges Button

The gauges button displays oil pressure, oil temperature, coolant temperature, transmission fluid temperature for automatic transmission vehicles only, battery voltage, and tire pressure information.

Oil Pressure: This display shows the oil pressure.

Press the gauges button to display the oil pressure, such as:

- OIL PRESSURE 276 kPa or
- OIL PRESSURE 40 PSI

Oil Temperature: This display shows the oil temperature.

Press the gauges button again to display the oil temperature, such as:

- OIL TEMPERATURE 112°C or
- OIL TEMPERATURE 234°F

If the oil temperature is low, the display will show OIL TEMPERATURE LOW. If the oil temperature is high, the display will show OIL TEMPERATURE HIGH.

Coolant Temperature: This display shows the engine coolant temperature.

Press the gauges button again to display the coolant temperature, such as:

- COOLANT TEMPERATURE 51°C or
- COOLANT TEMPERATURE 123°F

If the coolant temperature is low, the display will show COOLANT TEMPERATURE LOW. If the coolant temperature is high, the display will show COOLANT TEMPERATURE HIGH.

Transmission Fluid Temperature: If you have an automatic transmission vehicle, this display shows the automatic transmission fluid temperature.

Press the gauges button again to display the automatic transmission fluid temperature, such as:

- TRANS FLUID TEMP 51°C or
- TRANS FLUID TEMP 123°F

If the transmission fluid temperature is low, the display will show TRANS FLUID TEMP LOW. If the transmission fluid temperature is high, the display will show TRANS FLUID TEMP HIGH.

Battery Voltage: This display shows the current battery voltage.

Press the gauges button again to display the battery voltage, such as:

- BATTERY VOLTAGE 13.5 VOLTS

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Tire Pressure: This display shows the tire pressure for each tire.

Press the gauges button again to display the tire pressure for the front tires, such as:

- FRONT TIRE PRESSURES L 234 kPa R 228 kPa or
- FRONT TIRE PRESSURES L 34 PSI R 33 PSI

Press the gauges button again to display the tire pressure for the rear tires, such as:

- REAR TIRE PRESSURES L 234 kPa R 228 kPa or
- REAR TIRE PRESSURES L 34 PSI R 33 PSI

TRIP Button

The TRIP button displays the odometer, trip distance, elapsed time, average speed, and oil life remaining information.

Odometer: The odometer shows how far your vehicle has been driven in either kilometers or miles. Press the TRIP button to display odometer readings, such as:

- ODOMETER 20008 km or
- ODOMETER 12345 MI

You can also display the odometer by turning on the parking lamps.

Trip Odometers: There are two trip odometers. Press the TRIP button to display TRIP ODOMETER A readings and press the button again to display TRIP ODOMETER B readings, such as:

- TRIP ODOMETER A 209.9 km or
- TRIP ODOMETER A 130.5 MI
- TRIP ODOMETER B 483.5 km or
- TRIP ODOMETER B 300.5 MI

Both of the trip odometers can be used simultaneously. The trip odometers can be reset by pressing the RESET button on the DIC.

The trip odometers are able to display up to 3217.9 km (1999.9 mi). This display will roll over to 0.0 if the maximum displayed miles or kilometers are reached.

There is also a miles since last ignition feature that displays the number of kilometers (miles) driven since you last started the vehicle. Press and hold the RESET button for three seconds, then release it. The kilometers (miles) since the last ignition cycle will be set into the trip odometer.

Elapsed Timer: Press the TRIP button until ELAPSED TIMER is displayed, such as ELAPSED TIMER .00.

When the ignition is in on, the DIC can be used as a stopwatch. The display can show hours, minutes, and seconds. The elapsed time indicator will record up to 23 hours,

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59 minutes, and 59 seconds, then it will reset to zero and continue counting. The display appears as ELAPSED TIMER .00 in the elapsed time function.

You can start or stop the elapsed time by pressing the RESET button. To reset the elapsed time to zero, press the RESET button for three seconds while the timer is displayed.

Pressing and holding the RESET button for at least 10 seconds will reset the timer display to the time since last ignition cycle.

Average Speed: Press the TRIP button until the average speed is displayed, such as:

- AVERAGE SPEED 100 km/h or
- AVERAGE SPEED 62 MPH

Press and hold the RESET button to reset to 0.0 km/h (mph).

Engine Oil Life: Press the TRIP button until the engine oil life is displayed, such as OIL LIFE REMAINING 89%.

This is an estimate of the engine oil's remaining useful life. It will show 100% when the system is reset after an oil change. It will alert you to change the oil on a schedule consistent with your driving conditions.

When the remaining oil life is low, the system will alert you with the message CHANGE ENGINE OIL.

Remember, you must reset the engine oil life system yourself after each oil change. It will not reset itself. To reset the system, see *Engine Oil Life System on page 10-19*. Be careful not to reset the engine oil life system accidentally at any time other than when the oil has just been changed. It cannot be reset accurately until the next oil change.

See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3* and *Engine Oil on page 10-13* for more information.

OPTION Button

The OPTION button allows you to access the PERSONAL OPTIONS menu and customize the personalization settings on your vehicle. See *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52* for more information.

RESET Button

The RESET button, used along with other buttons, will reset system functions and turn off or acknowledge messages on the DIC.

Head-Up Display (HUD)

⚠ WARNING

If the HUD image is too bright, or too high in your field of view, it may take you more time to see things you need to see when it is dark outside. Be sure to keep the HUD image dim and placed low in your field of view.

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For vehicles with the Head-Up Display (HUD), you can see some of the driver information that appears on the instrument panel cluster.

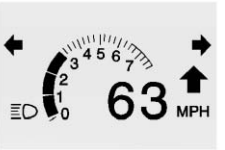
The information may be displayed in English or metric units and appears as an image focused out toward the front of the vehicle. The HUD consists of the following information:

- Speedometer
- Turn Signal Indicators
- High-Beam Indicator Symbol
- Tachometer
- Manual Paddle Shift Gear Indicator (If Equipped)

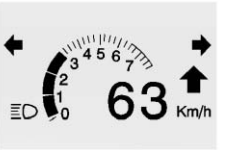
  These displays on the HUD are for use when using the manual paddle shift controls to shift the transmission. See “Manual Paddle Shift” in *Automatic Transmission on page 9-24*.
- Shift Light

  This light is used for performance driving to indicate that the vehicle's best performance level has been reached to shift the transmission into the next higher gear. An arrow pointing up will light up on the display just prior to reaching the engine fuel cut-off mode. This cut-off is about 6,500 rpm for the LS3 engine, 6,600 rpm for the LS9 & ZR1 engines, and 7,000 rpm for the LS7 engine.
- Check Gauges Warning
- Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge
- Transmission Fluid Temperature Gauge, (Automatic Transmission Vehicles Only)
- Engine Oil Temperature Gauge
- Engine Oil Pressure Gauge
- G-Force Gauge
- Boost Gauge (If Equipped)
- Audio Functions, Street Mode Only
- Navigation, Only with Navigation Radio, Turn-by-Turn Guidance. Street Mode Only

There are three HUD modes that can be viewed in the HUD display. Press the MODE button to scroll through these modes in the following order:



English



Metric

Street Mode supports audio and navigation functions with your choice of tachometer settings.

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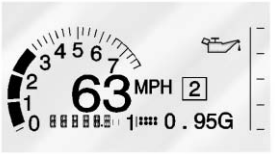


English

Metric

Track Mode 1 supports the G-Force gauge and minor gauges with a circular tachometer.

English

Metric

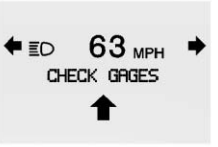
Track Mode 2 supports G-Force gauges, boost gauge w/ZR1, and minor gauges with a linear tachometer.

When the desired HUD display has been selected, release the MODE button.

Within each mode, the display, can be further customized by pressing the PAGE button. Pressing this button in each mode will turn off and on the following:

- Street Mode — No tachometer, circular tachometer, and linear tachometer.
- Track Modes 1 and 2 — No minor gauge, coolant temperature, transmission oil temperature (Automatic Transmission only), engine oil temperature, engine oil pressure, and boost gauge.

While in Track Mode 1 or 2, the maximum G value achieved during the current ignition cycle can be displayed by pressing and holding the PAGE button. The maximum G display will be shown until the PAGE button is released. The maximum G value display will be identical to the normal G value display, except the maximum G gauge digits (X.XX G) and corresponding G gauge bar will overwrite the current G value.



English

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Metric

Be sure to continue scanning the displays, controls, and driving environment just as you would in a vehicle without HUD. If you never look at the instrument panel cluster, you may miss something important, such as a warning light. Under important warning conditions, the CHECK GAGES warning will illuminate in the HUD. View your Driver Information Center (DIC) for more information.

The HUD controls are located to the left of the steering wheel.

To adjust the HUD so it can be seen properly, do the following:

1. Start the engine and press the HUD dimmer control all the way up by pressing the (+) button.

   The brightness of the HUD image is determined by the light conditions in the direction the vehicle is facing and where you have the HUD dimmer control set. If you are facing a dark object or a heavily shaded area, the HUD may anticipate that you are entering a dark area and may begin to dim.

   It is possible for sunlight to enter the HUD making it difficult to see the image. The display will return to normal when the sunlight is no longer entering the HUD.
2. Adjust the seat to a comfortable driving position. If your seat position changes, the HUD may need to be re-adjusted.
3. Press the up or down arrows to center the HUD image in your view.

   The HUD image can only be adjusted up and down, not side to side.
4. Press the dimmer control downward until the HUD image is no brighter than necessary.

To turn HUD off, press and hold the (–) button until the HUD display turns off.

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If the sun comes out or it becomes cloudy, the HUD brightness may need to be adjusted again using the dimmer control. Polarized sunglasses could make the HUD image harder to see.

The HUD information can be displayed in one of six languages including English, Spanish, French, German, Italian, or Japanese. The speedometer can be displayed in either English or metric units.

To change the language and unit selections, see “Entering the Personal Options Menu” under *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

Clean the inside of the windshield as needed to remove any dirt or film that reduces the sharpness or clarity of the HUD image.

To clean the HUD, spray household glass cleaner on a soft, clean cloth. Wipe the HUD lens gently, then dry it. Do not spray cleaner directly on the lens because the cleaner could leak into the unit.

If the ignition is on and the HUD image cannot be seen, check to see if:

- Something is covering the HUD unit.
- The HUD dimmer control is adjusted properly.
- The HUD image is adjusted to the proper height.
- Ambient light is low, in the direction the vehicle is facing.
- A fuse is blown. See *Fuses and Circuit Breakers on page 10-45*.

Keep in mind that the windshield is part of the HUD system. See *Windshield Replacement on page 10-40*.

Vehicle Messages

Messages displayed on the DIC indicate the status of the vehicle or some action may be needed to correct a condition. Multiple messages may appear one after another.

The messages that do not require immediate action can be acknowledged and cleared by pressing the RESET button.

The messages that require immediate action cannot be cleared until that action is performed. All messages should be taken seriously and clearing the messages does not correct the problem.

Battery Voltage and Charging Messages

BATTERY SAVER ACTIVE

This message displays when the vehicle has detected that the battery voltage is dropping beyond a reasonable point. The battery saver

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system starts reducing certain features of the vehicle that you may be able to notice. At the point that features are disabled, this message is displayed. It means that the vehicle is trying to save the charge in the battery. Turn off unnecessary accessories to allow the battery to recharge.

BATTERY VOLTAGE HIGH

See *Voltmeter Gauge on page 5-16*.

BATTERY VOLTAGE LOW

See *Voltmeter Gauge on page 5-16*.

SERVICE CHARGING SYSTEM

If this message displays while you are driving, there may be a problem with the electrical charging system. It could mean that there is a loose or broken drive belt or that there is another electrical problem. Have the vehicle checked right away by your dealer. Driving while this message is on could drain the battery.

If you must drive a short distance with the message on, be certain to turn off the vehicle's accessories, such as the radio and air conditioner.

Multiple chimes sound when this message is displayed.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. The message reappears every 10 minutes until this condition changes.

Brake System Messages

ABS (Antilock Brake System) ACTIVE

This message displays when the Antilock Brake System (ABS) is adjusting brake pressure to help avoid a braking skid.

Slippery road conditions may exist if this message is displayed, so adjust your driving accordingly. The message stays on for a few seconds after the system stops adjusting brake pressure. See *Antilock Brake System (ABS) on page 9-31* for more information.

CHANGE BRAKE PADS

On vehicles with electronic brake pad wear sensors, this message will be displayed when the pads are worn. See your dealer for service.

CHECK BRAKE FLUID

This message displays, a sound will be heard, and the brake system warning light on the instrument panel cluster turns on if the ignition is on to inform the driver that the brake fluid level is low. See *Brake System Warning Light on page 5-20*. Have the brake system serviced by your dealer as soon as possible. See *Brakes on page 10-32*.

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SERVICE ANTILOCK BRAKES

If this message displays while you are driving, stop as soon as possible and turn the ignition off. Then start the engine again to reset the system. If the message stays on, or comes back on again while you are driving, the vehicle is in need of service. See your dealer. If the antilock brake system (ABS) warning light is on and the regular brake system warning light is not on, you still have brakes, but do not have ABS. If the regular brake system warning light is also on, you do not have ABS and there is a problem with the brakes. See *Antilock Brake System (ABS) Warning Light on page 5-21* and *Brake System Warning Light on page 5-20*.

If this message is displayed, the Traction Control System (TCS) and the Active Handling System will also be disabled. The DIC will scroll three messages: SERVICE ANTILOCK BRAKES, SERVICE TRACTION SYSTEM, and SERVICE ACTIVE HANDLING, and the instrument panel cluster lights will come on along with a sound. When the service message is displayed, the computer controlled systems will not assist the driver. Have the system repaired by your dealer as soon as possible. Adjust your driving accordingly.

To acknowledge these messages, press the RESET button.

Convertible Top Messages

ATTACH TRUNK PARTITION

If the vehicle has a power convertible top, this message displays and a sound will be heard if the trunk partition is not in place. Open the hatch/trunk and make sure the trunk partition is secure and no objects are on the trunk partition. See *Rear Storage on page 4-1* for more information.

CLOSE TRUNK TO MOVE TOP

This message displays and a sound will be heard if the trunk is open while you are trying to operate the convertible top. Make sure the trunk is closed before operating the convertible top. See *Convertible Top on page 2-21*.

SET PARK BRAKE TO MOVE TOP

If the vehicle has a manual transmission, this message displays and a sound will be heard if you try to operate the power convertible top without first setting the parking brake. Set the parking brake before trying to operate the power convertible top. See *Convertible Top on page 2-21* for more information.

SHIFT TO PARK OR SET PARK BRAKE FOR TOP

If the vehicle has an automatic transmission, this message displays and a sound will be heard if you try to operate the power convertible top without first shifting into P (Park) or

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setting the parking brake. Either shift the vehicle into P (Park) or set the parking brake before trying to operate the power convertible top. See *Convertible Top on page 2-21* for more information.

TOO COLD TO MOVE TOP

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the power convertible top button is pressed and the power convertible top pump motor temperature is below −20°C (−4°F). Wait for the power convertible top pump motor to warm up before using the power convertible top.

TOP MOTOR OVER TEMPERATURE

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the power convertible top button is pressed and the power convertible top pump motor temperature is over 105°C (221°F). Wait for the power convertible top pump motor to cool down before using the power convertible top.

TOP NOT SECURE

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the power convertible top button is released before the top open or close operation is complete or if the top is closed without the header latch engaged. Press and hold the convertible top button to fully open or close the top, and make sure that the header latch is engaged after the top is closed.

UNLATCH HEADER TO MOVE TOP

This message displays and a sound will be heard if you try to lower the convertible top without first unlocking the top. Move the latch handle to unlock the convertible top. See *Convertible Top on page 2-21*.

Cruise Control Messages

CRUISE DISENGAGED

This message displays briefly when you disengage the cruise control system by stepping on the brake on an automatic transmission vehicle or the clutch on a manual transmission vehicle, or by turning off the cruise control switch. See *Cruise Control on page 9-41* for more information.

CRUISE SET TO XXX MPH (XXX km/h)

See *Cruise Control on page 9-41*.

Door Ajar Messages

DRIVER DOOR AJAR

This message displays if the driver door is not closed properly. Make sure that the door is closed completely.

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HATCH AJAR (Coupe)

This message displays when the hatch is not closed completely. Make sure that the hatch is closed completely. See *Hatch on page 2-10* for more information.

PASSENGER DOOR AJAR

This message displays if the passenger door is not closed properly. Make sure that the door is closed completely.

TONNEAU AJAR (Convertible)

This message displays when the convertible top is not closed completely. Make sure that the top is closed completely. See *Convertible Top on page 2-21* for more information.

TRUNK AJAR (Convertible)

This message displays when the trunk is not closed completely. Make sure that the trunk is closed completely. See *Hatch on page 2-10* for more information.

Engine Cooling System Messages

CHECK COOLANT LEVEL

This message displays when the engine coolant level is low. Have the cooling system serviced by your dealer as soon as possible. See *Engine Coolant on page 10-25*.

COOLANT OVER TEMPERATURE

This message displays and a sound will be heard if the engine coolant exceeds 124°C (255°F). If you have been operating the vehicle under normal driving conditions, pull off the road, stop the vehicle, and turn off the engine as soon as possible.

You can monitor the coolant temperature with the gauges button on the DIC or the engine coolant temperature gauge on the instrument panel cluster. See *Engine Overheating on page 10-28*, *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*, and *Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge on page 5-15*.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. The message and sound will come back on until this condition changes. If you do not press the RESET button, the message remains on until the condition changes.

ENGINE OVERHEATED– STOP ENGINE

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the engine has overheated. Stop and turn the engine off immediately to avoid severe engine damage. See *Engine Overheating on page 10-28*.

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ENGINE PROTECTION REDUCE ENGINE RPM

This message displays if the engine oil temperature exceeds 160°C (320°F). Check the engine coolant temperature and engine oil level. If the engine is too hot, see *Engine Overheating on page 10-28*. The vehicle may need service, so see your dealer.

You can monitor the oil temperature with the gauges button on the DIC. See *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

Multiple chimes sound when this message is displayed. This message remains displayed and active until the issue is resolved.

HOT ENGINE AIR CONDITIONING OFF

This message displays when the engine coolant becomes hotter than the normal operating temperature. To avoid added strain on a hot engine, the air conditioning compressor is automatically turned off. When the coolant temperature returns to normal, the A/C operation automatically resumes. You can continue to drive the vehicle. If this message continues to appear, have the system repaired by your dealer as soon as possible to avoid compressor damage.

Engine Oil Messages

CHANGE ENGINE OIL

This message displays when the life of the engine oil has expired. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3*. After an oil change, the engine oil life system must be reset. See “Engine Oil Life” under *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*. Also, see *Engine Oil on page 10-13* and *Engine Oil Life System on page 10-19* for more information.

CHECK OIL LEVEL

On some vehicles, this message displays and two chimes sound if the oil level in the vehicle is low. Once the vehicle senses a change in the engine oil level, the light remains off.

If this message appears after starting the engine, the engine oil level may be too low. You may need to add oil. See *Engine Overheating on page 10-28*.

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To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. The message reappears every 10 minutes until this condition changes.

LOW OIL PRESSURE

This message displays if low oil pressure levels occur. If this message appears while the engine is running, stop the engine and do not operate it until the cause of low oil pressure is corrected. Severe damage to the engine can result. A sound will be heard when this message is displayed. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

Engine Power Messages

ENGINE DRAG CONTROL ACTIVE

This message displays when engine drag control is active. When driving in a lower gear in rainy, snowy, or icy conditions and then letting up on the accelerator or downshifting, the rear wheels may begin to slip and this message displays. This message stays on for a few seconds following the engine drag control event.

REDUCED ENGINE POWER

If this message displays and the check engine light comes on, a noticeable reduction in the vehicle's performance may occur. If the REDUCED ENGINE POWER message is displayed, but there is no reduction in performance, proceed to your destination. The performance may be reduced the next time the vehicle is driven.

The vehicle may be driven at a reduced speed while the REDUCED ENGINE POWER message is displayed, but acceleration and speed may be reduced. Anytime the check engine light stays on, the vehicle should be taken to your dealer as soon as possible for diagnosis and repair. See *Malfunction Indicator Lamp on page 5-18* for more information.

Multiple chimes sound when this message is displayed.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. The message reappears every five minutes until this condition changes.

If the REDUCED ENGINE POWER message is displayed in combination with the COOLANT OVER TEMPERATURE message, see *Engine Overheating on page 10-28*.

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Fuel System Messages

CHECK GAS CAP

This message displays if the fuel cap has not been fully tightened. Check the fuel cap to make sure that it is on properly. Once tightened, it takes at least one overnight park to reset or clear this message. If both the CHECK GAS CAP message and the malfunction indicator lamp in the instrument panel cluster are on, you may need to see your dealer for service. See *Malfunction Indicator Lamp on page 5-18* for more information.

LOW FUEL

This message displays when the fuel tank is less than 10 percent full and the display is turned off.
A sound will be heard when this message is displayed. Refill the fuel tank as soon as possible. See *Fuel Gauge on page 5-12*.

SERVICE FUEL SYSTEM

This message displays if the Powertrain Control Module (PCM) has detected a problem within the fuel system. Have the vehicle serviced by your dealer. This message also displays when the cluster is not getting fuel information from the PCM.

Key and Lock Messages

FOB AUTOLEARN WAIT XX MINUTES

See “Matching Transmitter(s) to Your Vehicle” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

FOB BATTERY LOW

See “Battery Replacement” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

KNOWN FOB

See “Matching Transmitter(s) to Your Vehicle” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF FOBS LEARNED

See “Matching Transmitter(s) to Your Vehicle” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

NO FOBS DETECTED

This message displays if the vehicle does not detect the presence of a Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitter when you have attempted to start the vehicle or a vehicle door has just closed. The following conditions may cause this message to appear.

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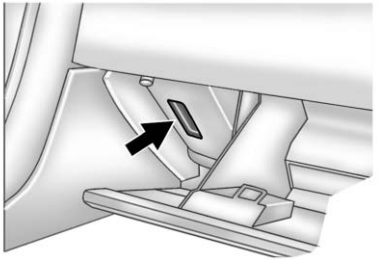
- Driver-added equipment plugged into the accessory power outlet on the center console is causing interference. Examples of these devices are cell phones and cell phone chargers, two-way radios, power inverters, or similar items. Try moving the RKE transmitter away from these devices when starting the vehicle. In addition, PDA devices and remote garage and gate openers may also generate Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) that may interfere with the RKE transmitter. Do not carry the RKE transmitter in the same pocket or bag as these devices.
- The vehicle is experiencing Electromagnetic Interference (EMI). Some locations, such as airports, automatic toll booths, and some gas stations have EMI fields which may interfere with the RKE transmitter.



If moving the transmitter to different locations within the vehicle does not help, place the transmitter in the glove box transmitter pocket with the buttons facing to the right and then press the START button.

- The vehicle's battery voltage is low. The battery voltage must be above 10 volts for the RKE transmitter to be detected properly.

NO FOB - OFF OR RUN?

This message displays when the RKE transmitter is not detected inside the vehicle while you are trying to turn the ignition off. The vehicle may be near a strong radio antenna signal causing the RKE system to be jammed. The vehicle will remain in ACCESSORY until the vehicle is turned off or is restarted, or five minutes has expired. If you turn the ignition off and you cannot find the RKE transmitter, you will not be able to restart the vehicle. The RKE transmitter needs to be inside the vehicle in order for the vehicle to start. See *Starting the Engine on page 9-19* for more information.

OFF–ACCESSORY TO LEARN

See “Matching Transmitter(s) to Your Vehicle” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

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READY FOR FOB #X

See “Matching Transmitter(s) to Your Vehicle” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3*.

Lamp Messages

HEADLAMPS SUGGESTED

This message displays if it is dark enough outside and the headlamps and the Twilight Sentinel® controls are off. This message informs the driver that turning on the exterior lamps is recommended. It has become dark enough outside to require the headlamps and/or other exterior lamps.

TURN SIGNAL ON

This message displays and a sound will be heard if a turn signal is left on for 1.2 km (three-quarters of a mile). Move the turn signal/ multifunction lever to the off position.

To acknowledge this message, press the RESET button.

Ride Control System Messages

ACTIVE HANDLING

This message displays when the Active Handling System is operating. The Active Handling System is a computer controlled system that assists the driver in controlling the vehicle in difficult driving conditions. You may feel or hear the system working and see the ACTIVE HANDLING message displayed in the DIC. This message stays on for a few seconds following the active handling event. This is normal when the system is operating. See *Active Handling System on page 9-34* and *Braking on page 9-3*.

ACTIVE HANDLING READY

This message displays when the functional check of the Active Handling System has been completed. See *Active Handling System on page 9-34* for more information.

COMPETITIVE DRIVING MODE

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the Competitive Driving mode is selected. The instrument panel cluster light will be on when the Competitive Driving mode is selected. If your vehicle is equipped with a manual transmission, Launch Control is available when this mode is selected. The Traction Control System (TCS) will not be operating while in the Competitive Driving mode. Adjust your driving accordingly. This system is available on all models except Z06 with

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Magnetic Ride Control. See *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35*, including the “Launch Control” information.

MAXIMUM SPEED 129 km/h (80 MPH)

This message displays when a malfunction is present in the Selective Ride Control system. The vehicle speed will be limited to a value determined by the vehicle when the shock absorber system has failed and the shocks are in their full soft mode. Have the vehicle serviced by your dealer as soon as possible.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. The message reappears every 10 minutes until this condition changes.

PERF TRAC 1 – WET ACTIVE HANDLING ON

This message displays and a sound will be heard when this Performance Traction Management mode is selected. The instrument panel cluster light will also be on when this mode is selected. Launch Control is available when this mode is selected. In this mode the Traction Control and Active Handling System are available but intended for use on wet race track conditions. Adjust your driving accordingly. This system is available only on ZR1 and Z06 models. See “Performance Traction Management” and “Launch Control” under *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35* for more information about the use of this mode.

PERF TRAC 2 – DRY ACTIVE HANDLING ON

This message displays and a sound will be heard when this Performance Traction Management mode is selected. The instrument panel cluster light will also be on when this mode is selected. Launch Control is available when this mode is selected. In this mode the Traction Control and Active Handling System are available but intended for use on dry race track conditions. Adjust your driving accordingly. This system is available only on ZR1 and Z06 models. See “Performance Traction Management” and “Launch Control” under *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35* for more information about the use of this mode.

PERF TRAC 3 – SPORT ACTIVE HANDLING ON

This message displays and a sound will be heard when this Performance Traction Management mode is selected. The instrument panel

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cluster light will also be on when this mode is selected. Launch Control is available when this mode is selected. In this mode the Traction Control and Active Handling System are available but intended for use on dry race track conditions. Adjust your driving accordingly. This system is available only on ZR1 and Z06 models. See "Performance Traction Management" and "Launch Control" under *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35* for more information about the use of this mode.

PERF TRAC 4 – SPORT ACTIVE HANDLING OFF

This message displays and a sound will be heard when this Performance Traction Management mode is selected. The instrument panel cluster light will also be on when this mode is selected. Launch Control is available when this mode is selected. In this mode the Traction Control is available but intended for use on dry race track conditions. The Active Handling System is disabled when this mode is selected. This mode will require more driver skill than modes 1-3. Adjust your driving accordingly. This system is available only on ZR1 and Z06 models. See "Performance Traction Management" and "Launch Control" under *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35* for more information about the use of this mode.

PERF TRAC 5 – RACE ACTIVE HANDLING OFF

This message displays and a sound will be heard when this Performance Traction Management mode is selected. The instrument panel cluster light will also be on when this mode is selected. Launch Control is available when this mode is selected. In this mode the Traction Control is available but intended for use on dry race track conditions. The Active Handling System is disabled when this mode is selected. This mode will require more driver skill than modes 1-4. Adjust your driving accordingly. This system is available only on ZR1 and Z06 models. See "Performance Traction Management" and "Launch Control" under *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35* for more information about the use of this mode.

SERVICE ACTIVE HANDLING SYSTEM

This message displays if there is a problem with the Active Handling System and the vehicle needs service. The active handling system light on the instrument panel cluster also turns on and a sound will be heard. See your dealer. When this message is displayed, the system is not working. Adjust your driving accordingly. See *Active Handling System on page 9-34* for more information.

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SERVICE RIDE CONTROL

This message displays when the Selective Ride Control system has detected a malfunction and the system must be serviced. See your dealer. If a fault is present in the Selective Ride Control system which causes the shocks to be in their full soft condition, the messages SERVICE RIDE CONTROL, SHOCKS INOPERATIVE, and MAXIMUM SPEED 129 km/h (80 MPH) will display together. See *Selective Ride Control on page 9-39* for more information.

SERVICE TRACTION SYSTEM

If this message displays when you are driving, there is a problem with the Traction Control System (TCS) and the vehicle is in need of service. See your dealer. When this message is displayed, the system will not limit wheel spin. Adjust your driving accordingly.

The traction control system (TCS) warning light on the instrument panel cluster will also turn on and a sound will be heard.

When this message is displayed, the computer controlled systems will not assist the driver in controlling the vehicle. Have the system repaired by your dealer as soon as possible. Adjust your driving accordingly. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* for more information.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button.

SHOCKS INOPERATIVE

This message displays when a malfunction is present in the Selective Ride Control system which is causing the shocks to be in their full soft mode. This is a warning to the driver that the vehicle handling may be affected. Have the vehicle serviced by your dealer as soon as possible.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button . The message reappears every 10 minutes until this condition changes.

TRACTION SYSTEM ACTIVE

This message displays when the Traction Control System (TCS) is limiting wheel spin. Slippery road conditions may exist if this message is displayed, so adjust your driving accordingly. The message stays on for a few seconds after the TCS stops limiting wheel spin. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* for more information.

TRACTION SYSTEM AND ACTIVE HANDLING – OFF

This message displays, the instrument panel cluster light turns on, and a sound will be heard when the Traction Control System (TCS) and Active Handling System are turned off by pressing the Active Handling System button on the center console for five seconds. The Antilock Brake System (ABS)

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remains on with the TCS and Active Handling System off. Adjust your driving accordingly. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* and *Active Handling System on page 9-34* for more information.

To acknowledge this message, press the RESET button.

TRACTION SYSTEM AND ACTIVE HANDLING – ON

If the Traction Control System (TCS) and Active Handling System are off, this message displays briefly, the instrument panel cluster light turns off, and a sound will be heard when the TCS and Active Handling System are turned on by briefly pressing the Active Handling System button on the center console. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* and *Active Handling System on page 9-34* for more information.

TRACTION SYSTEM – OFF

This message displays and stays on, a sound will be heard, when the TCS is turned off by pressing the Active Handling System button on the center console. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* for more information.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button.

TRACTION SYSTEM – ON

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the Traction Control System (TCS) is turned on by pressing the Active Handling System button on the center console. This message automatically clears from the DIC display on its own. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* for more information.

Safety Belt Messages

BUCKLE PASSENGER

This message reminds you to buckle the passenger's safety belt.

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the ignition is on, the driver's safety belt is buckled, the passenger's safety belt is unbuckled with the passenger airbag enabled, and the vehicle is in motion. You should have the passenger buckle their safety belt.

The reminder will be repeated if the ignition is on, the vehicle is in motion, the driver is buckled, the passenger is still unbuckled, and the passenger airbag is enabled. If the passenger's safety belt is already buckled, this message will not come on.

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BUCKLE SEATBELT

This message reminds you to buckle the driver's safety belt.

This message displays and a sound will be heard when the ignition is on, the driver's safety belt is unbuckled, and the vehicle is in motion. You should buckle your safety belt.

If the driver remains unbuckled when the ignition is on and the vehicle is in motion, the reminder will be repeated. If the driver's safety belt is already buckled, this message will not come on.

This message is an additional reminder to the safety belt reminder light in the instrument panel cluster. See *Safety Belt Reminders on page 5-16* for more information.

Service Vehicle Messages

SERVICE AIR CONDITIONING

This message displays when the electronic sensors that control the air conditioning and heating systems are no longer working. Have the climate control system serviced by your dealer if you notice a drop in heating and air conditioning efficiency.

SERVICE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

This message displays if an electrical problem has occurred within the Powertrain Control Module (PCM). Have the vehicle serviced by your dealer.

SERVICE VEHICLE SOON

This message displays and a sound will be heard when there may be an electrical or another system problem with the vehicle. Have your vehicle checked by your dealer if this message keeps appearing.

Starting the Vehicle Messages

PRESS BRAKE TO START ENGINE (Automatic Transmission Only)

This message displays if you try to start the engine by pressing the keyless ignition start button without having the brake pressed. The brake needs to be pressed when starting the engine. See *Ignition Positions on page 9-17* for more information.

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Tire Messages

HIGH TIRE PRESSURE

This message may be displayed when one or more of the tires is overinflated. This message also displays LEFT FRONT, RIGHT FRONT, LEFT REAR, or RIGHT REAR to indicate which tire is affected. You can receive more than one tire pressure message at a time. To read other messages that may have been sent at the same time, press the RESET button . If a tire pressure message appears on the DIC, stop as soon as you can. Have the tire pressures checked and set to those shown on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Run-Flat Tires on page 10-53*, *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*, *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*, and *Tire Pressure Monitor System on page 10-62*. The DIC also shows the tire pressure values. See *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. A message reappears every 10 minutes until the condition is corrected.

LOW TIRE PRESSURE or TIRE LOW ADD AIR TO TIRE

⚠ WARNING

When the LOW TIRE PRESSURE or TIRE FLAT message is displayed on the Driver Information Center, your vehicle's handling capabilities will be reduced during severe maneuvers. The active handling system will be affected. See *Active Handling System on page 9-34*. If you drive too fast, you could lose control of your vehicle. You or others could be injured. Do not drive over 90 km/h (55 mph) when the LOW TIRE PRESSURE or TIRE FLAT

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

message is displayed. Drive cautiously and check your tire pressures as soon as you can.

This message displays when one or more of the tires is underinflated. This message also displays LEFT FRONT, RIGHT FRONT, LEFT REAR, or RIGHT REAR to indicate which tire is affected. Multiple chimes sound and the tire pressure light on the instrument panel cluster turns on when this message is displayed. See *Tire Pressure Light on page 5-23*. You can receive more than one tire pressure message at a time. To read other messages that may have been sent at the same time, press the RESET button. If a tire pressure message appears on the DIC, stop as soon as you can. Have the tire pressures checked and set to those shown on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Run-Flat Tires on page 10-53*,

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Vehicle Load Limits on page 10-62, *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*, and *Tire Pressure Monitor System on page 10-62*. The DIC also shows the tire pressure values. See *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. A message reappears every 10 minutes until the condition is corrected.

SERVICE TIRE MONITOR

This message displays if a part on the Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS) is not working properly. The tire pressure light also flashes and then remains on during the same ignition cycle. See *Tire Pressure Light on page 5-23*. Several conditions may cause this message to appear. See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation on page 10-63* for more information. If the warning comes on and stays on, there may be a problem with the TPMS. See your dealer.

TIRE FLAT

⚠ WARNING

When the LOW TIRE PRESSURE or TIRE FLAT message is displayed on the Driver Information Center, your vehicle's handling capabilities will be reduced during severe maneuvers. If you drive too fast, you could lose control of your vehicle. You or others could be injured. Do not drive over 55 mph (90 km/h) when the LOW TIRE PRESSURE or TIRE FLAT message is displayed. Drive cautiously and check your tire pressures as soon as you can.

This message displays when one or more of the tires is flat. This message also displays LEFT FRONT, RIGHT FRONT, LEFT REAR, or RIGHT REAR to indicate which tire is affected. Multiple chimes sound and the tire pressure light on the instrument panel cluster comes on when this message is displayed. See *Tire Pressure Light on page 5-23*.

This message is followed by the MAXIMUM SPEED 90 km/h (55 MPH) message, and then by the REDUCED HANDLING message. The Active Handling System will intervene more quickly when a flat tire has been detected. Adjust your driving accordingly.

You can receive more than one tire pressure message at a time. To read other messages that may have been sent at the same time, press the RESET button. If a tire pressure message appears on the DIC, stop as soon as you can. Have the tire pressures checked and set to those shown on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Run-Flat Tires on page 10-53*, *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*, *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*, and *Tire Pressure Monitor System on page 10-62*. The

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DIC also shows the tire pressure values. See *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25*.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. A message reappears every 10 minutes until the condition is corrected.

Transmission Messages

SERVICE TRANSMISSION

This message displays when there is a problem with the transmission. See your dealer for service.

SHIFT TO PARK

If the vehicle has an automatic transmission, this message displays if the vehicle is not in P (Park) when the engine is being turned off. The vehicle will be in ACCESSORY. Once the shift lever is moved to P (Park), the vehicle will turn off.

The vehicle will remain in ACCESSORY, without the 20 minute time-out period, until the shift lever is moved to P (Park) or until the driver presses the pushbutton to restart the vehicle. See *Ignition Positions on page 9-17* for more information.

TRANSMISSION HOT IDLE ENGINE

This message displays and four chimes sound if the transmission fluid temperature rises above 132°C (270°F) or rises rapidly. The transmission may shift gears or apply the torque converter clutch to reduce the fluid temperature. Driving aggressively or driving on long hills can cause the transmission fluid temperature to be higher than normal. If this message appears, you may continue to drive at a slower speed. Monitor the transmission fluid temperature and allow it to cool to at least 110°C (230°F). The transmission fluid temperature can be monitored with the gauges button on the DIC. See “DIC Operation and Displays” under *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25* and *Automatic Transmission Fluid on page 10-20*. Also check the engine coolant temperature. If it is also hot, see *Engine Overheating on page 10-28*.

If this message is displayed during normal vehicle operation on flat roads, the vehicle may need service. See your dealer for an inspection.

If driving in a performance or competitive manner, the use of (S) Sport Automatic Mode or (S) Sport Manual Paddle Shift gear selection is recommended. See *Automatic Transmission on page 9-24* for more information.

To acknowledge the message, press the RESET button. The message reappears every 10 minutes until this condition changes. If you do not press the RESET button, the message remains on the display until the condition changes.

UPSHIFT NOW

See *Manual Transmission on page 9-29*.

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Vehicle Reminder Messages

ACCESSORY MODE ON

This message displays when the vehicle is in accessory mode.

ICE POSSIBLE

This message displays when the outside air temperature is cold enough to create icy road conditions. Adjust your driving accordingly.

OPTIONS UNAVAILABLE

This message displays for a few seconds if a RKE transmitter that is not labeled 1 or 2 is used and you try to personalize the features on the vehicle by pressing the OPTION button. The personalization system will not recognize the transmitter and the DIC will not display the current driver number or the menus used to set personalizations. The personalization features will then be set to the default states. See *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52* for more information.

SET PARK BRAKE FOR SEAT RECALL

If the vehicle has a manual transmission, this message displays if you try to recall the memory positions when the ignition is on and the parking brake is not set. If the vehicle is on, you must set the parking brake in order for the memory positions to recall. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4* for more information.

Washer Fluid Messages

CHECK WASHER FLUID

See *Washer Fluid on page 10-31*.

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Vehicle Personalization

Many features on your vehicle can be personalized. This means that the operation of these features can be set to operate differently depending on who is driving the vehicle. See “Personal Options” later in this section for the features that you can personalize.

The personalization settings for other features are automatically updated and saved as the driver adjusts them. These include the following settings and presets:

- The radio presets, tone, volume, fade, balance, equalization (EQ) settings, and source (radio or CD).
- The last climate control setting.
- The Head-Up Display (HUD) position and dimming level, if your vehicle has this feature.
- The instrument panel cluster dimming level and last selected DIC display.

Separate personalization settings are saved for two different drivers. One of the Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitters is assigned to driver 1. The other is assigned to driver 2. The backs of the RKE transmitters are labelled 1 or 2 to correspond to each driver.

The current driver's preferences are recalled when one of the following occurs:

- The lock or unlock button on the RKE transmitter, labelled 1 or 2, is pressed.
- The appropriate memory button, 1 or 2, located on the driver door is pressed. See *Memory Seats on page 3-4* for more information.
- A valid RKE transmitter is detected upon opening the driver door.

If more than one valid RKE transmitter is detected upon opening the driver door, the driver preferences for the lowest driver number will be recalled.

If an RKE transmitter that is not labelled 1 or 2 is used, the personalization system will not recognize the transmitter. The Driver Information Center (DIC) will not display a current driver number and the features that are normally programmed through the DIC will be set to the default states. Also, if the OPTION button is pressed, the DIC does not display the menus used to set personalizations, but instead displays OPTIONS UNAVAILABLE for a few seconds.

Entering the Personal Options Menu

To enter the personal options menu, use the following steps:

1. If you have an automatic transmission vehicle, turn the vehicle on with the shift lever in P (Park).

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If you have a manual transmission vehicle, turn the vehicle on with the parking brake set.

To avoid excessive drain on the battery, it is recommended that the headlamps are turned off.

2. Press the OPTION button and you will enter the PERSONAL OPTIONS menu.

   The DIC will display the current driver number (1 or 2) for a few seconds and then will display instructions on which buttons to use for setting the personalizations. The RESET button is used to select a setting for a particular feature. The OPTION button is used to move to the next feature.

3. Press the OPTION button while the instruction screen is displayed to enter the first personalization menu item.

4. Once you have cycled through all of the personal options, pressing the OPTION button a final time exits the personal options menu. In addition, if no button is pressed within 45 seconds, the DIC will exit the personal options menu.

Personal Options

The following options are available for programming:

Display Units: This option allows you to choose the measurement units.

Press the OPTION button until DISPLAY UNITS appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- ENGLISH (default)
- METRIC

If you choose ENGLISH, all information will be displayed in English units.

If you choose METRIC, all information will be displayed in metric units.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Auto Memory Recall (Automatic Transmission only): If your automatic transmission vehicle has the memory package, you may have this option. This option allows the driver seat, the telescopic steering column, if your vehicle has this feature, and the outside rearview mirrors to automatically move to the current driver's set position when the engine starts.

Press the OPTION button until AUTO MEMORY RECALL appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- YES
- NO (default)

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If you choose YES, the driver seat, the outside rearview mirrors and the telescopic steering column, if your vehicle has this feature, positions are recalled when you turn the ignition on.

If you choose NO, this option will turn off.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Auto Exit Recall: If your vehicle has the memory package, you may have this option. This option allows the driver seat and telescopic steering column, if your vehicle has this feature, to automatically move to the current driver's exit position when one of the following occurs:

- The vehicle is turned off or in Retained Accessory Power (RAP) or accessory mode and the driver door is opened.
- The vehicle is turned off or in RAP and the unlock button on the RKE transmitter is pressed.

In order for the Auto Exit Recall feature to work on an automatic transmission vehicle, the vehicle must be in P (Park). On a manual transmission vehicle, the parking brake must be set.

Press the OPTION button until AUTO EXIT RECALL appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- YES
- NO (default)

If you choose YES, when you turn the ignition off and open the driver door or press the unlock button on the RKE transmitter, the seat and the telescopic steering wheel, if your vehicle has this feature, will return to their stored exit positions for an easy exit or an easy entrance when returning to the vehicle.

The seat and steering wheel will only return to the stored driving position if you press the appropriate memory button or activate the Auto Memory Recall feature.

If you choose NO, this option will turn off.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Approach Lights: This option briefly turns on the parking lamps, the high-beam headlamps, and the back-up lamps during low light periods when the RKE transmitter is used to unlock the vehicle.

Press the OPTION button until APPROACH LIGHTS appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- OFF
- ON (default)

If you choose OFF, this option will turn off.

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If you choose ON, the parking lamps, the high-beam headlamps, and the back-up lamps will come on for 20 seconds during low light periods when all of the following occur:

- You press the unlock button on the RKE transmitter.
- Both of the doors are closed.
- The vehicle is off or in RAP.

The lamps remain on for 20 seconds or until a door is opened, the lock button on the RKE transmitter is pressed, or the vehicle is no longer off or in RAP.

See *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System on page 2-2* for more information.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Twilight Delay: This option allows you to set the amount of time you want the parking lamps and high-beam headlamps to remain on after you exit the vehicle. This will occur when the vehicle is off or in RAP and the headlamps are on due to the automatic headlamp system. The parking lamps and high-beam headlamps will remain on until the driver selected time expires, the exterior lamp control is activated, or the vehicle is no longer off or in RAP.

Press the OPTION button until TWILIGHT DELAY appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- OFF
- 15 S
- 30 S (default)
- 90 S

If you choose OFF, this option will turn off.

If you choose 15 S, the twilight delay time will be set to 15 seconds.

If you choose 30 S, the twilight delay time will be set to 30 seconds.

If you choose 90 S, the twilight delay time will be set to 90 seconds.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Flash at Unlock: This option activates the front and rear turn signals for two short flashes when the unlock or hatch/trunk button on the RKE transmitter is pressed. This will only occur when the vehicle is off.

Press the OPTION button until FLASH AT UNLOCK appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- YES (default)
- NO

If you choose YES, the front and rear turn signals will flash twice when you press the unlock button or the hatch/trunk button on the RKE transmitter.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

If you choose NO, this option will turn off.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Flash at Lock: This option activates the front and rear turn signals for one long flash when the lock button on the RKE transmitter is pressed. This will only occur when the vehicle is off. If the lock button on the RKE transmitter is pressed again within five seconds, the horn will sound regardless of which setting you have selected.

Press the OPTION button until FLASH AT LOCK appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- YES (default)
- NO

If you choose YES, the front and rear turn signals will flash once when you press the lock button on the RKE transmitter.

If you choose NO, this option will turn off.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

FOB Reminder: This option sounds the horn three times when the driver door is closed and there is a RKE transmitter inside the interior of the vehicle. This will only occur when the vehicle is off.

Press the OPTION button until FOB REMINDER appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- YES
- NO (default)

If you choose YES, the horn will sound three times when a RKE transmitter is inside of the vehicle while the ignition is turned off and the driver door is closed.

If you choose NO, this option will turn off.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Passive Door Locking: This option allows you to select whether the doors automatically lock during normal vehicle exit. When the ignition is turned off and all doors become closed, the vehicle will determine how many RKE transmitters remain in the vehicle interior. If at least one RKE transmitter has been removed from the interior of the vehicle, the doors will lock after a short delay.

For example, if there are two RKE transmitters in the vehicle and one is removed, the other will be locked in. The RKE transmitter locked in

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the vehicle can still be used to start the vehicle or unlock the doors, if needed. A person approaching the outside of the locked vehicle without an authorized RKE transmitter, however, will not be able to open the door, even with a transmitter in the vehicle.

You may temporarily disable the passive door locking feature by pressing the door unlock switch for three seconds on an open door. Passive door locking will then remain disabled until a door lock switch is pressed or until the power mode transitions from the off power mode.

Press the OPTION button until PASSIVE DOOR LOCKING appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- OFF (default)
- SILENT
- HORN

If you choose OFF, this option will turn off.

If you choose SILENT, the doors will automatically lock a short time after you remove a RKE transmitter from the interior of the vehicle and close both doors.

If you choose HORN, the doors will automatically lock and the horn will sound a short time after you remove a RKE transmitter from the interior of the vehicle and close both doors.

If you are parking in a quiet area and do not want the horn to sound when the doors lock, press the lock button on the RKE transmitter immediately after removing it from the interior and closing the doors. This will lock the doors and cancel the passive locking for this ignition cycle.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Passive Door Unlock: This option allows you to select which doors will automatically unlock when you approach and open the driver door with the RKE transmitter. See *Door Locks on page 2-6* for more information.

Press the OPTION button until PASSIVE DOOR UNLOCK appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- DRIVER
- BOTH (default)

If you choose DRIVER, only the driver door will automatically unlock when you approach and open the driver door with the RKE transmitter.

If you choose BOTH, both doors will automatically unlock when you approach and open the driver door with the RKE transmitter.

Auto Unlock: This option allows you to select whether the driver door, both doors, or neither door automatically unlocks when the shift

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lever is moved into P (Park) for automatic transmission vehicles or when the ignition is turned off or is in RAP for manual transmission vehicles.

Press the OPTION button until AUTO UNLOCK appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- OFF
- DRIVER
- BOTH (default)

If you choose OFF, this option will turn off.

If you choose DRIVER, on automatic transmission vehicles, the driver door will automatically unlock when the shift lever is moved into P (Park). On manual transmission vehicles, the driver door will automatically unlock when the ignition is turned off or is in RAP.

If you choose BOTH, on automatic transmission vehicles, both doors will automatically unlock when the shift lever is moved into P (Park). On manual transmission vehicles, both doors will automatically unlock when the ignition is turned off or is in RAP.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Language: This option allows you to select the language the DIC, the Head-Up Display (HUD), if your vehicle has this feature, and the radio uses to display messages. Each language mode will be displayed in its own language. For example, English will be displayed as ENGLISH, Spanish as ESPANOL, etc. If your vehicle has the navigation system, you will not have the Japanese language mode.

Press the OPTION button until LANGUAGE appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- ENGLISH (default)
- DEUTSCH (German)
- FRANCAIS (French)
- ITALIANO (Italian)
- ESPANOL (Spanish)
- JAPANESE

If you choose a language that you do not understand, press the OPTION and RESET buttons for five seconds. The DIC will begin displaying all of the various languages one by one for as long as the buttons are pressed. When the desired language is displayed, release the buttons and the DIC will set to this language.

When the mode you want is selected, press the OPTION button to set your choice and advance to the next personal option.

Personalize Name: This option allows you to type in a name or greeting that will appear on the DIC display whenever the corresponding RKE transmitter (1 or 2) is used or

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one of the memory buttons (1 or 2) located on the driver door is pressed.

Press the OPTION button until PERSONALIZE NAME appears on the display, then press the RESET button to scroll through the following modes:

- YES
- NO (default)

If you choose YES, you can type in a name that will appear on the DIC display.

To program a name, use the following procedure:

1. Enter the PERSONAL OPTIONS menu and select the driver number (1 or 2) that you would like to program by following the instructions listed previously under “Entering the Personal Options Menu”.
2. Press the OPTION button until the PERSONALIZE NAME option appears on the display.
3. Select YES under PERSONALIZE NAME by pressing the RESET button.
4. Press the OPTION button and a cursor will display where you can insert a letter.
5. Press the OPTION button again until the letter you want is displayed. To scroll through the letters faster and without a beeping noise, keep the OPTIONS button depressed. There are alpha/numeric characters and a blank space available.
6. Press the RESET button to select the letter of your choice and proceed on to the next space to the right.

   If you make a mistake and would like to clear or replace a letter, perform the following steps:

   6.1. Press the RESET button to reach the letter you would like to change.

   6.2. Press the OPTION button to scroll through the letter choices.

   6.3. Press the RESET button to select the letter and proceed on to the next space to the right.
7. Repeat Steps 5 and 6 until the name or greeting you want is complete. After the name or greeting is complete, keep pressing the RESET button until the display turns blank and exits out of this option. You can program up to 20 characters.

If you choose NO, this option will turn off.

If a customized name or greeting is not programmed, the DIC display will show Driver 1 or Driver 2 to correspond with either the number on the back of the RKE transmitter (1 or 2) being used or to the memory button (1 or 2) that is pressed.

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PERSONALIZE NAME is the last option available to program in the PERSONAL OPTIONS menu. Pressing the OPTION button after this setting will exit you from the PERSONAL OPTIONS menu. The last item you were in prior to entering PERSONAL OPTIONS will then display on the DIC.

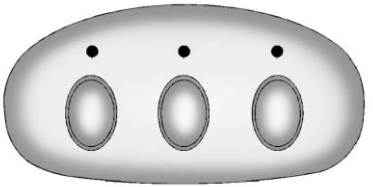
Universal Remote System

See *Radio Frequency Statement on page 13-20* for information regarding Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and Industry Canada Standards RSS-210/220/310.

The FCC Grant of Equipment Authorization Certificate number is KOBGTE12C.

The Canadian Registration ID number is 3521A-GTE12C.

Universal Remote System Programming



This system provides a way to replace up to three remote control transmitters used to activate devices such as garage door openers, security systems, and home automation devices.

Do not use this system with any garage door opener that does not have the stop and reverse feature. This includes any garage door opener model manufactured before April 1, 1982.

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Read the instructions completely before attempting to program the transmitter. Because of the steps involved, it may be helpful to have another person assist with programming the transmitter.

Be sure to keep the original remote control transmitter for use in other vehicles, as well as for future programming. Only the original remote control transmitter is needed for Fixed Code programming. The programmed buttons should be erased when the vehicle is sold or the lease ends. See “Erasing Universal Home Remote Buttons” in this section.

Park the vehicle outside of the garage when programming a garage door. Be sure that people and objects are clear of the garage door or gate being programmed.

Programming Universal Home Remote — Rolling Code

For questions or help programming the Universal Home Remote System, call 1-866-572-2728 or go to www.learcar2u.com.

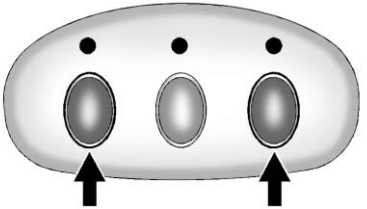
Most garage door openers sold after 1996 are Rolling Code units.

Programming a garage door opener involves time-sensitive actions, so read the entire procedure before starting. Otherwise, the device will time out and the procedure will have to be repeated.

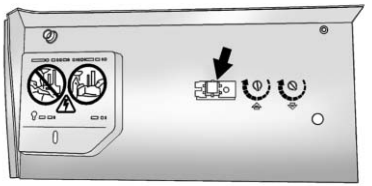
To program up to three devices:

1. Press START or put the vehicle in accessory mode. See *Ignition Positions on page 9-17* for additional information.

   Programming can only occur when the vehicle is running or in accessory mode.



2. From inside the vehicle, press the two outside buttons at the same time for one to two seconds, and immediately release them.



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3. Locate in the garage, the garage door opener receiver (motor-head unit). Locate the “Learn” or “Smart” button. It can usually be found where the hanging antenna wire is attached to the motor-head unit and may be a colored button. Press this button. After pressing this button, complete the following steps in less than 30 seconds.
4. Immediately return to the vehicle. Press and hold the Universal Home Remote button that will be used to control the garage door until the garage door moves. The indicator light, above the selected button, should slowly blink. This button may need to be held for up to 20 seconds.
5. Immediately, within one second, release the button when the garage door moves. The indicator light blinks rapidly until programming is complete.
6. Press and release the same button again. The garage door should move, confirming that programming is successful and complete.

To program another Rolling Code device such as an additional garage door opener, a security device, or home automation device, repeat Steps 1 through 6, choosing a different function button in Step 4 than what was used for the garage door opener.

If these instructions do not work, the garage door opener is probably a Fixed Code unit. Follow the programming instructions that follow for a Fixed Code garage door opener.

Programming Universal Home Remote — Fixed Code

For questions or help programming the Universal Home Remote System, call 1-866-572-2728 or go to www.learcar2u.com.

Most garage door openers sold before 1996 are Fixed Code units.

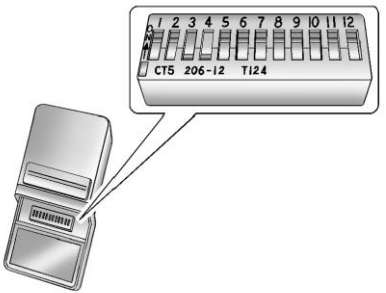
Programming a garage door opener involves time-sensitive actions, so read the entire procedure before starting. Otherwise, the device will time out and the procedure will have to be repeated.

To program up to three devices:

1. Press START or put the vehicle in accessory mode. See *Ignition Positions on page 9-17* for additional information.

   Programming can only occur when the vehicle is running or in accessory mode.

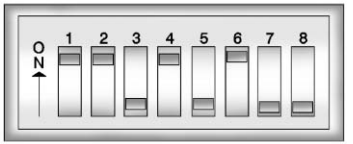
Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS



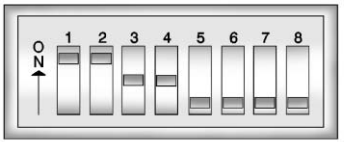
2. To verify that the garage door opener is a Fixed Code unit, remove the battery cover on the hand-held transmitter supplied by the manufacturer of the garage door opener motor. If there is a row of dip switches similar to the graphic above, the garage door opener is a Fixed Code unit. If you do not see a row of dip switches, return to the previous section, “Programming Universal Home Remote – Rolling Code.”

The hand-held transmitter can have between eight and 12 dip switches depending on the brand of transmitter.

The garage door opener receiver (motor head unit) could also have a row of dip switches that can be used when programming the Universal Home Remote. If the total number of switches on the motor head and hand-held transmitter is different, or if the dip switch settings are different, use the dip switch settings on the motor head unit to program the Universal Home Remote. The motor head dip switch settings can also be used when the original hand-held transmitter is not available.



Example of Eight Dip Switches with Two Positions



Example of Eight Dip Switches with Three Positions

The panel of switches might not appear exactly as they do in the examples above, but they should be similar.

The switch positions on the hand-held transmitter could be labeled as follows:

- A switch in the up position could be labeled as “Up,” “+,” or “On.”

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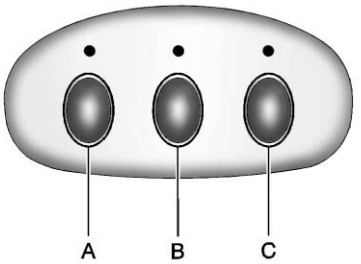
- A switch in the down position could be labeled as “Down,” “−,” or “Off.”
- A switch in the middle position could be labeled as “Middle,” “0,” or “Neutral.”

3. Write down the eight to 12 switch settings from left to right as follows:
   - When a switch is in the up position, write “Left.”
   - When a switch is in the down position, write “Right.”
   - If a switch is set between the up and down position, write “Middle.”

   The switch settings written down in Step 3 now become the button strokes to be entered into the Universal Home Remote in Step 5. Be sure to enter the switch settings written down in Step 3, in order from left to right, into the Universal Home Remote, when completing Step 5.
4. From inside the vehicle, first firmly press all three buttons at the same time for about three seconds. Release the buttons to put the Universal Home Remote into programming mode.



A. Left Button (Up, +, or On)
B. Middle Button (Middle, 0, or Neutral)
C. Right Button (Down, -, or Off)

5. The indicator lights blink slowly. Enter each switch setting from Step 3 into the vehicle's Universal Home Remote. You have two and one-half minutes to complete Step 5. Now press one button on the Universal Home Remote for each switch setting as follows:
   - If you wrote “Left,” press the left button (A) in the vehicle.
   - If you wrote “Right,” press the right button (C) in the vehicle.
   - If you wrote “Middle,” press the middle button (B) in the vehicle.
6. After entering all of the switch positions, again, firmly press and release all three buttons at the same time. The indicator lights turn on.

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7. Press and hold the button that will be used to control the garage door until the garage door moves. The indicator light above the selected button should slowly blink. This button may need to be held for up to 55 seconds.
8. Immediately release the button when the garage door moves. The indicator light blinks rapidly until programming is complete.
9. Press and release the same button again. The garage door should move, confirming that programming is successful and complete.

To program another Fixed Code device such as an additional garage door opener, a security device, or home automation device, repeat Steps 1 through 9, choosing a different button in Step 7 than what was used for the garage door opener.

Universal Remote System Operation

Press and hold the appropriate button for at least one-half second. The indicator light comes on while the signal is being transmitted.

Operation can occur:

- If the vehicle is in accessory mode.
- If the vehicle is running.
- If the vehicle is in Retained Accessory Mode (RAP). See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP) on page 9-21* for more information.
- Up to an additional 10 minutes after RAP finishes.
- Up to 10 minutes after any door is opened.

Reprogramming Universal Home Remote Buttons

Any of the three buttons can be reprogrammed by repeating the instructions.

Erasing Universal Home Remote Buttons

The programmed buttons should be erased when the vehicle is sold or the lease ends.

To erase either Rolling Code or Fixed Code on the Universal Home Remote device:

1. Press and hold the two outside buttons at the same time for approximately 20 seconds, until the indicator lights, located directly above the buttons, begin to blink rapidly.
2. Once the indicator lights begin to blink, release both buttons. The codes from all buttons are erased.

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For help or information on the Universal Home Remote System, call the customer assistance phone number under *Customer Assistance Offices (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-5* or *Customer Assistance Offices (Mexico) on page 13-5*.

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Lighting

Exterior Lighting
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Twilight Sentinel 6-3
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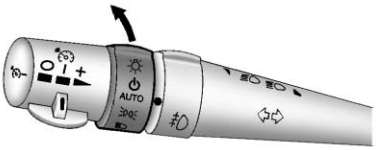
Exterior Lighting

Exterior Lamp Controls



The exterior lamp control is located to the left of the steering wheel on the multifunction lever.

(Exterior Lamp Control): Turn the band with this symbol on it to operate the exterior lamps.

The exterior lamp band has four positions:

(Off): Turns off all lamps.

AUTO (Automatic): Sets the exterior lamps to automatic mode. AUTO mode turns the exterior lamps on and off depending on how much light is available outside the vehicle.

To override AUTO mode, turn the control to off.

To reset to AUTO mode, turn the control to exterior lamps and then back to AUTO. Automatic mode also resets when the vehicle is turned off and then back on again if the control is left in the AUTO position.

(Parking Lamps): Turns on the parking lamps together with the following:

- Sidemarker Lamps
- Taillamps
- License Plate Lamps
- Instrument Panel Lights

The parking brake indicator light comes on and stays on when the parking lamps are on with the engine off and the ignition to ACC/ACCESSORY.

(Headlamps): Turns on the headlamps, together with the previously listed lamps and lights.

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Exterior Lamps Off Reminder

A warning chime will sound if the exterior lamp control is left on in either the headlamp or parking lamp position and the driver door is opened with the ignition off.

Headlamp High/ Low-Beam Changer

To change the headlamps from low beam to high, push the turn signal lever all the way forward. To change from high to low beam, pull the lever rearward.

While the high beams are on, this light on the instrument cluster will also be lit.

Flash-to-Pass

To use the flash-to-pass feature, briefly pull the turn signal lever toward you. The high-beam indicator flashes to indicate to the other driver that you intend to pass. If the low-beam headlamps are off and the fog lamps are on, the fog lamps flash.

Daytime Running Lamps (DRL)

Daytime Running Lamps (DRL) can make it easier for others to see the front of your vehicle during the day. Fully functional daytime running lamps are required on all vehicles first sold in Canada.

The DRL system makes the front turn signal lamps come on when the following conditions are met:

- It is still daylight and the ignition is on.
- The exterior lamp control is in the AUTO position.
- The transmission is not in P (Park) or the parking brake is off.
- The parking brake is off or the vehicle speed is greater than 13 km/h (8 mph).

When DRL are on, only the front turn signal lamps will be on. The parking lamps, taillamps, instrument panel lights, or other exterior lamps will not be on when the DRL are being used.

When it is dark enough outside, the front turn signal lamps turn off and the normal low-beam headlamps turn on.

When it is bright enough outside, the regular lamps go off, and the front turn signal lamps will take over. If the vehicle is started in a dark garage, the automatic headlamp system comes on immediately. Once the vehicle leaves the garage, it takes approximately one minute for the automatic headlamp system to change to DRL if it is light outside. During that delay, the

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instrument panel cluster may not be as bright as usual. Make sure the instrument panel brightness knob is in the full bright position. See *Instrument Panel Illumination Control on page 6-6* for more information.

If it is dark enough outside and the exterior lamp control is off, a HEADLAMPS SUGGESTED message will display on the Driver Information Center (DIC). See *Lamp Messages on page 5-42*.

Turning the exterior lamp control to off a second time, or turning on the headlamps will remove the HEADLAMPS SUGGESTED message in the DIC. If the parking lamps or the fog lamps were turned on instead, the HEADLAMPS SUGGESTED message will continue to be displayed.

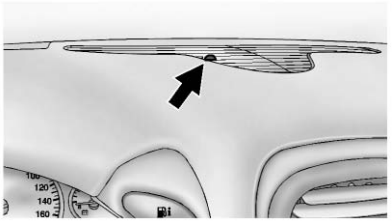
The regular headlamp system should be turned on when needed.

To turn off the DRL, turn the exterior lamp control to the off position or shift into P (Park). The DRL will stay off until the control is toggled again or the vehicle is shifted out of P (Park).

This procedure applies only to vehicles first sold in the United States.

Twilight Sentinel

Twilight Sentinel® is an automatic headlamp system. When activated, this feature turns your headlamps and parking lamps on and off by sensing how dark it is outside.



Be sure not to cover the light sensor on the top of the instrument panel.

AUTO: Activates the system.

If the band is already in the AUTO position when you start your vehicle, Twilight Sentinel is automatically enabled.

If it is dark outside, your vehicle headlamps and parking lamps will turn on automatically.

Once it is bright enough outside, the headlamps and parking lamps will automatically turn back off.

Twilight Sentinel may also turn on when you drive through a dimly lit area.

Once you leave the dimly lit area, it may take about one minute before the Twilight Sentinel turns off. During this brief delay, the instrument cluster may not be as bright as usual. Make sure the instrument panel dimmer is set to full brightness. See *Instrument Panel Illumination Control on page 6-6*.

To temporarily disable Twilight Sentinel, turn the band to ⏻.

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To turn Twilight Sentinel back on, turn the band to ⏻ again, then release it.

If the Twilight Sentinel has the headlamps turned on and you turn the ignition off, the headlamps will stay on for a period of time while you leave the vehicle.

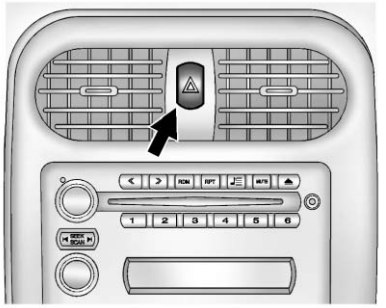
Use the Driver Information Center to turn Twilight Sentinel on or off and to increase or decrease the length of the delayed illumination period. See “Personal Options” under *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52*.

The regular headlamp system should be turned on when needed.

Lights On with Wipers

If the windshield wipers are activated in daylight with the engine on, and the exterior lamp control is in AUTO, the headlamps, parking lamps, and other exterior lamps come on. The transition time for the lamps coming on varies based on wiper speed. When the wipers are not operating, these lamps turn off. Move the exterior lamp control to OFF or to the Parking Lamp position to disable this feature.

Hazard Warning Flashers



The hazard warning flashers warn others that you have a problem. The button is located near the center of the instrument panel.

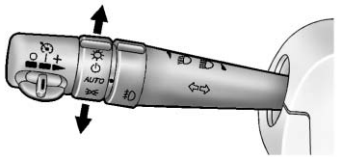
⚠ **(Hazard Warning Flashers):** Press to make the front and rear turn signal lamps flash on and off. Press again to turn the flashers off.

The hazard warning flashers work no matter what mode the ignition is in, even if the ignition is turned off.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

When the hazard warning flashers are on, the turn signals will not work.

Turn and Lane-Change Signals



An arrow on the instrument panel cluster flashes in the direction of the turn or lane change.

Move the lever all the way up or down to signal a turn.

Raise or lower the lever until the arrow starts to flash to signal a lane change. Release the lever and the turn signal automatically flashes three times. If more flashes are desired, continue to hold the lever.

The lever returns to its starting position when it is released.

If after signaling a turn or lane change the arrows flash rapidly or do not come on, a signal bulb may be burned out.

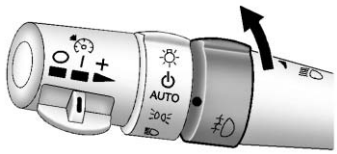
Have the bulbs replaced. If the bulb is not burned out, check the fuse. See *Fuses and Circuit Breakers on page 10-45*.

Turn Signal on Chime

A chime sounds if the turn signal has been on for more than 1.2 km (0.75 miles) of driving.

If you need to leave the turn signal on for more than 1.2 km (0.75 miles), turn off the signal and then turn it back on.

Fog Lamps



Use fog lamps for better vision in foggy or misty conditions.

The fog lamps control is located on the multifunction lever next to the exterior lamp control.

(Fog Lamps): Turning the band to this position will turn the fog lamps on.

When you turn the fog lamps on, the fog lamp light will appear on the instrument panel cluster to indicate that the fog lamps and the parking lamps are on.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

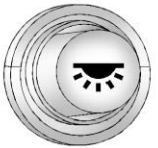
If you turn the high-beam headlamps on, the fog lamps will turn off. They will turn on again when you switch to low-beam headlamps.

The ignition must be on for the fog lamps to operate.

Some localities have laws that require the headlamps to be on along with the fog lamps.

Interior Lighting

Instrument Panel Illumination Control



The knob for this feature is located on the left side of the instrument panel.

Push the knob in to turn on the interior lights.

Turn and hold the knob clockwise to brighten the lights or counterclockwise to dim them. During the day, this knob will adjust the instrument panel brightness and at night will adjust all interior lighting.

Be sure not to have this knob turned all the way down with the lamps on during the day. The Driver Information Center (DIC) may not be visible.

Courtesy Lamps

When any door or the hatch/trunk lid is opened, the interior lamps will go on unless it is bright outside.

You can also turn the courtesy lamps on and off by pressing the instrument panel brightness knob.

Reading Lamps

The inside rearview mirror includes two reading lamps. The lamps will go on when a door is opened. When the doors are closed, press each lamp switch to turn them on individually.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Lighting Features

Entry/Exit Lighting

With entry lighting, the interior lamps will come on when entering the vehicle. To illuminate your exit, the interior lamps come on for about 20 seconds when the engine is turned off.

To turn the entry and exit lighting off, quickly turn the courtesy lamps on and off by pressing the instrument panel brightness knob.

Battery Power Protection

This vehicle has a feature to help prevent the battery from being drained in case any of the following lamps are left on: the underhood lamp, if your vehicle has this feature, vanity mirror lamps, cargo lamps, reading lamps, center console, or glove box lamps. If any of these lamps are left on, they will automatically time-out after about 10 minutes. To reset it, all of the above lamps must be turned off or the ignition key on.

Exterior Lighting Battery Saver

If the manual parking lamps or headlamps have been left on, the exterior lamps will turn off as soon as the ignition is turned off or Retained Accessory Power (RAP) is active. This protects against draining the battery in case you have accidentally left the headlamps or parking lamps on. The battery saver does not work if the headlamps are turned on after the ignition switch is turned to off.

If you need to leave the lamps on, use the exterior lamp control to turn the lamps back on.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

✍ NOTES

Information Provided by
DEALER E-PROCESS

Infotainment System

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Introduction

Infotainment

Determine which radio the vehicle has and read the following pages to become familiar with its features.

⚠ WARNING

Taking your eyes off the road for extended periods could cause a crash resulting in injury or death to you or others. Do not give extended attention to infotainment tasks while driving.

This system provides access to many audio and non-audio listings.

To minimize taking your eyes off the road while driving, do the following while the vehicle is parked:

- Become familiar with the operation and controls of the audio system.
- Set up the tone, speaker adjustments, and preset radio stations.

For more information, see *Defensive Driving on page 9-2*.

Notice: **Contact your dealer before adding any equipment.**

Adding audio or communication equipment could interfere with the operation of the engine, radio, or other systems, and could damage them. Follow federal rules covering mobile radio and telephone equipment.

The vehicle has Retained Accessory Power (RAP). With RAP, the audio system can be played even after the ignition is turned off. See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP) on page 9-21* for more information.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Navigation/Radio System

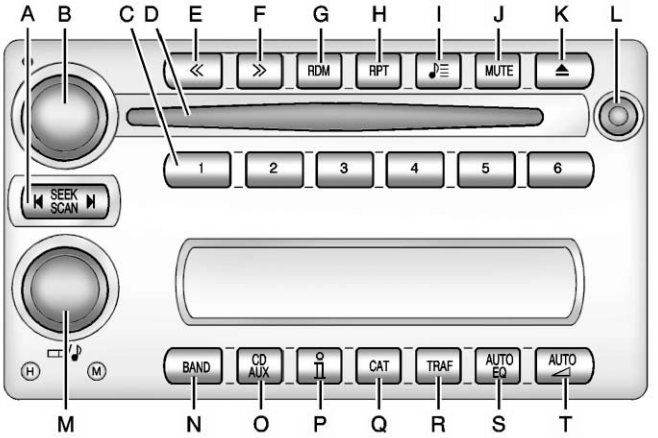
For vehicles with a navigation radio system, see the navigation manual.

Theft-Deterrent Feature

TheftLock® is designed to discourage theft of the vehicle's radio by learning a portion of the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). The radio does not operate and LOCKED displays if the radio is stolen or moved to a different vehicle.

When the when the ignition is in the off position, a blinking red light on the upper left side of the radio indicates that TheftLock is armed.

Overview



A. ◀| SEEK/SCAN |▶

- Radio: Press ◀| or |▶ to seek the previous or next station. Press and hold ◀| or |▶ to scan through the strongest stations.
- CD: Press ◀| or |▶ to go to the previous or next track. Press and hold ◀| or |▶ to go fast backward or fast forward within a track.

Information Provided by:
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B. Power/Volume Knob
- Press to turn the system on or off.
- Turn to adjust the volume.

C. Buttons 1−6
- Press to recall a favorite station.
- Press and hold to save the current station.

D. CD Slot

E. ≪
- Radio: Press to seek the previous station. Press and hold to scan backward through the strongest stations.
- CD: Press to go to the previous track. Press and hold to go fast backward within a track.

F. ≫
- Radio: Press to seek the next station. Press and hold to scan forward through the strongest stations.
- CD: Press to go to the next track. Press and hold to fast forward within a track.

G. RDM (Random)
- Press to play the CD tracks in random order.

H. RPT (Repeat)
- Press to repeat the current CD track.

I. ♪≡ (Tone Menu)
- Opens the Tone Settings menu.

J. MUTE
- Press to mute and unmute the system.

K. ⏏ (Eject)
- Press to eject the CD.

L. Auxiliary Port
- 3.5 mm (1/8 in) Auxiliary Input Jack.

M. ☐☐ / ♪ (Tune/Tone Menu)
- Press to open the Tone Settings menu.
- Turn to manually find a station.

N. BAND
- Press to scroll through the available bands AM, FM, or XM if equipped.

O. CD/AUX
- Press to listen to a CD or an auxiliary source.

P. ⓘ (Information)
- Press to display information on the current station or track.

Q. CAT (Category)
- Press to display a list of XM categories.

DEALER E-PROCESS

R. TRAF (Traffic)

- Press to find a station with traffic information. See *AM-FM Radio on page 7-6*.

S. AUTO EQ (Auto Equalizer)

- Press to customize the EQ. See *Operation on page 7-4*.

T. AUTO (Auto Volume)

- Press to set the automatic volume to adjust for road and wind noise. See *Operation on page 7-4*.

Operation

An indicator light on the upper left side of the radio flashes when the ignition is off, to indicate the theft-deterrent feature is set. See *Theft-Deterrent Feature on page 7-2*.

Playing the Radio

Power/Volume Knob: Press to turn the system on and off. Turn to increase or decrease the volume.

MUTE: Press to silence the system. Press again to turn the sound on.

This button is not available on the Six-Disc CD Radio.

(Information): Press until the desired display is shown, then hold for two seconds until the radio beeps once to change the default display. The selected display is now the default.

For RDS:

Press to change the display. The display options are station name, RDS station frequency, PTY, and the name of the program (if available).

Audio Settings

Press and hold / when no tone or speaker control is displayed to adjust all tone and speaker controls to the middle position. AUDIO SETTINGS CENTERED displays.

Adjusting the Tone (Bass/Treble)

/ (Bass/Treble): To adjust the bass or treble:

Press and release / until BASS or TREBLE displays.

- Turn the / knob to increase or to decrease the level.
- Press and hold the / knob until the level changes to the middle position.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Adjusting the Speakers (Balance/Fade)

/ (Balance/Fade): To adjust the balance:

Press and release / until BALANCE displays.

- Turn the / knob to move the sound toward the right or the left speakers.
- Press and hold the / knob until the level changes to the middle position.

To adjust the fade:

Press and release / until FADE displays

- Turn the / knob to move the sound toward the front or the rear speakers.
- Press and hold the / knob until the level changes to the middle position.

AUTO EQ (Automatic Equalization): The radio saves separate AUTO EQ settings for each preset and source.

For vehicles without the Bose® sound system:

- Press AUTO EQ to select equalization settings designed for CLASSICAL, POP, ROCK, JAZZ, TALK, and COUNTRY.
- Select CUSTOM or change bass or treble to return the EQ to the manual bass and treble settings.

For vehicles with the Bose sound system:

- Press AUTO EQ to select equalization settings from EQ1 through EQ6.
- Select CUSTOM or change bass or treble to return the EQ to the manual bass and treble settings.

AUTO (Automatic Volume): Automatic volume automatically adjusts the audio system to make up for road and wind noise, by increasing the volume as vehicle speed increases.

For vehicles without the Bose sound system:

1. Set the volume at the desired level.
2. Press AUTO to select AUTO VOLUME MIN (minimum), AUTO VOLUME MED (medium), or AUTO VOLUME MAX (maximum). Each higher setting provides more volume compensation at faster vehicle speeds.
3. Press AUTO until AUTO VOLUME OFF displays to turn automatic volume off.

For vehicles with the Bose sound system:

Vehicles with the Bose sound system include Bose AudioPilot® noise compensation technology. AudioPilot continuously adjusts the audio system equalization to

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

compensate for background noise. This feature is most effective at lower radio volume settings where background noise can affect how well the audio is heard. At higher volume settings, there may be little or no adjustments by AudioPilot. For additional information on AudioPilot, visit bose.com/audiopilot.

To use AudioPilot:

1. Set the volume at the desired level.
2. Press AUTO until AUTO VOLUME ON displays.
3. Press AUTO until AUTO VOLUME OFF displays to turn off AudioPilot.

Radio Messages

CAL ERR (Calibration Error): Displays if the radio is no longer configured properly for the vehicle. The vehicle must be returned to your dealer for service.

LOC (Locked): Displays when the TheftLock system has locked up. The vehicle must be returned to your dealer for service.

If any error occurs repeatedly or cannot be corrected, contact your dealer.

Radio

AM-FM Radio

Radio Data System (RDS)

RDS features are available for use only on FM stations that broadcast RDS information. The station name or call letters display while the radio is tuned to an RDS station.

This system relies upon receiving specific information from these stations and works only when the information is available. In rare cases, a radio station can broadcast incorrect information that causes the radio features to work improperly. If this happens, contact the radio station.

With RDS, the radio can:

- Seek to stations broadcasting the selected type of programming.
- Receive announcements concerning local and national emergencies.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

- Display messages from radio stations.
- Seek to stations with traffic announcements.
- Provide the time of day.
- Provide a program type (PTY) for current programming.
- Provide the name of the program being broadcast.

RDS Messages

ALERT!: Alert warns of local or national emergencies. When an alert announcement comes on the current radio station, ALERT! displays. The announcement is heard, even if the volume is low or a CD is playing. If a CD is playing, play stops during the announcement. Alert announcements cannot be turned off.

ALERT! is not affected by tests of the emergency broadcast system. This feature is not supported by all RDS stations.

(Information): If the current station has a message, INFO displays. Press to see the message. The message can display the artist, song title, call in phone numbers, etc.

If the entire message is not displayed, parts of the message appears every three seconds. To scroll through the message, press and release A new group of words displays after every press of the button. Once the complete message has displayed, INFO disappears from the display until another new message is received. The last message can be displayed by pressing this button. The last message is displayed until a new message is received or the radio is tuned to a different station.

NO INFO displays when a message is not available from a station.

TRAF (Traffic): TA (traffic) displays when the station broadcasts traffic announcements.

Press TRAF and the radio seeks to a station that broadcasts traffic announcements. When a station is found, the radio stops seeking and TA displays. NO TRAFFIC INFO displays if a station that broadcasts traffic announcements cannot be found.

Press TRAF to turn off the traffic announcements if TA is on the display.

The radio plays the traffic announcement even if the volume is low. The radio interrupts the play of a CD if the last tuned station broadcasts traffic announcements.

Finding a Station

BAND: Press to switch between FM1, FM2, or AM.

(Tune): Turn to select radio stations.

SEEK : Press to go to the previous or to the next station and stay there.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

The radio only stops at stations with a strong signal.

SCAN : Press and hold ◀ or ▶ for two seconds until FREQUENCY SCAN displays. The radio goes to a station, plays for a few seconds, then goes on to the next station. Press ◀ or ▶ again to stop scanning.

To scan preset stations:

Press and hold ◀ or ▶ for four seconds until PRESET SCAN displays. The radio goes to the next preset station, plays for a few seconds, then goes to the next preset station. Press ◀ or ▶ again or press one of the pushbuttons to stop scanning presets.

The radio only scans stations with a strong signal.

1–6 (Preset Pushbuttons): Press to play stations that are programmed to the radio preset pushbuttons.

Storing Radio Stations

Drivers are encouraged to store radio station while the vehicle is parked. See *Defensive Driving on page 9-2*. Tune to stored radio stations using the presets, favorites button, and steering wheel controls, if the vehicle has this feature.

Up to 30 stations (six FM1, six FM2, six AM, six M1, and six XM2), and equalization settings for each station can be programmed on the six numbered pushbuttons.To set presets:

1. Turn the radio on.
2. Press BAND to select FM1, FM2, AM, XM1, or XM2.
3. Tune in the desired station.
4. Press AUTO EQ to select the equalization.
5. Press and hold one of the six numbered pushbuttons until the radio beeps once.
6. Repeat the steps for each pushbutton.

Satellite Radio

SiriusXM™ Satellite Radio Service

SiriusXM is a satellite radio service based in the 48 contiguous United States and 10 Canadian provinces. SiriusXM Satellite Radio has a wide variety of programming and commercial-free music, coast to coast, and in digital-quality sound. A service fee is required to receive the SiriusXM service. If SiriusXM Service needs to be reactivated, the radio will display "No Subscription Please Renew" on channel XM1. For more information, contact SiriusXM at www.siriusxm.com or 1-800-929-2100 in the U.S., and www.xmradio.ca or 1-877-438-9677 in Canada.

Finding an SiriusXM Channel

BAND: Press to switch between FM1, FM2, AM, XM1, or XM2.

/ (Tune): Turn to manually select an XM channel.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

SEEK : Press to go to the previous or to the next XM channel.

SCAN : Press and hold or for two seconds until FREQUENCY SCAN displays. The radio goes to a channel, plays for a few seconds, then goes on to the next station. Press or again to stop scanning.

To scan preset stations:

Press and hold or for four seconds until PRESET SCAN displays. The radio goes to the next preset station, plays for a few seconds, then goes to the next preset station. Press or again or press one of the pushbuttons to stop scanning presets.

1–6 (Preset Pushbuttons): Press to play channels that are programmed to the radio preset pushbuttons.

Finding a Category (CAT) Station

To select an SiriusXM station by category:

1. Press the CAT button. The last selected category displays.
2. Turn the / knob to select a category.
3. Press or to go to a category's station. SEEKING CATEGORY displays.
4. To go to another station within that category, press the CAT button to display the category, then press or to go to another station.

If the radio cannot find the desired category, NONE displays and the radio returns to the last station tuned.

SCAN: To scan the stations within a category:

1. Press CAT. The last selected category displays.
2. Turn the / knob to select a category.
3. Press and hold or until a beep sounds and SCAN CATEGORY displays. The radio begins scanning the stations in the category.
4. Press or to stop scanning.

Storing SiriusXM Channels

Drivers are encouraged to store XM channels while the vehicle is parked. See *Defensive Driving on page 9-2*. Tune to stored radio stations using the presets, favorites button, and steering wheel controls, if the vehicle has this feature.

Up to 30 stations (six FM1, six FM2, and six AM, six XM1 and six XM2), and equalization settings for each station can be programmed on the six numbered pushbuttons.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

To set presets:

1. Tune to a channel.
2. Press AUTO EQ to select the equalization.
3. Press and hold one of the six numbered pushbuttons until the radio beeps once.
4. Repeat the steps for each pushbutton.

SiriusXM Radio Messages

XL (Explicit Language Channels): These channels, or any others, can be blocked by calling 1-800-929-2100 in the U.S. and 1-877-438-9677 in Canada.

Updating: The encryption code in the receiver is being updated, and no action is required. This process should take no longer than 30 seconds.

No Signal: The system is functioning correctly, but the vehicle is in a location that is blocking the XM signal. When the vehicle is moved into an open area, the signal should return.

Loading XM: The audio system is acquiring and processing audio and text data. No action is needed. This message should disappear shortly.

CH Off Air: This channel is not currently in service. Tune in to another channel.

CH Unauth: This channel is blocked or cannot be received with your SiriusXM Subscription package.

CH Unavail: This previously assigned channel is no longer assigned. Tune to another station. If this station was one of the presets, choose another station for that preset button.

No Info: No artist, song title, category, or text information is available at this time on this channel. The system is working properly.

No Subscription Please Renew: SiriusXM subscription needs to be reactivated. Contact SiriusXM at www.siriusxm.com or call 1-800-929-2100 in the U.S. and www.xmradio.ca or call 1-877-438-9677 in Canada.

Not Found: There are no channels available for the selected category. The system is working properly.

XM Locked: The SiriusXM receiver in the vehicle may have previously been in another vehicle. For security purposes, SiriusXM receivers cannot be swapped between vehicles. If this message is received after having the vehicle serviced, check with your dealer.

Radio ID: If tuned to channel 0, this message will alternate with the SiriusXM Radio eight-digit radio ID label. This label is needed to activate the service.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Unknown: If this message is received when tuned to channel 0, there may be a receiver fault. Consult with your dealer.

Chk XMRcvr: If this message does not clear within a short period of time, the receiver may have a fault. Consult with your dealer.

Radio Reception

Frequency interference and static can occur during normal radio reception if items such as cell phone chargers, vehicle convenience accessories, and external electronic devices are plugged into the accessory power outlet. If there is interference or static, unplug the item from the accessory power outlet.

AM

The range for most AM stations is greater than for FM, especially at night. The longer range can cause station frequencies to interfere with each other. For better radio reception, most AM radio stations boost the power levels during the day, and then reduce these levels during the night. Static can also occur when things like storms and power lines interfere with radio reception. When this happens, try reducing the treble on the radio.

FM Stereo

FM signals only reach about 16 to 65 km (10 to 40 mi). Although the radio has a built-in electronic circuit that automatically works to reduce interference, some static can occur, especially around tall buildings or hills, causing the sound to fade in and out.

XM™ Satellite Radio Service

XM Satellite Radio Service gives digital radio reception from coast to coast in the 48 contiguous United States, and in Canada. Just as with FM, tall buildings or hills can interfere with satellite radio signals, causing the sound to fade in and out. In addition, traveling or standing under heavy foliage, bridges, garages, or tunnels may cause loss of the XM signal for a period of time.

Cellular Phone Usage

Cellular phone usage may cause interference with the vehicle's radio. This interference may occur when making or receiving phone calls, charging the phone's battery, or simply having the phone on. This interference causes an increased level of static while listening to the radio. If static is received while listening to the radio, unplug the cellular phone and turn it off.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Diversity Antenna System

The AM-FM antenna is a hidden self-tuning system. It optimizes the AM and FM signals relative to the vehicle's position and radio station source. No maintenance or adjustments are needed.

Satellite Radio Antenna

For vehicles with XM Satellite Radio Service, the antenna is located on the roof or on the trunk lid of the vehicle. Keep the antenna clear of obstructions for clear radio reception.

Audio Players

CD Player

Care of the CD Player

Do not add labels to a CD; it could get caught in the CD player. Use a marking pen to write on the top of the CD if a description is needed.

Do not use CD lens cleaners; they could damage the CD player.

Notice: **If a label is added to a CD, more than one CD is inserted into the slot at a time, or an attempt is made to play scratched or damaged CDs, the CD player could be damaged. While using the CD player, use only CDs in good condition without any label, load one CD at a time, and keep the CD player and the loading slot free of foreign materials, liquids, and debris.**

If an error displays, see “CD Messages” later in this section.

Care of CDs

Store CDs in their original cases or other protective cases and away from direct sunlight and dust. The CD player scans the bottom of the disc. If the bottom of a CD is damaged it may not play properly or at all. Do not touch the bottom of a CD while handling it. Pick up CDs by grasping the outer edges or the edge of the hole and the outer edge.

If the surface of a CD is dirty, take a soft, lint-free cloth or dampen a clean, soft cloth in a mild, neutral detergent solution mixed with water, and clean it. Make sure the wiping process starts from the center to the edge.

Using the CD Player

The CD player can play smaller 8 cm (3 in) single CDs with an adapter ring.

A CD in the player stays in the player when the ignition is turned off. When the ignition or radio is

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

turned on, the CD starts to play where it stopped, if it was the last selected audio source.

Loading a CD

Insert the CD partway into the slot, label side up, until the player pulls the CD in. The CD begins playing automatically.

The CD symbol displays when a CD is inserted, and the track number displays when each new track starts to play.

(Load): Press to load a CD into the CD player.

To insert a CD:

1. Press .
2. Load a CD and insert the CD partway into the slot, label side up when INSERT CD displays. The player pulls the CD in.

Playing a CD

/ (Tune): Turn to go to the next or previous track.

(Reverse): Press and hold to reverse within the current track.

(Fast Forward): Press and hold to fast forward through the current track.

SEEK : Press the left arrow to go to the start of the current track if more than eight seconds have played. Press the right arrow to go to the start of the next track. If either arrow is held or pressed more than once, the player continues moving backward or forward through the CD.

SCAN : To scan one CD, press and hold either arrow for more than two seconds until SCAN displays and a beep sounds. The radio goes to the next track, plays for 10 seconds, then goes to the next track. Press either arrow again to stop scanning.

AUTO EQ (Automatic Equalization): Press to select the equalization setting while playing a CD. The equalization is stored when a CD is played. For more information on AUTO EQ, see “AUTO EQ” previously in this section.

BAND: Press to listen to the radio when a CD is playing. The inactive CD remains inside the radio for future listening.

CD AUX (Auxiliary): Press to play a CD when listening to the radio. CD displays when a CD is in the player. If your system has a remote playback device, pressing this button a second time allows the remote device to play.

(Eject): Press to eject a CD from the CD Radio.

RPT (Repeat): Press to hear a track or an entire CD over again.

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Single CD Radio:

Press RPT to hear a track over again; REPEAT displays. Press again to turn off repeat; REPEAT OFF displays.

RDM (Random): Press to hear the tracks in random, rather than sequential order.

CD Radio:

Press and release RDM until RANDOM DISC PLAY displays. Press and release RDM until RANDOM OFF displays to turn off random play.

(Song List): The Song List feature can save 20 track selections.

To save tracks:

1. If S-LIST is displayed, press to turn it off.
2. Select the desired CD by pressing the numbered pushbutton and then use or / knob to select the track to be saved.
3. Press and hold until a beep sounds and ADDED SONG displays.
4. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 to save other selections.

SONGLIST FULL displays if more than 20 selections are stored.

To play tracks:

1. Press . One beep sounds and S-LIST displays. The recorded tracks begin to play in the order they were saved.
2. Press or to go back or forward within the saved tracks.

To delete tracks:

1. Press to turn song list on. S-LIST displays.
2. Press or , and use the / knob to select the desired track to be deleted.
3. Press and hold until SONG REMOVED displays.

After a track has been deleted, the remaining tracks are moved up the list. When another track is added to the song list, the track is added to the end of the list.

To delete the entire song list:

1. Press to turn song list on. S-LIST displays.
2. Press and hold for more than four seconds. One beep sounds and SONGLIST EMPTY displays to confirm that the song list has been deleted.

If a CD is ejected, and the song list contains saved tracks from that CD, those tracks are automatically deleted from the song list. Any tracks saved to the song list again are added to the bottom of the list.

To end song list mode, press . One beep sounds and S-LIST is removed from the display.

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MP3 Format

Radios with the MP3 feature can only play CD-R discs. Do not mix standard audio and MP3 files on the same disc.

Supported File Structure

Radios with the MP3 feature support up to:

- 50 folders
- 11 folders in depth
- 50 playlists
- 255 files
- 10 sessions

Root Directory:

The root directory is treated as a folder. Files are stored in the root directory when the disc or storage device does not contain folders. Files accessed from the root directory display as F1 ROOT.

Empty Folder:

Folders that do not contain files are skipped, and the player advances to the next folder that contains files.

Supported Bit Rates

The following bit rates are supported: 32 kbps, 40 kbps, 56 kbps, 64 kbps, 80 kbps, 96 kbps, 112 kbps, 128 kbps, 160 kbps, 192 kbps, 224 kbps, 256 kbps, and 320 kbps or a variable bit rate.

File Naming

ID3v1 and ID3v2 tags are supported. The track name contained in the ID3 tag is shown on the display. The display only shows up to 32 characters for track and file names.

If the track name is not contained in the ID3 tag, the display shows the file name without the file extension.

Playlists

Playlists that do not have a .m3u or .wpl extension may not work.

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Preprogrammed playlists created by WinAmp™, MusicMatch™, or Real Jukebox™ software are supported and cannot be edited using the radio.

Playing an MP3

Insert a CD partway into the slot, label side up. The player pulls it in, and READING displays. The CD should begin playing and the CD symbol displays.

If the ignition or radio is turned off with a CD-R in the player, it stays in the player. When the ignition or radio is turned on, the CD-R starts to play where it stopped, if it was the last selected audio source.

As each new track starts to play, the track number displays.

Order of Play

Tracks are played sequentially in the following order:

1. Playlists.
2. Files contained in the root directory.

3. Files contained in folders.

/ (Tune): Turn to go to the next or previous track.

(Previous Folder): Press to go to the first track in the previous folder. Press and hold to reverse through the current track.

(Next Folder): Press to go to the first track in the next folder. Press and hold to fast forward the current track.

RDM (Random): Press to hear the tracks in random, rather than sequential order.

Press and release RDM until:

- RANDOM DISC PLAY displays to play the tracks on the CD in random order.
- RANDOM FOLDER displays to play the tracks in the folder in random order.
- RANDOM OFF displays to turn off random play.

RPT (Repeat): Press to hear a track, CD, or folder over again.

Press and release RPT until:

- REPEAT displays to repeat a track.
- REPEAT ONE DISC displays to repeat a CD.
- REPEAT FOLDER displays to repeat a folder.
- REPEAT OFF displays to turn off repeated play.

SEEK : Press to go to the start of the current track, if more than eight seconds have played. Press to go to the next track. Press or more than once to continue moving backward or forward through the CD.

(Information): Press to display the artist name and album contained in the ID3 tag.

BAND: Press to listen to the radio when a CD is playing. The inactive CD remains inside the radio for future listening.

CD AUX (Auxiliary): Press to play a CD when listening to the radio. The CD symbol displays when a CD is loaded.

Auxiliary Devices

Using the Auxiliary Input Jack

The vehicle may have an auxiliary input jack located on the right side of the faceplate or in the center console. This is not an audio output; do not plug the headphone set into the front auxiliary input jack. An external audio device can be connected to the auxiliary input jack for use as another source for audio listening.

Drivers are encouraged to set up any auxiliary device while the vehicle is in P (Park). See *Defensive Driving on page 9-2*.

Connect a 3.5 mm (1/8 in) cable to the radio's front auxiliary input jack to use a portable audio player. The radio displays AUX INPUT DEVICE

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when a device is connected and begins playing audio from that device.

Top Knob (Power/Volume): Turn to increase or decrease the volume of the portable player. Additional volume adjustments can be made from the portable device.

BAND: Press to listen to the radio while a portable audio device is playing. The portable audio device continues playing.

CD/AUX (CD/Auxiliary): Press to play a CD while a portable audio device is playing. Press again and the system begins playing audio from the connected portable audio player. If a portable audio player is connected, AUX INPUT DEVICE displays. If a portable audio player is not connected, AUX INPUT DEVICE does not display.

Phone

Bluetooth

For vehicles equipped with Bluetooth capability, the system can interact with many cell phones, allowing:

- Placement and receipt of calls in a hands-free mode.
- Sharing of the cell phone's address book or contact list with the vehicle.

To minimize driver distraction, before driving, and with the vehicle parked:

- Become familiar with the features of the cell phone. Organize the phone book and contact lists clearly and delete duplicate or rarely used entries. If possible, program speed dial or other shortcuts.
- Review the controls and operation of the infotainment system.
- Pair cell phone(s) to the vehicle. The system may not work with all cell phones. See "Pairing" in this section for more information.
- If the cell phone has voice dialing capability, learn to use that feature to access the address book or contact list. See "Voice Pass-Thru" in this section for more information.
- See "Storing and Deleting Phone Numbers" in this section for more information.

⚠ WARNING

When using a cell phone, it can be distracting to look too long or too often at the screen of the phone or the infotainment (navigation) system. Taking your eyes off the road too long or too often could cause a crash resulting in injury or death. Focus your attention on driving.

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A Bluetooth system can use a Bluetooth-capable cell phone with a Hands-Free Profile to make and receive phone calls. The system can be used while the key is in the ON/RUN or ACC/ACCESSORY position. The range of the Bluetooth system can be up to 9.1 m (30 ft). Not all phones support all functions, and not all phones work with the in-vehicle Bluetooth system. See www.gm.com/bluetooth for more information on compatible phones.

Voice Recognition

The Bluetooth system uses voice recognition to interpret voice commands to dial phone numbers and name tags.

For additional information, say “Help” while you are in a voice recognition menu.

Noise: Keep interior noise levels to a minimum. The system may not recognize voice commands if there is too much background noise.

When to Speak: A short tone sounds after the system responds indicating when it is waiting for a voice command. Wait until the tone and then speak.

How to Speak: Speak clearly in a calm and natural voice.

Audio System

When using the in-vehicle Bluetooth system, sound comes through the vehicle's front audio system speakers and overrides the audio system. Use the audio system volume knob, during a call, to change the volume level. The adjusted volume level remains in memory for later calls. To prevent missed calls, a minimum volume level is used if the volume is turned down too low.

Bluetooth Controls

Use the buttons located on the steering wheel to operate the in-vehicle Bluetooth system. See *Steering Wheel Controls on page 5-3* for more information.

/ (Push To Talk): Press to answer incoming calls, confirm system information, and start speech recognition.

(Phone On Hook): Press to end a call, reject a call, or cancel an operation.

Pairing

A Bluetooth-enabled cell phone must be paired to the Bluetooth system and then connected to the vehicle before it can be used. See the cell phone manufacturer's user guide for Bluetooth functions before pairing the cell phone. If a Bluetooth phone is not connected, calls will be made using OnStar Hands-Free Calling, if equipped. See *OnStar Overview on page 14-1* for more information.

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Pairing Information

- A Bluetooth phone with MP3 capability cannot be paired to the vehicle as an MP3 player.
- Up to five cell phones can be paired to the Bluetooth system.
- The pairing process is disabled when the vehicle is moving.
- Pairing only needs to be completed once, unless the pairing information on the cell phone changes or the cell phone is deleted from the system.
- Only one paired cell phone can be connected to the Bluetooth system at a time.
- If multiple paired cell phones are within range of the system, the system connects to the first available paired cell phone in the order that they were first paired to the system. To connect to a different paired phone, see “Connecting to a Different Phone” later in this section.

Pairing a Phone

1. Press and hold ✆ / 🎤 for two seconds.
2. Say “Bluetooth.” This command can be skipped.
3. Say “Pair.” The system responds with instructions and a four-digit Personal Identification Number (PIN). The PIN is used in Step 5.
4. Start the pairing process on the cell phone that you want to pair. For help with this process, see the cell phone manufacturer's user guide.
5. Locate the device named “Your Vehicle” in the list on the cell phone. Follow the instructions on the cell phone to enter the PIN that was provided in Step 3. After the PIN is successfully entered, the system prompts you to provide a name for the paired cell phone. This name will be used to indicate which phones are paired and connected to the vehicle. The system responds with “<phone name> has been successfully paired” after the pairing process is complete.
6. Repeat Steps 1 through 5 to pair additional phones.

Listing All Paired and Connected Phones

The system can list all cell phones paired to it. If a paired cell phone is also connected to the vehicle, the system responds with “is connected” after that phone name.

1. Press and hold ✆ / 🎤 for two seconds.
2. Say “Bluetooth.”
3. Say “List.”

Deleting a Paired Phone

If the phone name you want to delete is unknown, see “Listing All Paired and Connected Phones.”

1. Press and hold ✆ / 🎤 for two seconds.
2. Say “Bluetooth.”

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3. Say “Delete.” The system asks which phone to delete.
4. Say the name of the phone you want to delete.

Connecting to a Different Phone

To connect to a different cell phone, the Bluetooth system looks for the next available cell phone in the order in which all the available cell phones were paired. Depending on which cell phone you want to connect to, you may have to use this command several times.

1. Press and hold ✆ / for two seconds.
2. Say “Bluetooth.”
3. Say “Change phone.”
   - If another cell phone is found, the response will be “<Phone name> is now connected.”
   - If another cell phone is not found, the original phone remains connected.

Storing and Deleting Phone Numbers

The system can store up to 30 phone numbers as name tags in the Hands-Free Directory that is shared between the Bluetooth and OnStar systems, if equipped.

The following commands are used to delete and store phone numbers.

Store: This command will store a phone number, or a group of numbers as a name tag.

Digit Store: This command allows a phone number to be stored as a name tag by entering the digits one at a time.

Delete: This command is used to delete individual name tags.

Delete All Name Tags: This command deletes all stored name tags in the Hands-Free Calling Directory and the OnStar Turn-by-Turn Destinations Directory, if equipped.

Using the “Store” Command

1. Press and hold ✆ / for two seconds.
2. Say “Store.”
3. Say the phone number or group of numbers you want to store all at once with no pauses, then follow the directions given by the system to save a name tag for this number.

Using the “Digit Store” Command

If an unwanted number is recognized by the system, say “Clear” at any time to clear the last number.

To hear all of the numbers recognized by the system, say “Verify” at any time.

1. Press and hold ✆ / for two seconds.
2. Say “Digit Store.”
3. Say each digit, one at a time, that you want to store. After each digit is entered, the system

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repeats back the digit it heard followed by a tone. After the last digit has been entered, say “Store,” and then follow the directions given by the system to save a name tag for this number.

Using the “Delete” Command

1. Press and hold ✆ / ⌇ for two seconds.
2. Say “Delete.”
3. Say the name tag you want to delete.

Using the “Delete All Name Tags” Command

This command deletes all stored name tags in the Hands-Free Calling Directory and the OnStar Turn-by-Turn Destinations Directory, if equipped.

To delete all name tags:

1. Press and hold ✆ / ⌇ for two seconds.
2. Say “Delete all name tags.”

Listing Stored Numbers

The list command will list all stored numbers and name tags.

Using the “List” Command

1. Press and hold ✆ / ⌇ for two seconds.
2. Say “Directory.”
3. Say “Hands-Free Calling.”
4. Say “List.”

Making a Call

Calls can be made using the following commands.

Dial or Call: The dial or call command can be used interchangeably to dial a phone number or a stored name tag.

Digit Dial: This command allows a phone number to be dialed by entering the digits one at a time.

Re-dial: This command is used to dial the last number used on the cell phone.

Using the “Dial” or “Call” Command

1. Press and hold ✆ / ⌇ for two seconds.
2. Say “Dial” or “Call.”
3. Say the entire number without pausing, or say the name tag.

Once connected, the person called will be heard through the audio speakers.

Calling 911 Emergency

1. Press and hold ✆ / ⌇ for two seconds.
2. Say “Dial” or “Call.”
3. Say “911.”
4. Say “Dial” or “Call.”

Using the “Digit Dial” Command

The digit dial command allows a phone number to be dialed by entering the digits one at a time. After each digit is entered, the system repeats back the digit it heard followed by a tone.

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If an unwanted number is recognized by the system, say “Clear” at any time to clear the last number.

To hear all of the numbers recognized by the system, say “Verify” at any time.

1. Press and hold ✆ / ⏯ for two seconds.
2. Say “Digit Dial.”
3. Say each digit, one at a time, that you want to dial. After each digit is entered, the system repeats back the digit it heard followed by a tone. After the last digit has been entered, say “Dial.”

Once connected, the person called will be heard through the audio speakers.

Using the “Re-dial” Command

1. Press and hold ✆ / ⏯ for two seconds.
2. After the tone, say “Re-dial.”

Once connected, the person called will be heard through the audio speakers.

Receiving a Call

When an incoming call is received, the audio system mutes and a ring tone is heard in the vehicle.

- Press ✆ / ⏯ to answer the call.

  For navigation radio press and hold for two seconds.

- Press ✆ to ignore a call.

Call Waiting

Call waiting must be supported on the cell phone and enabled by the wireless service carrier.

- Press ✆ / ⏯ to answer an incoming call when another call is active. The original call is placed on hold.
- Press ✆ / ⏯ again to return to the original call.
- To ignore the incoming call, no action is required.
- Press ✆ to disconnect the current call and switch to the call on hold.

Three-Way Calling

Three-way calling must be supported on the cell phone and enabled by the wireless service carrier.

1. While on a call, press ✆ / ⏯.
2. Say “Three-way call.”
3. Use the dial or call command to dial the number of the third party to be called.
4. Once the call is connected, press ✆ / ⏯ to link all callers together.

Ending a Call

Press ✆ to end a call.

Muting a Call

During a call, all sounds from inside the vehicle can be muted so that the person on the other end of the call cannot hear them.

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- To mute a call, press ✆ / 🎤 , and then say “Mute call.”
- To cancel mute, press ✆ / 🎤 , and then say “Un-mute call.”

Transferring a Call

Audio can be transferred between the Bluetooth system and the cell phone.

The cell phone must be paired and connected with the Bluetooth system before a call can be transferred. The connection process can take up to two minutes after the ignition is turned to ON/RUN.

Transferring Audio from the Bluetooth System to a Cell Phone

During a call with the audio in the vehicle:

1. Press ✆ / 🎤.
2. Say “Transfer Call.”

Transferring Audio to the Bluetooth System from a Cell Phone

During a call with the audio on the cell phone, press ✆ / 🎤. The audio transfers to the vehicle. If the audio does not transfer to the vehicle, use the audio transfer feature on the cell phone. See your cell phone manufacturer's user guide for more information.

Voice Pass-Thru

Voice pass-thru allows access to the voice recognition commands on the cell phone. See your cell phone manufacturer's user guide to see if the cell phone supports this feature.

To access contacts stored in the cell phone:

1. Press and hold ✆ / 🎤 for two seconds.
2. Say “Bluetooth.” This command can be skipped.
3. Say “Voice.” The system responds “OK, accessing <phone name>.”

The cell phone's normal prompt messages will go through their cycle according to the phone's operating instructions.

Dual Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) Tones

The Bluetooth system can send numbers and the numbers stored as name tags during a call. You can use this feature when calling a menu-driven phone system. Account numbers can also be stored for use.

Sending a Number or Name Tag During a Call

1. Press ✆ / 🎤. The system responds “Ready,” followed by a tone.
2. Say “Dial.”
3. Say the number or name tag to send.

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Clearing the System

Unless information is deleted out of the in-vehicle Bluetooth system, it will be retained indefinitely. This includes all saved name tags in the phone book and phone pairing information. For information on how to delete this information, see the previous section “Deleting a Paired Phone” and the previous sections on deleting name tags.

Other Information

The Bluetooth® word mark and logos are owned by the Bluetooth® SIG, Inc. and any use of such marks by General Motors is under license. Other trademarks and trade names are those of their respective owners.

See *Radio Frequency Statement on page 13-20* for information regarding Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and Industry Canada Standards RSS-GEN/210/220/310.

Trademarks and License Agreements

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Climate Controls

Climate Control Systems
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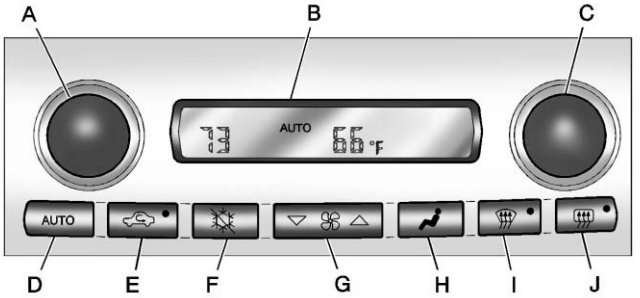
Passenger Compartment Air Filter 8-6

Climate Control Systems

Dual Automatic Climate Control System

With this system the heating, cooling, and ventilation can be controlled.



A. Driver Temperature Controls
B. Display
C. Passenger Temperature Control
D. AUTO
E. Recirculation
F. Air Conditioning
G. Fan Control
H. Air Delivery Mode Control
I. Defrost
J. Rear Window Defogger

When the vehicle is first started, the display shows the driver's temperature setting, the outside temperature, the fan speed, and the air delivery, for about 10 seconds.

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The outside temperature is shown in the center of the display. The digital display will show the readings in Fahrenheit or Celsius. See “Personal Options” under *Vehicle Personalization on page 5-52* for information on changing your display.

Automatic Operation

AUTO (Automatic): Press the AUTO button to place the entire system in the automatic mode. When automatic operation is active, the system automatically controls the inside temperature, the air delivery mode, and the fan speed.

After a 10 second display of the current settings, the word AUTO, the driver's temperature setting and the outside temperature will be shown. The system operates to reach the set temperature as quickly as possible. The AUTO control system works best with the windows up and the removable roof installed or the convertible top up.

1. Press the AUTO button.
2. Adjust the temperature to a comfortable setting between 16°C (60°F) and 32°C (90°F). Choosing the coldest or warmest temperature setting will not cause the system to heat or cool any faster. A setting of 23°C (73°F) is suggested.

   In cold weather, the system will start at reduced fan speeds to avoid blowing cold air into your vehicle until warmer air is available. The system starts out blowing air at the floor but may change modes automatically as the vehicle warms up to maintain the chosen temperature setting. The length of time needed for warm up depends on the outside temperature and the length of time that has elapsed since the vehicle was last driven.
3. Wait for the system to regulate. This may take from 10 to 30 minutes. Then adjust the temperature, if necessary.

Do not cover the solar sensor located in the center of the instrument panel, near the windshield. For more information on the solar sensor, see “Sensors” later in this section.

Manual Operation

Driver Power/Temperature: Press the driver temperature knob to turn the climate control system off. This is the only setting that completely shuts off the fan. The digital display shows only the outside temperature. The driver and the passenger set temperature and the air intake mode can still be adjusted when the climate control is off.

Passenger Power/Temperature: Press the passenger temperature knob to turn the passenger's climate control system on or off. Turn the knob to increase or decrease the temperature for the passenger. If the passenger's climate control system is off, the driver's temperature knob will control the temperature for the entire vehicle.

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▽ ⁂ △ **(Fan):** Press to increase or decrease the fan speed. The fan speed setting will appear in the display.

Pressing the arrows will delete AUTO from the digital display. The fan graphics with the fan speed bars will be shown. The AUTO button must be pressed to return to the automatic fan control.

If the airflow seems low when the fan speed is at the highest setting, the passenger compartment air filter may need to be replaced. For more information, see *Passenger Compartment Air Filter on page 8-6*.

(Air Delivery Mode Control): Press this button to manually lock in the current air delivery setting and to stop the automatic mode control. Pressing deletes AUTO from the digital display and the mode graphics will be shown. To change the setting, press again. The AUTO button must be pressed to return to the automatic mode selection.

To change the current mode, select one of the following:

(Vent): Air is directed to the instrument panel outlets, with some air directed to the floor outlets.

(Bi-Level): Air is divided between the instrument panel and floor outlets.

(Floor): Air is directed to the floor outlets, with some air directed to the windshield and side window defogger outlets.

(Floor/Defog): This mode clears the windows of fog or moisture. Air is directed to the windshield and the floor outlets, with a small amount to the side window outlets. In this mode, the system automatically turns off the recirculation and runs the air conditioning compressor unless the outside temperature is at or below freezing. The recirculation mode cannot be selected while in the defog mode.

(Defrost): This mode clears the windows of fog or frost more quickly. Air is directed to the windshield, with a small amount directed to the side window outlets. The indicator light comes on and the digital display will show the defrost mode symbol and fan speed when the front defrost mode is being used. In this mode, the system automatically turns off the recirculation and runs the air conditioning compressor, unless the outside temperature is at or below freezing. Recirculation cannot be selected while in the defrost mode.

Pressing again will return the system to the last operating mode.

For severe ice conditions, turn the driver's temperature knob to 32°C (90°F) while in defrost mode.

Do not drive the vehicle until all the windows are clear.

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(Air Conditioning Off): Press to turn the air conditioning compressor off. Press AUTO to return to automatic operation. When in AUTO, the air conditioning compressor comes on automatically, as needed.

Air conditioning does not operate at temperatures below about 2°C to 4°C (35°F to 40°F). In temperatures above 4°C (40°F), the air conditioning cannot be turned off in defrost and defog, as it helps to remove moisture from the vehicle. It also helps to keep the windows clear.

You may notice a slight change in engine performance when the air conditioning compressor shuts off and turns on again. This is normal. The system is designed to make adjustments to help with fuel economy while still maintaining the selected temperature.

On hot days, open the windows to let hot inside air escape; then close them. This helps to reduce the time it takes for the vehicle to cool down. It also helps the system to operate more efficiently.

For quick cool down on hot days press the AUTO button and adjust the temperature to a cool, comfortable setting. To achieve maximum cool down, do the following:

1. Select mode.
2. Press .
3. Select the a/c on.
4. Select the coolest temperature.
5. Select the highest fan speed.

Using these settings together for long periods of time may cause the air inside of your vehicle to become too dry. To prevent this from happening, after the air in the vehicle has cooled, turn the recirculation mode off.

The air conditioning system removes moisture from the air, so a small amount of water might drip under the vehicle while idling or after turning off the engine. This is normal.

(Recirculation): Press to turn the recirculation mode on or off. An indicator light comes on to show that recirculation is on. This mode prevents outside air from entering your vehicle. It can be used to prevent outside air and odors from entering your vehicle and to help cool the air inside your vehicle more quickly. Recirculation mode is not available in defrost or defog mode.

Sensors

The solar sensor on the vehicle monitors the solar heat and uses the information to maintain the selected temperature when operating in AUTO mode by automatically adjusting the temperature, fan speed, and air delivery system. The system may also supply cooler air to the side of the vehicle facing the sun. The recirculation mode will also be activated, as necessary. Do not

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cover the solar sensor located on the top of the instrument panel near the windshield or the system will not work properly.

There is also a sensor located behind the front bumper. This sensor reads the outside air temperature and helps to maintain the temperature inside the vehicle. Any cover on the front of the vehicle could give a false reading in the temperature.

If the outside temperature goes up, the displayed temperature will not change until:

- The vehicle's speed is above 19 km/h (12 mph) for five minutes.
- The vehicle's speed is above 52 km/h (32 mph) for two and one-half minutes.

These delays prevent false readings. If the temperature goes down, the outside temperature will be shown when you start the vehicle. If it has been turned off for less than three hours, the temperature will be recalled from the previous vehicle operation.

There is also an inside temperature sensor located to the left of the ignition switch. The automatic climate control system uses this sensor to receive information, so if you block or cover it, the system will not function properly.

Rear Window Defogger

The rear window defogger uses a warming grid to remove fog or frost from the rear window.

The rear window defogger only works when the engine is running.

(Rear Window Defogger): Press to turn the rear window defogger on or off. Be sure to clear as much snow from the rear window as possible. An indicator light comes on to show that the rear window defogger is on.

The rear window defogger turns off about 10 minutes after the button is pressed when traveling less than 48 km/h (30 mph). If turned on again, the defogger only runs for about five minutes before turning off. The defogger can also be turned off by turning off the engine.

The vehicle has heated outside rearview mirrors. The mirrors will heat to help clear fog or frost from the surface of the mirrors when the rear window defogger button is pressed.

For vehicles with a power convertible top, the rear window defogger and heated mirrors are automatically disabled when the power convertible top is moving or down.

Notice: **Do not use anything sharp on the inside of the rear window. If you do, you could cut or damage the warming grid, and the repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not attach a temporary vehicle license, tape, a decal, or anything similar to the defogger grid.**

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Air Vents

Use the tab located on the air outlets to change the direction of the airflow.

Operation Tips

- Clear away any ice, snow, or leaves from the air inlets at the base of the windshield that may block the flow of air into the vehicle.
- Use of non-GM approved hood deflectors may adversely affect the performance of the system.
- Keep the area around the base of the instrument panel console and air path under the seats clear of objects to help circulate the air inside of the vehicle more effectively.

Maintenance

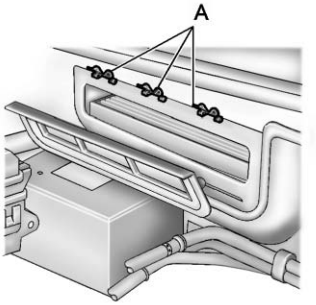
Passenger Compartment Air Filter

The passenger compartment air filter removes certain particles from the air including pollen and dust particles. Reductions in airflow, which may occur more often in dusty areas, indicate that the filter may need to be replaced. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3*.

Notice: **Driving without a passenger compartment air filter in place can cause water and small particles, like paper and leaves, to be pulled into your climate control system which may cause damage to it. Make sure you always replace the old filter with a new one.**

The passenger compartment air filter is located on the passenger side of the engine compartment near the battery. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8*.

To check or replace the air filter:



1. Remove the cover retainer clips (A) from the passenger compartment air filter cover.
2. Remove the cover.

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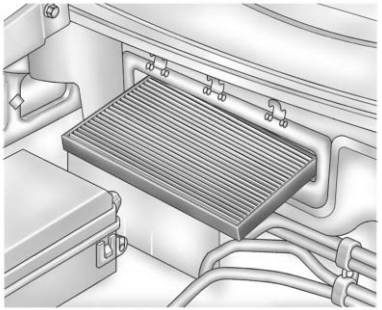

3. Remove the filter and install the new air filter.
4. Replace the filter cover.
5. Attach the retainer clips.

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✍ NOTES

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Driving Information

Distracted Driving

Distraction comes in many forms and can take your focus from the task of driving. Exercise good judgment and do not let other activities divert your attention away from the road. Many local governments have enacted laws regarding driver distraction. Become familiar with the local laws in your area.

To avoid distracted driving, always keep your eyes on the road, hands on the wheel, and mind on the drive.

- Do not use a phone in demanding driving situations. Use a hands-free method to place or receive necessary phone calls.
- Watch the road. Do not read, take notes, or look up information on phones or other electronic devices.
- Designate a front seat passenger to handle potential distractions.
- Become familiar with vehicle features before driving, such as programming favorite radio stations and adjusting climate control and seat settings. Program all trip information into any navigation device prior to driving.
- Wait until the vehicle is parked to retrieve items that have fallen to the floor.
- Stop or park the vehicle to tend to children.
- Keep pets in an appropriate carrier or restraint.
- Avoid stressful conversations while driving, whether with a passenger or on a cell phone.

⚠ WARNING

Taking your eyes off the road too long or too often could cause a crash resulting in injury or death. Focus your attention on driving.

Refer to the infotainment section for more information on using that system, including pairing and using a cell phone.

If equipped, refer to the navigation manual for information on that system, including pairing and using a cell phone.

Defensive Driving

Defensive driving means “always expect the unexpected.” The first step in driving defensively is to wear the safety belt. See *Safety Belts on page 3-7*.

- Assume that other road users (pedestrians, bicyclists, and other drivers) are going to be

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careless and make mistakes. Anticipate what they might do and be ready.

- Allow enough following distance between you and the driver in front of you.
- Focus on the task of driving.

Drunk Driving

Death and injury associated with drinking and driving is a global tragedy.

⚠ WARNING

Drinking and then driving is very dangerous. Your reflexes, perceptions, attentiveness, and judgment can be affected by even a small amount of alcohol. You can have a serious — or even fatal — collision if you drive after drinking.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

Do not drink and drive or ride with a driver who has been drinking. Ride home in a cab; or if you are with a group, designate a driver who will not drink.

Control of a Vehicle

Braking, steering, and accelerating are important factors in helping to control a vehicle while driving.

Braking

Braking action involves perception time and reaction time. Deciding to push the brake pedal is perception time. Actually doing it is reaction time.

Average driver reaction time is about three-quarters of a second. In that time, a vehicle moving at 100 km/h (60 mph) travels 20 m (66 ft), which could be a lot of distance in an emergency.

Helpful braking tips to keep in mind include:

- Keep enough distance between you and the vehicle in front of you.
- Avoid needless heavy braking.
- Keep pace with traffic.

If the engine ever stops while the vehicle is being driven, brake normally but do not pump the brakes. Doing so could make the pedal harder to push down. If the engine stops, there will be some power brake assist but it will be used when the brake is applied. Once the power assist is used up, it can take longer to stop and the brake pedal will be harder to push.

Steering

Magnetic Effort Steering

This system continuously adjusts the effort felt when steering at all vehicle speeds. It provides ease when parking, yet a firm, solid feel at highway speeds.

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Variable Effort Steering

Some vehicles have a steering system that varies the amount of effort required to steer the vehicle in relation to the speed of the vehicle.

The amount of steering effort required is less at slower speeds to make the vehicle more maneuverable and easier to park. At faster speeds, the steering effort increases to provide a sport-like feel to the steering. this provides maximum control and stability.

If the vehicle seems harder to steer than normal when parking or driving slowly, there may be a problem with the system. The vehicle will still have power steering, but steering will be stiffer than normal at slow speeds. See your dealer for service.

Hydraulic Power Steering

This vehicle has hydraulic power steering. It may require maintenance. See *Power Steering Fluid on page 10-30*.

If power steering assist is lost because the engine stops or a system malfunction, the vehicle can be steered but may required increased effort. See your dealer if there is a problem.

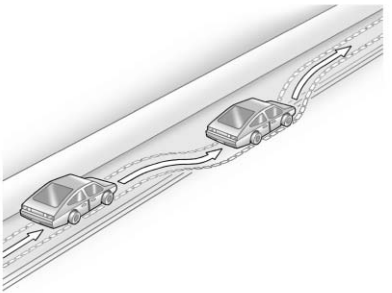
Curve Tips

- Take curves at a reasonable speed.
- Reduce speed before entering a curve.
- Maintain a reasonable steady speed through the curve
- Wait until the vehicle is out of the curve before accelerating gently into the straightaway.

Steering in Emergencies

- There are some situations when steering around a problem may be more effective than braking.
- Holding both sides of the steering wheel allows you to turn 180 degrees without removing a hand.
- Antilock Brake System (ABS) allows steering while braking.

Off-Road Recovery



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The vehicle's right wheels can drop off the edge of a road onto the shoulder while driving. Follow these tips:

1. Ease off the accelerator and then, if there is nothing in the way, steer the vehicle so that it straddles the edge of the pavement.
2. Turn the steering wheel about one-eighth of a turn, until the right front tire contacts the pavement edge.
3. Turn the steering wheel to go straight down the roadway.

Loss of Control

Skidding

There are three types of skids that correspond to the vehicle's three control systems:

- Braking Skid — wheels are not rolling.
- Steering or Cornering Skid — too much speed or steering in a curve causes tires to slip and lose cornering force.
- Acceleration Skid — too much throttle causes the driving wheels to spin.

Defensive drivers avoid most skids by taking reasonable care suited to existing conditions, and by not overdriving those conditions. But skids are always possible.

If the vehicle starts to slide, follow these suggestions:

- Ease your foot off the accelerator pedal and quickly steer the way you want the vehicle to go. The vehicle may straighten out. Be ready for a second skid if it occurs.
- Slow down and adjust your driving according to weather conditions. Stopping distance can be longer and vehicle control can be affected when traction is reduced by water, snow, ice, gravel, or other material on the road. Learn to recognize warning clues — such as enough water, ice, or packed snow on the road to make a mirrored surface — and slow down when you have any doubt.
- Try to avoid sudden steering, acceleration, or braking, including reducing vehicle speed by shifting to a lower gear. Any sudden changes could cause the tires to slide.

Remember: Antilock brakes help avoid only the braking skid.

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Racing or Other Competitive Driving

Racing or competitive driving may affect the vehicle warranty. See the warranty book before using the vehicle for racing or other competitive driving.

Notice: **If you use the vehicle for racing or other competitive driving, the engine may use more oil than it would with normal use. Low oil levels can damage the engine. For information on how to add oil, see *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.**

Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe and 427 Convertible only: Be sure to check the oil level often during racing or other competitive driving and keep the level at or near the upper mark that shows the proper operating range on the engine oil dipstick.

Except Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe and 427 Convertible : Be sure to check the oil level often during racing or other competitive driving and keep the level at or near 1 L (1 qt) above the upper mark that shows the proper operating range on the engine oil dipstick. After the competitive driving, remove excess oil so that the level on the dipstick is not above the upper mark that shows the proper operating range.

Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe and 427 Convertible Only: For racing or competitive driving, it is recommended that the brake fluid be replaced with a high performance brake fluid that has a dry boiling point greater than 279°C (534°F). After conversion to the high performance brake fluid, follow the brake fluid service recommendations outlined by the fluid manufacturer. Do not use silicone or DOT-5 brake fluids.

Z06, ZR1, and manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe Only: For racing or competitive driving, it is recommended that the loading of the vehicle be limited to the driver only, with no other cargo, and that tires be inflated to 180 kPa (26 psi) for a maximum speed of 230 km/h (143 mph).

If the vehicle is a Z06, ZR1, or manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe and 427 Convertible model, it has greaseable outer ends on both of the rear toe-links. Under normal use, lubrication should be performed as described in the maintenance schedule. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3* and *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*. If using the vehicle for racing, lubrication should be performed at the end of each racing day. See your dealer for lubrication and make sure any needed repairs are made at once. Proper procedures for performing these

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services can be found in the service manual. See *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

If the vehicle is used for racing or other competitive driving, the rear axle fluid temperatures may be higher than would occur in normal driving. We recommend that the rear axle fluid be drained and refilled with new fluid after every 24 hours of racing or competitive driving. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12* for what fluid to use.

Z06 with Z07 and ZR1 Performance Package Brake Burnish Procedure

Notice: **These procedures are specific to the Z06 and ZR1 Performance Package with ceramic brake rotors. These procedures should not be run on other Corvette models as damage may result.**

Notice: **The new vehicle break-in period should be completed before performing the brake burnish procedure or damage may occur to the powertrain/ engine. See *New Vehicle Break-In on page 9-16*.**

When performed as instructed, these procedures will not damage the brakes. During the burnishing procedure, the brake pads will smoke and produce an odor. The braking force and pedal travel may increase. After the procedure is complete, the brake pads may appear white at the rotor contact.

Street High Performance Brake Burnishing Procedure

Run this procedure in a safe manner and in compliance with all local and state ordinances/laws regarding motor vehicle operation. Run this procedure only on dry pavement.

1. From a stop, accelerate as rapidly as possible without activating traction control to a speed of 97 kph (60 mph).
2. Use enough pedal force to completely stop the vehicle in four to five seconds. If ABS activates, braking is too hard.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2, five times. This should take about 10 minutes.
4. After completing the 50 stops, cool the brakes by driving for 8 km (5 mi) at 97 kph (60 mph).

As with all high performance brake systems, some amount of brake squeal is normal.

Racing/Track Brake Burnish Procedure

To prepare the ZR1 and Z06 with Z07 Performance Package brake system for track events and racing, the Street High Performance Brake Burnish as described previously should be completed.

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In addition to completing the Street High Performance Brake Burnishing Procedure, the following procedure needs to be completed to make the ZR1 and Z06 with Z07 Performance Package brake system ready for track events and racing.

This procedure should only be run on a track and only on dry pavement.

Notice: **Brake pedal fade will occur during this track burnish procedure and can cause brake pedal travel and force to increase. This could extend stopping distance until the brakes are fully burnished.**

1. Drive a normal first lap and not too aggressive.
2. Laps 2 and 3 should be gradually driven faster and more aggressive, while allowing for reduced brake output and increased stopping distance due to brake fade.
3. Lap 4 as near to full speed, while allowing for reduced brake output and increased stopping distance due to brake fade.
4. Laps 5 and 6 should be cool down laps
5. Lap 7 should be normal driving or an easy out lap.

Driving on Wet Roads

Rain and wet roads can reduce vehicle traction and affect your ability to stop and accelerate. Always drive slower in these types of driving conditions and avoid driving through large puddles and deep-standing or flowing water.

⚠ WARNING

Wet brakes can cause crashes. They might not work as well in a quick stop and could cause pulling to one side. You could lose control of the vehicle.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

After driving through a large puddle of water or a car/vehicle wash, lightly apply the brake pedal until the brakes work normally.

Flowing or rushing water creates strong forces. Driving through flowing water could cause the vehicle to be carried away. If this happens, you and other vehicle occupants could drown. Do not ignore police warnings and be very cautious about trying to drive through flowing water.

Hydroplaning

Hydroplaning is dangerous. Water can build up under the vehicle's tires so they actually ride on the water. This can happen if the road is wet enough and you are going fast enough. When the vehicle is hydroplaning, it has little or no contact with the road.

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There is no hard and fast rule about hydroplaning. The best advice is to slow down when the road is wet.

Other Rainy Weather Tips

Besides slowing down, other wet weather driving tips include:

- Allow extra following distance.
- Pass with caution.
- Keep windshield wiping equipment in good shape.
- Keep the windshield washer fluid reservoir filled.
- Have good tires with proper tread depth. See *Tires on page 10-51*.
- Turn off cruise control.

Highway Hypnosis

Always be alert and pay attention to your surroundings while driving. If you become tired or sleepy, find a safe place to park the vehicle and rest.

Other driving tips include:

- Keep the vehicle well ventilated.
- Keep the interior temperature cool.
- Keep your eyes moving — scan the road ahead and to the sides.
- Check the rearview mirror and vehicle instruments often.

Hill and Mountain Roads

Driving on steep hills or through mountains is different than driving on flat or rolling terrain. Tips for driving in these conditions include:

- Keep the vehicle serviced and in good shape.
- Check all fluid levels and brakes, tires, cooling system, and transmission.
- Shift to a lower gear when going down steep or long hills.

⚠ WARNING

If you do not shift down, the brakes could get so hot that they would not work well. You would then have poor braking or even none going down a hill. You could crash. Shift down to let the engine assist the brakes on a steep downhill slope.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

⚠ WARNING

Coasting downhill in N (Neutral) or with the ignition off is dangerous. The brakes will have to do all the work of slowing down and they could get so hot that they would not work well. You would then have poor braking or even none going down a hill. You could crash. Always have the engine running and the vehicle in gear when going downhill.

- Stay in your own lane. Do not swing wide or cut across the center of the road. Drive at speeds that let you stay in your own lane.
- Be alert on top of hills; something could be in your lane (stalled car, accident).
- Pay attention to special road signs (falling rocks area, winding roads, long grades, passing or no-passing zones) and take appropriate action.

Winter Driving

Driving on Snow or Ice

Drive carefully when there is snow or ice between the tires and the road, creating less traction or grip. Wet ice can occur at about 0°C (32°F) when freezing rain begins to fall, resulting in even less traction. Avoid driving on wet ice or in freezing rain until roads can be treated with salt or sand.

Drive with caution, whatever the condition. Accelerate gently so traction is not lost. Accelerating too quickly causes the wheels to spin and makes the surface under the tires slick, so there is even less traction.

Try not to break the fragile traction. If you accelerate too fast, the drive wheels will spin and polish the surface under the tires even more.

The *Antilock Brake System (ABS) on page 9-31* improves vehicle stability during hard stops on slippery roads, but apply the brakes sooner than when on dry pavement.

Allow greater following distance on any slippery road and watch for slippery spots. Icy patches can occur on otherwise clear roads in shaded areas. The surface of a curve or an overpass can remain icy when the surrounding roads are clear. Avoid sudden steering maneuvers and braking while on ice.

Turn off cruise control on slippery surfaces.

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Blizzard Conditions

Being stuck in snow can be a serious situation. Stay with the vehicle unless there is help nearby. If possible, use the *Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico) on page 13-7* or *Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-11*. To get help and keep everyone in the vehicle safe:

- Turn on the hazard warning flashers.
- Tie a red cloth to an outside mirror.

⚠ WARNING

Snow can trap engine exhaust under the vehicle. This may cause exhaust gases to get inside. Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide (CO) which cannot be seen or smelled. It can cause unconsciousness and even death.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

If the vehicle is stuck in the snow:

- Clear away snow from around the base of your vehicle, especially any that is blocking the exhaust pipe.
- Check again from time to time to be sure snow does not collect there.
- Open a window about 5 cm (2 in) on the side of the vehicle that is away from the wind to bring in fresh air.
- Fully open the air outlets on or under the instrument panel.
- Adjust the climate control system to a setting that circulates the air inside the vehicle and set the fan speed to the highest setting. See “Climate Control Systems” in the Index.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

For more information about carbon monoxide, see *Engine Exhaust on page 9-23*.

Run the engine for short periods only as needed to keep warm, but be careful.

To save fuel, run the engine for only short periods as needed to warm the vehicle and then shut the engine off and close the window most of the way to save heat. Repeat this until help arrives but only when you feel really uncomfortable from the cold. Moving about to keep warm also helps.

If it takes some time for help to arrive, now and then when you run the engine, push the accelerator pedal slightly so the engine runs faster than the idle speed. This keeps the battery charged to restart the vehicle and to signal for help with the headlamps. Do this as little as possible to save fuel.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

If the Vehicle Is Stuck

Slowly and cautiously spin the wheels to free the vehicle when stuck in sand, mud, ice, or snow.

If stuck too severely for the traction system to free the vehicle, turn the traction system off and use the rocking method. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33*.

⚠ WARNING

If the vehicle's tires spin at high speed, they can explode, and you or others could be injured. The vehicle can overheat, causing an engine compartment fire or other damage. Spin the wheels as little as possible and avoid going above 56 km/h (35 mph).

Rocking the Vehicle to Get it Out

Turn the steering wheel left and right to clear the area around the front wheels. Turn off any traction system. Shift back and forth between R (Reverse) and a low forward gear, spinning the wheels as little as possible. To prevent transmission wear, wait until the wheels stop spinning before shifting gears. Release the accelerator pedal while shifting, and press lightly on the accelerator pedal when the transmission is in gear. Slowly spinning the wheels in the forward and reverse directions causes a rocking motion that could free the vehicle. If that does not get the vehicle out after a few tries, it might need to be towed out. If the vehicle does need to be towed out, see *Towing the Vehicle on page 10-78*.

Vehicle Load Limits

It is very important to know how much weight your vehicle can carry. This weight is called the vehicle capacity weight and includes the weight of all occupants, cargo and all nonfactory-installed options. Two labels on your vehicle show how much weight it may properly carry, the Tire and Loading Information label and the Certification label.

⚠ WARNING

Do not load the vehicle any heavier than the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR), or either the maximum front or rear Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). This can cause systems to break and change the way the

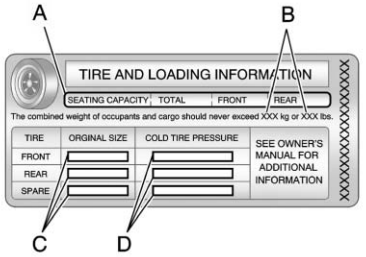
(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

vehicle handles. This could cause loss of control and a crash. Overloading can also shorten the life of the vehicle.

Tire and Loading Information Label



Label Example

A vehicle-specific Tire and Loading Information label is attached to the center pillar (B-pillar) of your vehicle. With the driver door open, you will find the label attached below the door latch. This label shows the number of occupant seating positions (A), and the maximum vehicle capacity weight (B) in kilograms and pounds.

The Tire and Loading Information label also shows the size of the original equipment tires (C) and the recommended cold tire inflation pressures (D). For more information on tires and inflation see *Tires on page 10-51* and *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*.

There is also important loading information on the vehicle Certification label. It tells you the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) and the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) for the front and rear axle. See "Certification Label" later in this section.

Steps for Determining Correct Load Limit

1. Locate the statement "The combined weight of occupants and cargo should never exceed XXX kg or XXX lbs" on your vehicle's placard.
2. Determine the combined weight of the driver and passengers that will be riding in your vehicle.
3. Subtract the combined weight of the driver and passengers from XXX kg or XXX lbs.
4. The resulting figure equals the available amount of cargo and luggage load capacity. For example, if the "XXX" amount equals 1400 lbs and there will be five 150 lb passengers in your vehicle, the amount of available cargo

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and luggage load capacity is 650 lbs (1400 − 750 (5 x 150) = 650 lbs).

5. Determine the combined weight of luggage and cargo being loaded on the vehicle. That weight may not safely exceed the available cargo and luggage load capacity calculated in Step 4.
6. If your vehicle will be towing a trailer, the load from your trailer will be transferred to your vehicle. Consult this manual to determine how this reduces the available cargo and luggage load capacity of your vehicle.

   Your vehicle is neither designed nor intended to tow a trailer.

Example 1

A. Vehicle Capacity Weight for Example 1 = (400 kg) (181 lbs)
B. Subtract Occupant Weight @ 68 kg (150 lbs) × 1 = 68 kg (150 lbs)
C. Available Occupant and Cargo Weight = 113 kg (250 lbs)

Example 2

A. Vehicle Capacity Weight for Example 2 = 181 kg (400 lbs)
B. Subtract Occupant Weight @ 68 kg (150 lbs) × 2 = 136 kg (300 lbs)
C. Available Cargo Weight = 45 kg (100 lbs)

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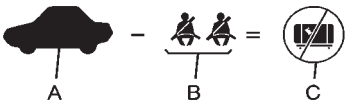


Example 3

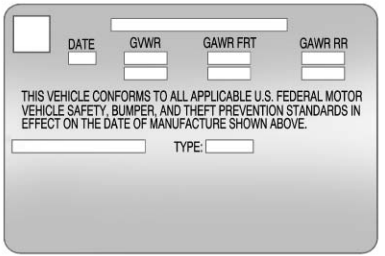
A. Vehicle Capacity Weight for Example 3 = 181 kg (400 lbs)

B. Subtract Occupant Weight @ 91 kg (200 lbs) × 5 = 181 kg (400 lbs)

C. Available Cargo Weight = 0 kg (0 lbs)

Refer to your vehicle's Tire and Loading Information label for specific information about your vehicle's capacity weight and seating positions. The combined weight of the driver, passengers and cargo should never exceed your vehicle's capacity weight.

Certification Label



A vehicle-specific Certification label is attached to the rear edge of the driver door. It tells you the gross weight capacity of your vehicle, called the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR). The GVWR includes the weight of the vehicle, all occupants, fuel and cargo. Never exceed the GVWR for your vehicle, or the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) for either the front or rear axle.

Do not load your vehicle with more weight than it was designed to carry. See “Steps for Determining Correct Load Limit” earlier in this section.

⚠ WARNING

Do not load the vehicle any heavier than the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR), or either the maximum front or rear Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). This can cause systems to break and change the way the vehicle handles. This could cause loss of control and a crash. Overloading can also shorten the life of the vehicle.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Notice: **Overloading the vehicle may cause damage. Repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not overload the vehicle.**

If you put things inside your vehicle — like suitcases, tools, packages or anything else — they will go as fast as the vehicle goes. If you have to stop or turn quickly, or if there is a crash, they will keep going.

⚠ WARNING

Things you put inside your vehicle can strike and injure people in a sudden stop or turn, or in a crash.

- Put things in the rear area of your vehicle. Try to spread the weight evenly.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

- Never stack heavier things, like suitcases, inside the vehicle so that some of them are above the tops of the seats.
- Do not leave an unsecured child restraint in your vehicle.
- When you carry something inside the vehicle, secure it whenever you can.

Starting and Operating

New Vehicle Break-In

Follow these recommended guidelines during the first 2414 km (1500 mi) of driving this vehicle. Parts have a break-in period and performance will be better in the long run.

For the first 322 km (200 mi):

- To break in new tires, drive at moderate speeds and avoid hard cornering for the first 322 km (200 mi).
- New brake linings also need a break- in period. Avoid making hard stops during the first 322 km (200 mi). This is recommended every time brake linings are replaced.

For the first 800 km (500 mi):

- Avoid full throttle starts and abrupt stops.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

- Do not exceed 4000 rpm.
- Avoid driving at any one constant speed, fast or slow, including the use of cruise control.
- Avoid downshifting to brake or slow the vehicle when the engine speed will exceed 4000 rpm.
- Do not let the engine labor. Never lug the engine in high gear at low speeds. With a manual transmission, shift to the next lower gear. This rule applies at all times, not just during the break-in period.

For the first 2414 km (1500 mi):

- Do not participate in track events, sport driving schools, or similar activities during the first 2414 km (1500 mi).
- Check engine oil with every refueling and add if necessary. Oil and fuel consumption may be higher than normal during the first 2414 km (1500 mi).

Front Air Dam

The vehicle is equipped with a front air dam which has minimal ground clearance.

Vehicles with the ZR1 package, 427 convertibles or Z06 vehicles with RPO CFZ, also come with a splitter made from carbon fiber.

⚠ WARNING

ZR1s, 427 convertibles and Z06s with RPO CFZ, contain parts made from carbon fiber.

When damaged, the exposed edges can be very sharp. A person could be injured by these sharp edges. Use caution when washing the vehicle, coming in contact with, or removing damaged carbon fiber parts. See your dealer for replacement.

Under normal operation, these components will occasionally contact some road surfaces (speed bumps, driveway ramps, etc.). This can be heard inside the vehicle as a scraping noise. This is normal and does not indicate a problem.

Use care when approaching bumps or objects on road surfaces and avoid them when possible.

Ignition Positions

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

The vehicle has an electronic keyless ignition with a push-button start.

In order to shift out of P (Park), the vehicle must be running or in Acc. mode and the regular brake pedal must be applied.

(START): Press this button while your foot is on the brake for an automatic transmission, or while pressing in the clutch for a manual transmission, to start the engine. If the vehicle is in OFF or Retained Accessory Power (RAP) mode, the Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitter must be inside the vehicle to start the engine.

Acc. (STOPPING THE ENGINE/ OFF/ACCESSORY): When the vehicle is stopped with the engine on, press the button once to turn the engine off.

Do not turn the engine off when the vehicle is moving. This will cause a loss of power assist in the brake and steering systems and disable the airbags.

If the vehicle must be shut off in an emergency:

1. Brake using a firm and steady pressure. Do not pump the brakes repeatedly. This may deplete power assist, requiring increased brake pedal force.
2. Shift the vehicle to neutral. This can be done while the vehicle is moving. After shifting to neutral, firmly apply the brakes and steer the vehicle to a safe location.
3. Come to a complete stop. Shift to P (Park) with an automatic transmission, or Neutral with a manual transmission. Turn the ignition to OFF.
4. Set the parking brake. See *Parking Brake on page 9-32*

⚠ WARNING

Turning off the vehicle while moving may cause loss of power assist in the brake and steering

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

systems and disable the airbags. While driving, only shut the vehicle off in an emergency.

If the vehicle cannot be pulled over, and must be shut off while driving, turn the ignition to ACC/ ACCESSORY.

When the engine is on or the vehicle is in accessory power mode, it is recommended that a manual transmission be placed in R (Reverse). An automatic transmission must be placed in P (Park). Then press the Acc. button to turn the engine off and place the vehicle in RAP. See *Retained Accessory Power (RAP) on page 9-21* for more information. If an automatic vehicle is not correctly placed in P (Park) a SHIFT TO PARK message will display on the Driver Information Center (DIC).

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For more information, see *Transmission Messages on page 5-50*.

When the engine is off, press this button to place the vehicle in accessory mode. ACCESSORY MODE ON will display on the Driver Information Center (DIC). This mode allows you to use things like the radio and the power windows while the engine is off. Use accessory mode if you must have the vehicle in motion while the engine is off, for example, if the vehicle is being pushed or towed.

After being in accessory mode for about 10 minutes, the vehicle will automatically enter RAP or OFF, depending on if the doors are opened or closed.

Service Only Mode

This power mode is available for service and diagnostics, and to verify the proper operation of the malfunction indicator lamp as may be required for emission inspection purposes. With the vehicle off, pressing and holding the bottom of the button for more than five seconds will place the vehicle in Service Only Mode. The instruments and audio systems will operate as they do when the engine is running, but the vehicle will not be able to be driven. The engine will not start in Service Only Mode. Push the button again to turn the vehicle off.

Starting the Engine

Move the shift lever to P (Park) or N (Neutral) for an automatic transmission. For a manual transmission the vehicle can be started in Neutral or any other gear as long as the clutch pedal is pressed. To restart a vehicle with a manual transmission when you are already moving, use the Neutral position only. To restart a vehicle with an automatic transmission when you are already moving, use N (Neutral).

Notice: **Do not try to shift to P (Park) if the vehicle is moving. If you do, you could damage the transmission. Shift to P (Park) only when the vehicle is stopped.**

The RKE transmitter must be inside the vehicle for the ignition to work.

Cell phone chargers can interfere with the operation of the Keyless Access System. Battery chargers should not be plugged in when starting or turning off the engine.

To start the vehicle, do the following:

1. For vehicles with an automatic transmission, with your foot on the brake pedal, press the START button located on the instrument panel. For vehicles with a manual transmission, you must also press in the clutch pedal while pressing the START button.

   If there is not an RKE transmitter in the vehicle or if there is something causing interference with it, the DIC will display

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NO FOBS DETECTED. See *Key and Lock Messages on page 5-40* for more information.

2. When the engine begins cranking, let go of the button and the engine cranks automatically until it starts. If the battery in the RKE transmitter is weak, the DIC displays FOB BATTERY LOW. You can still drive the vehicle.

   See “Battery Replacement” under *Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) System Operation on page 2-3* for more information. If the fob battery is dead, you need to insert the fob into the fob slot to enable engine starting. See “NO FOBS DETECTED” under *Key and Lock Messages on page 5-40*.

3. Do not race the engine immediately after starting it. Operate the engine and transmission gently until the oil warms up and lubricates all moving parts.

4. If the engine does not start and no DIC message is displayed, wait 15 seconds before trying again to let the cranking motor cool down.

   If the engine does not start after five to 10 seconds, especially in very cold weather (below −18°C or 0°F), it could be flooded with too much gasoline. Try pushing the accelerator pedal all the way to the floor while cranking for up to 15 seconds maximum. Wait at least 15 seconds between each try, to allow the cranking motor to cool down. When the engine starts, let go of the accelerator. If the vehicle starts briefly but then stops again, repeat these steps. This clears the extra gasoline from the engine.

Notice: **Cranking the engine for long periods of time, by pressing the START button immediately after cranking has ended, can overheat and damage the cranking motor, and drain the battery. Wait at least 15 seconds between each try, to allow the cranking motor to cool down.**

The vehicle has a Computer-Controlled Cranking System. This feature assists in starting the engine and protects components. Once cranking has been initiated, the engine continues cranking for a few seconds or until the vehicle starts. If the engine does not start, cranking automatically stops after 15 seconds to prevent cranking motor damage. To prevent gear damage, this system also prevents cranking if the engine is already running.

Notice: **If you add electrical parts or accessories, you could change the way the engine operates. Any resulting damage would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. See *Add-On Electrical Equipment on page 9-50*.**

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Stopping the Engine

If the vehicle has an automatic transmission, move the shift lever to P (Park) and press and hold the Acc. (Off/Accessory) button, located on the instrument panel, until the engine shuts off. If the shift lever is not in P (Park), the engine shuts off and the vehicle goes into the accessory mode. The DIC displays SHIFT TO PARK. Once the shifter is moved to P (Park), the vehicle turns off. If the vehicle has a manual transmission, it is recommended that you move the shift lever to R (Reverse) and set the parking brake after you turn off the engine by pressing and holding the Acc. (Off/Accessory) button.

If the RKE transmitter is not detected inside the vehicle when it is turned to off, the DIC displays NO FOB – OFF OR RUN?.

See *Key and Lock Messages on page 5-40* for more information.

Retained Accessory Power (RAP)

These vehicle accessories can be used for up to 10 minutes after the engine is turned off:

- Audio System
- Power Windows

These features continue to work up to 10 minutes after the engine is turned off or until either door is opened. If a door is opened, the power windows and audio system will shut off.

Shifting Into Park (Automatic Transmission)

1. Hold the brake pedal down and set the parking brake. See *Parking Brake on page 9-32* for more information.
2. Move the shift lever into P (Park) by holding in the button on the lever and pushing the lever all the way toward the front of the vehicle.
3. Press the Acc. button (ignition switch) to turn the engine off.

Leaving the Vehicle with the Engine Running (Automatic Transmission)

⚠ WARNING

It can be dangerous to leave the vehicle with the engine running. It could overheat and catch fire.

It is dangerous to get out of the vehicle if the shift lever is not fully in P (Park) with the parking brake firmly set. The vehicle can roll.

Do not leave the vehicle when the engine is running. If you have left the engine running, the vehicle can move suddenly. You or others could be injured. To be sure the vehicle will not move, even when you are on fairly level ground, always set the parking brake and

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

move the shift lever to P (Park). See *Shifting Into Park (Automatic Transmission) on page 9-21*.

If you have to leave the vehicle with the engine running, be sure the vehicle is in P (Park) and the parking brake is firmly set before you leave it. After you have moved the shift lever into P (Park), hold down the regular brake pedal. See if you can move the shift lever away from P (Park) without first pushing the button on the lever. If you can, it means that the shift lever was not fully locked into P (Park).

Torque Lock (Automatic Transmission)

If you are parking on a hill and you do not shift the transmission into P (Park) properly, the weight of the vehicle may put too much force on the parking pawl in the transmission. You may find it difficult to pull the shift lever out of P (Park). This is called “torque lock.”
To prevent torque lock, set the parking brake and then shift into P (Park) properly before you leave the driver seat. To find out how, see “Shifting Into P (Park)” previously in this section.

When you are ready to drive, move the shift lever out of P (Park) before you release the parking brake.

If torque lock does occur, you may need to have another vehicle push yours a little uphill to take some of the pressure from the transmission parking pawl, so you can pull the shift lever out of P (Park).

Shifting out of Park

Shift lock release prevents shifting out of P (Park) unless the vehicle is running or in accessory mode and the brake pedal is applied.

The shift lock release is always functional except in the case of an uncharged or low voltage (less than 9-volt) battery. See *Jump Starting on page 10-75* for more information.

To shift out of P (Park) use the following:

1. Apply the brake pedal.
2. Release the parking brake. See *Parking Brake on page 9-32*.
3. Press the shift lever button.
4. Move the shift lever to the desired position.

If you still are unable to shift out of P (Park):

1. Fully release the shift lever button.

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2. While holding down the brake pedal, press the shift lever button again.
3. Move the shift lever to the desired position.

If you still cannot move the shift lever from P (Park), consult your dealer or a professional towing service.

Parking (Manual Transmission)

Before you get out of the vehicle, move the shift lever into R (Reverse) and firmly apply the parking brake. Once the shift lever has been placed into R (Reverse) with the clutch pedal pressed in, you can turn the ignition off and release the clutch.

Parking over Things That Burn

⚠ WARNING

Things that can burn could touch hot exhaust parts under the vehicle and ignite. Do not park over papers, leaves, dry grass, or other things that can burn.

Engine Exhaust

⚠ WARNING

Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide (CO) which cannot be seen or smelled. Exposure to CO can cause unconsciousness and even death.

Exhaust may enter the vehicle if:

- The vehicle idles in areas with poor ventilation (parking garages, tunnels, deep snow that may block underbody airflow or tail pipes).
- The exhaust smells or sounds strange or different.
- The exhaust system leaks due to corrosion or damage.
- The vehicle exhaust system has been modified, damaged, or improperly repaired.

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

- There are holes or openings in the vehicle body from damage or aftermarket modifications that are not completely sealed.

If unusual fumes are detected or if it is suspected that exhaust is coming into the vehicle:

- Drive it only with the windows completely down.
- Have the vehicle repaired immediately.

Never park the vehicle with the engine running in an enclosed area such as a garage or a building that has no fresh air ventilation.

Running the Vehicle While Parked

It is better not to park with the engine running.

If the vehicle is left with the engine running, follow the proper steps to be sure the vehicle will not move. See *Shifting Into Park (Automatic Transmission) on page 9-21* and *Engine Exhaust on page 9-23*.

Automatic Transmission

There are several different positions for the shift lever.

P (Park): This position locks the rear wheels. It is the best position to use when starting the engine because the vehicle cannot move easily.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

⚠ WARNING

It is dangerous to get out of the vehicle if the shift lever is not fully in P (Park) with the parking brake firmly set. The vehicle can roll.

Do not leave the vehicle when the engine is running. If you have left the engine running, the vehicle can move suddenly. You or others could be injured. To be sure the vehicle will not move, even when you are on fairly level ground, always set the parking brake and move the shift lever to P (Park). See *Shifting Into Park (Automatic Transmission) on page 9-21*.

Be sure the shift lever is fully in P (Park) before starting the engine.

The vehicle has an automatic transmission shift lock control system. You have to fully apply the brakes and then press the shift lever button before you can shift from P (Park) when the vehicle is running. If you cannot shift out of P (Park), ease pressure on the shift lever and push the shift lever all the way into P (Park) as you maintain brake application. Then press the shift lever button and move the shift lever into another gear. See *Shifting out of Park on page 9-22*.

R (Reverse): Use this gear to back up.

Notice: **Shifting to R (Reverse) while the vehicle is moving forward could damage the transmission. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Shift to R (Reverse) only after the vehicle is stopped.**

To rock the vehicle back and forth to get out of snow, ice, or sand without damaging the transmission, see *If the Vehicle Is Stuck on page 9-12*.

N (Neutral): In this position, the engine does not connect with the wheels. To restart the engine when the vehicle is already moving, use N (Neutral) only. If the vehicle needs towing, see *Towing the Vehicle on page 10-78*.

⚠ WARNING

Shifting into a drive gear while the engine is running at high speed is dangerous. Unless your foot is firmly on the brake pedal, the vehicle could move very rapidly. You could lose control and hit people or objects. Do not shift into a drive gear while the engine is running at high speed.

Notice: **Shifting out of P (Park) or N (Neutral) with the engine running at high speed may damage the transmission. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Be sure the engine is not running at high speed when shifting the vehicle.**

D (Drive): This position is for normal driving. It provides the best fuel economy. If you need more

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power for passing, push the pedal down to achieve the desired level of acceleration.

Downshifting the transmission in slippery road conditions could result in skidding. See “Skidding” under *Loss of Control on page 9-5*.

S (Sport Mode): When in S (Sport Mode), the transmission will work as an automatic until you use the Manual Paddle Shift Controls, which activates driver manual gear selection. See *Manual Mode on page 9-26*. While in S (Sport Mode), the transmission will have more noticeable upshifts for sportier vehicle performance.

Manual Mode

Manual Paddle Shift

While in S (Sport Mode), the paddles located on the steering wheel can be used to manually up-shift or down-shift the transmission.

The Manual Paddle Shift system is activated from S (Sport Mode) by pushing the paddle, above the steering wheel spokes, to up-shift to the next gear, or pulling on the paddle, behind the steering wheel spokes, to down-shift to the next gear.

When accelerating the vehicle from a stop in snowy and icy conditions, you may want to shift to 2 (Second) or 3 (Third) gear. A higher gear allows you to gain more traction on slippery surfaces. If traction control is active, upshifts are delayed to increase your control of the vehicle. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33* Traction Control System (TCS).

The Manual Paddle Shift system can be deactivated by moving the shift lever from S (Sport Mode) back to D (Drive), or by holding either up-shift paddle for more than one second.

The driver may choose to briefly activate the Manual Paddle Shift system while in D (Drive). Tapping either the upshift or downshift controls will place the transmission in Manual Paddle Shift mode. The driver may then exit Manual Paddle Shift mode by holding either upshift control for more than one second. The system will return to automatic shifting after 10 seconds of cruising

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at a steady speed and no manual shifts, or when the vehicle comes to a stop.

While the Manual Paddle Shift gear selection system is active, the transmission will automatically downshift through the gears as the vehicle slows. The transmission will select 2 (Second) gear as the vehicle stops. From a stop, the vehicle will start from and hold 2 (Second) gear unless the driver manually paddle shifts into a different gear or selects D (Drive). The driver can select 1 (First) gear for maximum acceleration from a stop.

When using the Manual Paddle Shift feature while in S (Sport Mode) , the current gear will be displayed in the Driver Information (DIC), or the Head-Up Display (HUD), if the vehicle has either of these features.

If the vehicle has a Head-Up Display (HUD), see *Head-Up Display (HUD) on page 5-29*.

The Manual Paddle Shift system will not allow either an up-shift or a down-shift if the vehicle speed is too fast or too slow, nor will it allow a start from 4 (Fourth) or higher gear.

If up-shifting does not occur when needed, vehicle speed will be limited to protect the engine.

When the transmission gear does not respond to a shift change, the DIC will show an X over the gear display.

When a requested shift is denied due to the speed restrictions shown, the DIC will momentarily show an X over the gear display and a chime will sound.

If the vehicle has a HUD, and the transmission gear does not respond to a shift change, a chime will sound and the HUD will momentarily show an X over the gear display.

Manual Paddle Shift operation is available for use with Cruise Control. See *Cruise Control on page 9-41* Cruise Control for more information.

The vehicle speeds required for Manual Paddle Shift up-shifts depend on several vehicle inputs, which will vary the allowed up-shift speed by a few km/h (mph).

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For vehicles with a 2.56:1 Axle Ratio (RPO GM8)

- Up-shifts to 4 (Fourth) gear require approximately 35 km/h (22 mph).
- Up-shifts to 5 (Fifth) gear require approximately 45 km/h (28 mph).
- Up-shifts to 6 (Sixth) gear require approximately 65 km/h (41 mph).

To prevent damage to the powertrain, Manual Paddle downshifts to a lower gear cannot be done above certain speeds. The maximum speed allowed for downshifting of gears 1 (First) through 4 (Fourth) are:

- Into 4 (Fourth) gear over 250 km/h (155 mph).
- Into 3 (Third) gear over 188 km/h (117 mph).
- Into 2 (Second) gear over 120 km/h (75 mph).
- Into 1 (First) gear over 68 km/h (42 mph).

For vehicles with a 2.73:1 Axle Ratio (RPO GU2, Grand Sport models)

- Up-shifts to 4 (Fourth) gear require approximately 31 km/h (19 mph).
- Up-shifts to 5 (Fifth) gear require approximately 39 km/h (24 mph).
- Up-shifts to 6 (Sixth) gear require approximately 57 km/h (35 mph).

To prevent damage to the powertrain, Manual Paddle downshifts to a lower gear cannot be done above certain speeds. The maximum speed allowed for downshifting of gears 1 (First) through 4 (Fourth) are:

- Into 4 (Fourth) gear over 234 km/h (145 mph).
- Into 3 (Third) gear over 176 km/h (109 mph).
- Into 2 (Second) gear over 113 km/h (70 mph).
- Into 1 (First) gear over 64 km/h (40 mph).

If the driver does not request an upshift as the engine speed approaches fuel shut off rpm, the engine speed will be limited to protect the engine. See *Tachometer on page 5-12* for more information.

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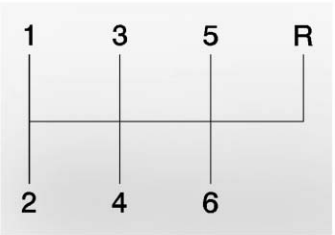
Manual Transmission



This is the shift pattern for the six-speed manual transmission.

Here is how to operate the transmission:

1 (First): Press the clutch pedal and shift into 1 (First). Then slowly let up on the clutch pedal as you press the accelerator pedal.

You can shift into 1 (First) when you are going less than 64 km/h (40 mph). If you come to a complete stop and it is hard to shift into 1 (First), put the shift lever in Neutral and let up on the clutch. Press the clutch pedal back down. Then shift into 1 (First).

2 (Second): Press the clutch pedal as you let up on the accelerator pedal and shift into 2 (Second). Then, slowly let up on the clutch pedal as you press the accelerator pedal.

3 (Third), 4 (Fourth), 5 (Fifth) and 6 (Sixth): Shift into 3 (Third), 4 (Fourth), 5 (Fifth) and 6 (Sixth) the same way you do for 2 (Second). Slowly let up on the clutch pedal as you press the accelerator pedal.

To stop, let up on the accelerator pedal and press the brake pedal. Just before the vehicle stops, press the clutch pedal and the brake pedal, and shift to Neutral.

Neutral: Use this position when you start or idle the engine. The shift lever is in Neutral when it is centered in the shift pattern, not in any gear.

R (Reverse): To back up, press down the clutch pedal and shift into R (Reverse). Just apply pressure to get the lever past 5 (Fifth) and 6 (Sixth) into R (Reverse). Let up on the clutch pedal slowly while pressing the accelerator pedal.

The six-speed manual transmission has a feature that allows you to safely shift into R (Reverse) while the vehicle is rolling at less than 5 km/h (3 mph). You will be locked out if you try to shift into R (Reverse) while the vehicle is moving faster than 5 km/h (3 mph).

Shift Speeds (Manual Transmission)

⚠ WARNING

If you skip a gear when you downshift, you could lose control of the vehicle. You could injure yourself or others. Do not shift down more than one gear at a time when you downshift.

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This chart shows when to shift to the next higher gear for the best fuel economy.

Manual Transmission Recommended Shift Speeds in km/h (mph)					
Engine	Acceleration Shift Speed				
	1 to 2	2 to 3	3 to 4	4 to 5	5 to 6
All Engines	24 (15)	40 (25)	64 (40)	72 (45)	80 (50)

If the engine speed drops below 900 rpm, or if the engine is not running smoothly, you should downshift to the next lower gear. You may have to downshift two or more gears to keep the engine running smoothly or for good engine performance.

Notice: **When shifting gears, do not move the shift lever around unnecessarily. This may damage the transmission. Shift directly into the next gear.**

One to Four Shift Light (Manual Transmission)

When this light comes on, you can only shift from 1 (First) to 4 (Fourth) instead of 1 (First) to 2 (Second).

See *One-to-Four Shift Light (Manual Transmission) on page 5-21* for more information.

Downshifting (Manual Transmission)

Do not downshift into the gear shown below at a speed greater than shown in the table:

1 (First)	80 km/h (50 mph)
2 (Second)	119 km/h (74 mph)
3 (Third)	163 km/h (101 mph)
4 (Fourth)	209 km/h (130 mph)

Notice: **If you skip more than one gear when you downshift, or if you race the engine when you release the clutch pedal while downshifting, you could damage the engine, clutch, driveshaft or the transmission. Do not skip gears or race the engine when downshifting.**

The six-speed transmission has a spring that centers the shift lever near 3 (Third) and 4 (Fourth). This spring helps you know which gear you are in when you are shifting. Be

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careful when shifting from 1 (First) to 2 (Second) or downshifting from 6 (Sixth) to 5 (Fifth). The spring will try to pull the shift lever toward 4 (Fourth) and 3 (Third). Make sure you move the lever into 2 (Second) or 5 (Fifth). If you let the shift lever move in the direction of the pulling, you may end up shifting from 1 (First) to 4 (Fourth) or from 6 (Sixth) to 3 (Third).

If the driver does not upshift as the engine speed approaches fuel shut off RPM, the engine speed will be limited to protect the engine. See *Tachometer on page 5-12* for more information.

Brakes

Antilock Brake System (ABS)

This vehicle has the Antilock Brake System (ABS), an advanced electronic braking system that helps prevent a braking skid.

When the engine is started and the vehicle begins to drive away, ABS checks itself. A momentary motor or clicking noise might be heard while this test is going on, and it might even be noticed that the brake pedal moves a little. This is normal.

If there is a problem with ABS, this warning light stays on. See *Antilock Brake System (ABS) Warning Light on page 5-21*.

If driving safely on a wet road and it becomes necessary to slam on the brakes and continue braking to avoid a sudden obstacle, a computer senses that the wheels are slowing down. If one of the wheels is about to stop rolling, the computer will separately work the brakes at each wheel.

ABS can change the brake pressure to each wheel, as required, faster than any driver could. This can help the driver steer around the obstacle while braking hard.

As the brakes are applied, the computer keeps receiving updates on wheel speed and controls braking pressure accordingly.

Remember: ABS does not change the time needed to get a foot up to the brake pedal or always decrease stopping distance. If you get too close to the vehicle in front of you, there will not be enough time to apply the brakes if that vehicle

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suddenly slows or stops. Always leave enough room up ahead to stop, even with ABS.

Using ABS

Do not pump the brakes. Just hold the brake pedal down firmly and let ABS work. You might hear the ABS pump or motor operating and feel the brake pedal pulsate, but this is normal.

Braking in Emergencies

ABS allows the driver to steer and brake at the same time. In many emergencies, steering can help more than even the very best braking.

Parking Brake

The parking brake lever is located to the right of the center console.

To set the parking brake, hold the brake pedal down. Pull the parking brake lever up. If the ignition is on, the brake system warning light will come on.

To release the parking brake, hold the brake pedal down. Then push the release button in as you move the parking brake lever all the way down.

Notice: **Driving with the parking brake on can overheat the brake system and cause premature wear or damage to brake system parts. Make sure that the parking brake is fully released and the brake warning light is off before driving.**

Brake Assist

This vehicle has a brake assist feature designed to assist the driver in stopping or decreasing vehicle speed in emergency driving conditions. This feature uses the stability system hydraulic brake control module to supplement the power brake system under conditions where the driver has quickly and forcefully applied the brake pedal in an attempt to quickly stop or slow down the vehicle. The stability system hydraulic brake control module increases brake pressure at each corner of the vehicle until the ABS activates. Minor brake pedal pulsation or pedal movement during this time is normal and the driver should continue to apply the brake pedal as the driving situation dictates. The brake assist feature will automatically disengage when the brake pedal is released or brake pedal pressure is quickly decreased.

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Ride Control Systems

Traction Control System (TCS)

The vehicle has a Traction Control System (TCS) that limits wheel spin. This is especially useful in slippery road conditions. The system operates only if it senses that the rear wheels are spinning too much or are beginning to lose traction. When this happens, the system works the rear brakes and reduces engine power (by closing the throttle and managing engine spark) to limit wheel spin.

The TRACTION SYSTEM ACTIVE message displays on the Driver Information Center (DIC) when TCS is limiting wheel spin. See *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42*. The system may be heard or felt while it is working, but this is normal.

If cruise control is being used when TCS begins to limit wheel spin, the cruise control will automatically disengage. Cruise control may be reengaged when road conditions allow. See *Cruise Control on page 9-41*.

The SERVICE TRACTION SYSTEM message and the Active Handling System light will come on if there is a problem with TCS. See *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42*.

When this light and the SERVICE TRACTION SYSTEM message are on, the system will not limit wheel spin. Adjust your driving accordingly.

TCS automatically comes on whenever the vehicle is started. To limit wheel spin, especially in slippery road conditions, the system should always be left on. TCS can be turned off if needed.

To turn the system off, press the Active Handling button located on the center console.

The Traction Off light comes on.

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The system can be turned on or off at any time by pressing the Active Handling button. The DIC will display the appropriate message when the button is pushed.

Notice: **When traction control is turned off, or Competitive Driving Mode is active, it is possible to lose traction. If you attempt to shift with the drive wheels spinning with a loss of traction, it is possible to cause damage to the transmission. Do not attempt to shift when the drive wheels do not have traction. Damage caused by misuse of the vehicle is not covered. See the warranty book for additional information.**

Adding non-dealer accessories can affect the vehicle's performance. See *Accessories and Modifications on page 10-3* for more information.

Active Handling System

The Active Handling System is a computer controlled system that helps the driver maintain directional control of the vehicle in difficult driving conditions. This is accomplished by selectively applying any one of the vehicle's brakes.

The ACTIVE HANDLING message will come on when the system is operating. See *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42* for more information. The system may be heard or felt while it is working. This is normal.

The SERVICE ACTIVE HANDLING SYSTEM message is displayed on the DIC, the Active Handling System light comes on, and a sound is heard if there is a problem with the system.

See *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42* for more information.

When this light and the SERVICE ACTIVE HANDLING SYSTEM message are on, the system is not operational. Adjust your driving accordingly.

The Active Handling System comes on automatically whenever the vehicle is started. To help maintain directional control of the vehicle, the system should always be left on. The system can be turned off if needed. If the Active Handling System is turned off, the Traction Control System will also be turned off. Adjust your driving accordingly.

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To turn the system off, press the Active Handling button on the center console until TRACTION SYSTEM AND ACTIVE HANDLING SYSTEM — OFF is displayed on the DIC.

The StabiliTrak Off light will come on.

The system can be turned back on at any time by pressing the Active Handling button. The DIC will display the appropriate message when the button is pushed.

If the Tire Pressure Monitor (TPM) system detects a flat tire and the Driver Information Center (DIC) displays TIRE FLAT, or if the TPM system is malfunctioning and the DIC displays SERVICE TIRE MONITOR, the Active Handling System will be affected as follows:

- The Active Handling System cannot be turned off by the driver.
- If the Active Handling System is off, it will be turned on automatically.
- Competitive Driving Mode or Performance Traction Management is unavailable.
- The Active Handling System will feel different in aiding and maintaining directional control.

Competitive Driving Mode

Competitive Driving Mode, Performance Traction Management, and Launch Control are systems designed to allow increased performance while accelerating and/or cornering. This is accomplished by regulating and optimizing the engine, brakes, and suspension performance. These modes are for use at a closed course race track and are not intended for use on public roads. They will not compensate for driver inexperience or lack of familiarity with the race track. Drivers who prefer to allow the system to have more control of the engine, brake, and suspension are advised to turn the normal traction control and active handling systems on. See *Racing or Other Competitive Driving on page 9-6*.

Notice: **Do not attempt to shift when the drive wheels are spinning and do not have traction. This may cause damage to the transmission. Damage**

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caused by misuse of the vehicle is not covered by the vehicle warranty. See the warranty book for additional information.

Competitive Driving Mode (Except Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1)

Competitive Driving Mode allows full engine power while the Active Handling System helps maintain directional control of the vehicle by selective brake application. In this mode, TCS is off and Launch Control is available. Adjust your driving style to account for the available engine power. See "Launch Control" later in this section.

This light is on when the vehicle is in the Competitive Driving Mode.

This optional handling mode can be selected by pressing the Active Handling button on the center console quickly two times. COMPETITIVE DRIVING MODE displays in the Driver Information Center (DIC). See *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42*.

When the Active Handling button is pressed again, the Active Handling and TCS systems are on. The TRACTION SYSTEM AND ACTIVE HANDLING-ON message displays briefly in the DIC and a chime is heard.

Performance Traction Management (Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1)

Performance Traction Management integrates the Traction Control, Active Handling, and Selective Ride Control systems to provide improved and consistent performance when cornering. The amount of available engine power is based on the mode selected, track conditions, driver skill, and the radius of each corner.

This light is on when the vehicle is in the Performance Traction Management Mode.

This optional handling mode can be selected by pressing the Active Handling button on the center console quickly two times. PERF TRAC 1 - WET ACTIVE HANDLING ON displays in the DIC.

To experience the performance benefit of this system, after entering a curve and at the point where the driver would normally start to increase acceleration, the accelerator pedal can be fully pressed. The Performance Traction

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Management system will modify the level of engine power for a smooth and consistent corner exit.

To select a mode while in Performance Traction Management, turn the knob on the center console.

The Performance Traction Management system contains five modes. These modes are selected by turning the Selective Ride Control/Performance Traction Management knob on the center console. The driver scrolls up or down through modes 1–5 by turning the knob to the right or left.

The following is a DIC display description and the recommended usage of each mode:

PERF TRAC 1 – WET ACTIVE HANDLING ON

- Intended for all driver skill levels
- Wet or damp conditions only — not intended for use in heavy rain or standing water
- Active Handling is on and engine power is reduced based on conditions

PERF TRAC 2 – DRY ACTIVE HANDLING ON

- For use by less experienced drivers or while learning a new track
- Dry conditions only
- Active Handling is on and engine power is slightly reduced

PERF TRAC 3 – SPORT ACTIVE HANDLING ON

- For use by drivers who are familiar with the track
- Dry conditions only
- Requires more driving skill than mode 2
- Active Handling is on and more engine power is available than in mode 2

PERF TRAC 4 – SPORT ACTIVE HANDLING OFF

- For use by drivers who are familiar with the track
- Dry conditions only
- Requires more driving skill than modes 2 or 3
- Active Handling is off and available engine power is the same as mode 3

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PERF TRAC 5 – RACE ACTIVE HANDLING OFF

- For use by experienced drivers who are familiar with the track
- Dry conditions only
- Requires more driving skill than in other modes
- Active Handling is off and engine power is available for maximum cornering speed

Press and release the ACTIVE HANDLING button to turn off Performance Traction Management and return to the Active Handling and Traction Control Systems. The TRACTION SYSTEM AND ACTIVE HANDLING-ON message displays briefly in the DIC and a chime is heard.

Launch Control

A Launch Control feature is available, within Competitive Driving Mode (except Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1) or Performance Traction Management (Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1), on vehicles with a manual transmission to allow the driver to achieve high levels of vehicle acceleration in a straight line. Launch Control is a form of traction control that manages tire spin while launching the vehicle. This feature is intended for use during closed course race events where consistent zero to sixty and quarter mile times are desirable.

Launch Control is only available when the following criteria are met:

- Competitive Driving Mode is selected (except Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1) or any of the Performance Traction Management modes are selected (Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1). The TCS light comes on the instrument panel and the appropriate DIC message displays.
- The vehicle is not moving.
- The steering wheel is pointing straight.
- The clutch is pressed and the vehicle is in first gear.
- The accelerator pedal is rapidly applied to wide open throttle.

The Launch Control feature will initially limit engine speed as the driver rapidly applies the accelerator pedal to wide open throttle. A smooth, quick release of the clutch, while maintaining the fully pressed accelerator pedal, will manage wheel slip. Complete shifts as described in *Manual Transmission on page 9-29*.

After the vehicle is launched, the system continues in Competitive Mode (except Z06 with magnetic

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Selective Ride Control or ZR1) or Performance Traction Management (Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1).

Competitive Driving Mode, Performance Traction Management, and Launch Control are systems designed for a closed course race track and not intended for use on public roads. The systems are not intended to compensate for lack of driver experience or familiarity with the race track.

Limited-Slip Rear Axle

Vehicles with a limited-slip rear axle can give more traction on snow, mud, ice, sand or gravel. It works like a standard axle most of the time, but when traction is low, this feature allows the drive wheel with the most traction to move the vehicle.

Selective Ride Control

The vehicle may have a ride control system called magnetic Selective Ride Control. The system provides the following performance benefits:

- Reduced Impact Harshness
- Improved Road Isolation
- Improved High-Speed Stability
- Improved Handling Response
- Better Control of Body Ride Motions

Except Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control or ZR1

This knob is on the center console. Turn it to select the suspension of your choice.

TOUR: Use for normal city and highway driving. This setting provides a smooth, soft ride.

SPORT: Use where road conditions or personal preference demand more control. This setting provides more “feel,” or response to the road conditions.

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The setting can be changed at any time. Based on road conditions, steering wheel angle, and the vehicle speed, the system automatically adjusts to provide the best handling while providing a smooth ride. The Tour and Sport modes will feel similar on a smooth road. Select a new setting whenever driving conditions change.

Three Driver Information Center (DIC) messages (SERVICE RIDE CONTROL, SHOCKS INOPERATIVE, and MAXIMUM SPEED 129 KM/H (80 MPH) display when a malfunction occurs with the Selective Ride Control system. Refer to *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42*.

Z06 with magnetic Selective Ride Control with PTM or ZR1

This knob is on the center console. Turn it to select the suspension of your choice. The knob will return to the center position when released. The switch will illuminate the current suspension setting.

TOUR: Use for normal city and highway driving. This setting provides a smooth, soft ride.

SPORT: Use where road conditions or personal preference demand more control. This setting provides more “feel,” or response to the road conditions.

The setting can be changed at any time. Based on road conditions, steering wheel angle, and the vehicle speed, the system automatically adjusts to provide the best handling while providing a smooth ride. The Tour and Sport modes will feel similar on a smooth road. Select a new setting whenever driving conditions change.

The Selective Ride knob will not display the Tour or Sport setting when the Performance Traction Management mode is selected. When this mode is selected, turning the Selective Ride knob will change the Performance Traction Management mode and the suspension setting will be determined automatically. See *Competitive Driving Mode on page 9-35*.

Information Provided by:
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Three Driver Information Center (DIC) messages (SERVICE RIDE CONTROL, SHOCKS INOPERATIVE, and MAXIMUM SPEED 129 KM/H (80 MPH) display when a malfunction occurs with the Selective Ride Control system. Refer to *Ride Control System Messages on page 5-42*.

Cruise Control

With cruise control, a speed of about 40 km/h (25 mph) or more can be maintained without keeping your foot on the accelerator. Cruise control does not work at speeds below about 40 km/h (25 mph).

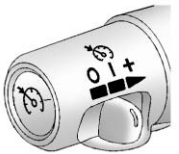
Cruise control will not work if the parking brake is set, or if the master cylinder brake fluid level is low.

⚠ WARNING

Cruise control can be dangerous where you cannot drive safely at a steady speed. So, do not use the cruise control on winding roads or in heavy traffic.

Cruise control can be dangerous on slippery roads. On such roads, fast changes in tire traction can cause excessive wheel slip, and you could lose control. Do not use cruise control on slippery roads.

If the vehicle is in cruise control, and has the Traction Control System (TCS), and it begins to limit wheel spin, the cruise control automatically disengages. See *Traction Control System (TCS) on page 9-33*. When road conditions allow the cruise control to be safely used again, it can be turned back on.



The vehicle has cruise control.

◯ **(Off):** Turns the system off.

| **(On):** Turns the system on.

+ **(Resume/Accelerate):** Makes the vehicle accelerate or resume a previously set speed.

(Set): Press this button at the end of the lever to set the speed.

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Setting Cruise Control

If the cruise button is on when not in use, it could get bumped and go into cruise when not desired. Keep the cruise control switch off when cruise is not being used.

1. Move the cruise control switch to on.
2. Get up to the speed desired.
3. Press at the end of the lever and release it.
4. Take your foot off the accelerator pedal.

When the cruise control is engaged, the CRUISE SET TO XXX MPH message displays on the Driver Information Center (DIC). See *Cruise Control Messages on page 5-36*.

Resuming a Set Speed

If the cruise control is set at a desired speed and then the brakes are applied, the cruise control is disengaged without erasing the set speed from memory.

Once the vehicle speed reaches about 40 km/h (25 mph) or more, move the cruise control switch briefly from | to +. The vehicle returns to the previous set speed and stays there.

If the switch is held at resume/accelerate, the vehicle keeps going faster until the switch is released or the brake is applied. Do not hold the switch at resume/accelerate, unless you want the vehicle to go faster.

Increasing Speed While Using Cruise Control

If the cruise control system is already activated,

- Use the accelerator pedal to get to the higher speed. Press at the end of the lever, then release the button and the accelerator pedal. If the accelerator pedal is held longer than 60 seconds, cruise control will turn off.
- Move the cruise switch from | to +. Hold it there until desired speed is reached, and then release the switch.
- To increase the vehicle speed in small amounts, move the switch briefly to +. Each time this is done, the vehicle goes about 1.6 km/h (1 mph) faster.

Reducing Speed While Using Cruise Control

If the cruise control system is already activated,

- Press and hold the set button until the lower speed desired is reached, then release it.
- To slow down in small amounts, briefly press . Each time this is done, the vehicle goes about 1.6 km/h (1 mph) slower.

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Passing Another Vehicle While Using Cruise Control

Use the accelerator pedal to increase the vehicle speed. When you take your foot off the pedal, the vehicle will slow down to the previous set cruise speed.

Using Cruise Control on Hills

How well the cruise control works on hills depends upon the vehicle speed, load, and the steepness of the hills. When going up steep hills, you might want to step on the accelerator pedal to maintain the vehicle speed. When going downhill, you might have to brake or shift to a lower gear to keep the vehicle's speed down. When the brakes are applied the cruise control is disengaged.

Cruise Control in Sport and Manual Paddle Shift Gear Selection

When the vehicle is in S (Sport) and the manual paddle shift controls are not being used, cruise control operates in the same manner as D (Drive).

When the vehicle is in S (Sport) and the manual paddle shift controls are being used, cruise control operates as follows:

- If cruise control is active and a gear is selected with the manual paddle shift controls, the vehicle speed is maintained in the driver selected gear and will not automatically up-shift or down-shift the transmission while the driver's gear selection is active.
- If driving in hilly terrain, cruise control may not be able to maintain vehicle speed if an up-shift or down-shift is not selected by the driver. While driving on hilly terrain and cruise control is active with a manual paddle shift gear selection, the driver must select the proper gear for the terrain or select D (Drive) on the gear range selector for full automatic transmission operation.

Ending Cruise Control

- To disengage cruise control, step lightly on the brake pedal. If the vehicle has a manual transmission, lightly tap the clutch to end the cruise control session.
- To turn off the cruise control system, move the cruise control switch to ◯.

When cruise control is disengaged, the CRUISE DISENGAGED message displays on the Driver Information Center (DIC). See *Cruise Control Messages on page 5-36*.

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Erasing Speed Memory

The cruise control set speed is erased from memory by moving the switch to ◯ or if the ignition is turned off.

Fuel

Use of the recommended fuel is an important part of the proper maintenance of this vehicle. To help keep the engine clean and maintain optimum vehicle performance, we recommend the use of gasoline advertised as TOP TIER Detergent Gasoline.

Look for the TOP TIER label on the fuel pump to ensure gasoline meets enhanced detergency standards developed by auto companies. A list of marketers providing TOP TIER Detergent Gasoline can be found at www.toptiergas.com. TOP TIER gasoline is only available in the U.S. and Canada.

The eighth digit of the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) shows the code letter or number that identifies the vehicle's engine. The VIN is at the top left of the instrument panel. See *Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) on page 12-1*.

Recommended Fuel

If the vehicle has the 6.2L V8 engine (VIN Code W), use premium unleaded gasoline with a posted octane rating of 91 or higher. You can also use regular unleaded

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gasoline rated at 87 octane or higher, but the vehicle's acceleration could be slightly reduced, and a slight audible knocking noise, commonly referred to as spark knock, might be heard. If the octane is less than 87, a heavy knocking noise might be heard when driving. If this occurs, use a gasoline rated at 87 octane or higher as soon as possible. Otherwise, you could damage the engine. If heavy knocking is heard when using gasoline rated at 87 octane or higher, the engine needs service.

If the vehicle has the 6.2L V8 engine (VIN Code T) or the 7.0L V8 engine (VIN Code E), use premium unleaded gasoline with a posted octane rating of 91 or higher. For best performance, use premium unleaded gasoline with a posted octane rating of 93. In an emergency, you can use regular unleaded gasoline with an octane rating of 87 or higher. If 87 octane fuel is used, do not perform any aggressive driving maneuvers such as wide open throttle applications. You might also hear audible spark knock during acceleration. Refill the tank with premium fuel as soon as possible to avoid damaging the engine. If heavy knocking is heard when using gasoline rated at 91 octane or higher, the engine needs service.

Gasoline Specifications

At a minimum, gasoline should meet ASTM specification D 4814. Some gasolines contain an octane-enhancing additive called methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (MMT). We recommend against the use of gasolines containing MMT. See *Fuel Additives on page 9-46* for additional information.

California Fuel Requirements

If the vehicle is certified to meet California Emissions Standards, it is designed to operate on fuels that meet California specifications. See the underhood emission control label. If this fuel is not available in states adopting California Emissions Standards, the vehicle will operate satisfactorily on fuels meeting federal specifications, but emission control system performance might be affected. The malfunction indicator lamp could turn on and the vehicle might fail a smog-check test. See *Malfunction Indicator Lamp on page 5-18*. If this occurs, return to your authorized dealer for diagnosis. If it is determined that the condition is caused by the type of fuel used, repairs might not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

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Fuels in Foreign Countries

Never use leaded gasoline or any other fuel not recommended in the previous text on fuel. Costly repairs caused by use of improper fuel would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.

To check the fuel availability, ask an auto club, or contact a major oil company that does business in the country where you will be driving.

Fuel Additives

To provide cleaner air, all gasolines in the United States are now required to contain additives that help prevent engine and fuel system deposits from forming, allowing the emission control system to work properly. In most cases, nothing should have to be added to the fuel. However, some gasolines contain only the minimum amount of additive required to meet U.S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations. To help keep fuel injectors and intake valves clean and avoid problems due to dirty injectors or valves, look for gasoline that is advertised as TOP TIER Detergent Gasoline. Look for the TOP TIER label on the fuel pump to ensure gasoline meets enhanced detergency standards developed by the auto companies. A list of marketers providing TOP TIER Detergent Gasoline can be found at www.toptiergas.com.

For customers who do not use TOP TIER Detergent Gasoline regularly, one bottle of GM Fuel System Treatment PLUS, added to the fuel tank at every engine oil change, can help clean deposits from fuel injectors and intake valves. GM Fuel System Treatment PLUS is the only gasoline additive recommended by General Motors. It is available at your dealer.

Gasolines containing oxygenates, such as ethers and ethanol, and reformulated gasolines might be available in your area. We recommend that you use these gasolines, if they comply with the specifications described earlier. However, E85 (85% ethanol) and other fuels containing more than 15% ethanol must not be used in vehicles that were not designed for those fuels.

Notice: **This vehicle was not designed for fuel that contains methanol. Do not use fuel containing methanol. It can corrode metal parts in the fuel system and also damage plastic and rubber parts. That damage would not be covered under the vehicle warranty.**

Some gasolines that are not reformulated for low emissions can contain an octane-enhancing additive called methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (MMT); ask the attendant where you buy gasoline whether the fuel contains MMT. We recommend against the use of such gasolines. Fuels containing MMT can reduce spark plug life and affect emission

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control system performance. The malfunction indicator lamp might turn on. If this occurs, return to your dealer for service.

Filling the Tank

⚠ WARNING

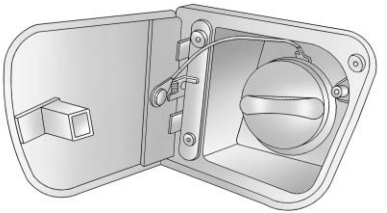
Fuel vapors and fuel fires burn violently and can cause injury or death.

- To help avoid injuries to you and others, read and follow all the instructions on the fuel pump island.
- Turn off the engine when refueling.
- Keep sparks, flames, and smoking materials away from fuel.
- Do not leave the fuel pump unattended.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

- Do not reenter the vehicle while pumping fuel.
- Keep children away from the fuel pump and never let children pump fuel.
- Fuel can spray out if the fuel cap is opened too quickly. This spray can happen if the tank is nearly full, and is more likely in hot weather. Open the fuel cap slowly and wait for any hiss noise to stop then unscrew the cap all the way



The tethered fuel cap is located behind a hinged fuel door on the driver side of the vehicle.

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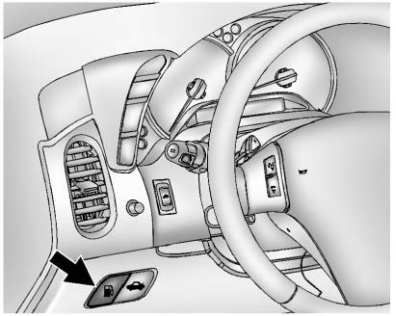

The fuel door release button is located on the instrument panel to the left of the steering wheel. Push the button to release the fuel door.

There is also a manual fuel door release tab. It is located against the upper trim in the rear compartment on the driver side of the vehicle. Pull the tab to release the fuel door.

To remove the fuel cap, turn it slowly counterclockwise.

While refueling, let the cap hang by the tether below the fuel fill opening.

Be careful not to spill fuel. Do not top off or overfill the tank and wait a few seconds after you have finished pumping before removing the nozzle. Clean fuel from painted surfaces as soon as possible. See *Exterior Care on page 10-79*.

When replacing the fuel cap, turn it clockwise until it clicks. Make sure the cap is fully installed. The diagnostic system can determine if the fuel cap has been left off or improperly installed. This would allow fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere. See *Malfunction Indicator Lamp on page 5-18*.

The CHECK GAS CAP message displays on the Driver Information Center (DIC) if the fuel cap is not properly installed. See *Fuel System Messages on page 5-40* for more information.

⚠ WARNING

If a fire starts while you are refueling, do not remove the nozzle. Shut off the flow of fuel by shutting off the pump or by notifying the station attendant. Leave the area immediately.

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Notice: **If you need a new fuel cap, be sure to get the right type. Your dealer can get one for you. If you get the wrong type, it may not fit properly. This may cause the malfunction indicator lamp to light and may damage the fuel tank and emissions system. See *Malfunction Indicator Lamp on page 5-18*.**

Filling a Portable Fuel Container

⚠ WARNING

Filling a portable fuel container while it is in the vehicle can cause fuel vapors that can ignite either by static electricity or other means. You or others could be badly burned and the vehicle could be damaged. Always:

- Use approved fuel containers.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

- Remove container from vehicle, trunk, or pickup bed before filling.
- Place container on the ground.
- Place the nozzle inside the fill opening of the container before dispensing fuel, and keep it in contact with the fill opening until filling is complete.
- Do not smoke while pumping fuel.

Towing

General Towing Information

The vehicle is neither designed nor intended to tow a trailer.

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Conversions and Add-Ons

Add-On Electrical Equipment

Notice: **Some electrical equipment can damage the vehicle or cause components to not work and would not be covered by the warranty. Always check with your dealer before adding electrical equipment.**

Add-on equipment can drain the vehicle's 12-volt battery, even if the vehicle is not operating.

The vehicle has an airbag system. Before attempting to add anything electrical to the vehicle, see *Servicing the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle on page 3-24* and *Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle on page 3-24*.

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General Information

For service and parts needs, visit your dealer. You will receive genuine GM parts and GM-trained and supported service people.

Genuine GM parts have one of these marks:

ACDelco

Genuine GM | Parts

GM Accessories

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California Proposition 65 Warning

Most motor vehicles, including this one, contain and/or emit chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Engine exhaust, many parts and systems, many fluids, and some component wear by-products contain and/or emit these chemicals.

California Perchlorate Materials Requirements

Certain types of automotive applications, such as airbag initiators, safety belt pretensioners, and lithium batteries contained in Remote Keyless Entry transmitters, may contain perchlorate materials. Special handling may be necessary. For additional information, see www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate.

Accessories and Modifications

Adding non-dealer accessories or making modifications to the vehicle can affect vehicle performance and safety, including such things as airbags, braking, stability, ride and handling, emissions systems, aerodynamics, durability, and electronic systems like antilock brakes, traction control, and stability control. These accessories or modifications could even cause malfunction or damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

Damage to vehicle components resulting from modifications or the installation or use of non-GM certified parts, including control module or software modifications, is not covered under the terms of the vehicle warranty and may affect remaining warranty coverage for affected parts.

GM Accessories are designed to complement and function with other systems on the vehicle. See your dealer to accessorize the vehicle using genuine GM Accessories installed by a dealer technician.

Also, see *Adding Equipment to the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle on page 3-24*.

Lifting the Vehicle

⚠ WARNING

Lifting a vehicle can cause an injury. The vehicle can slip off the jack and roll over you or other people. You and they could be badly injured. Find a level place to lift your vehicle. To help prevent the vehicle from moving:

1. Set the parking brake firmly.
2. Put an automatic transmission shift lever in P (Park), or shift a manual transmission to 1 (First) or R (Reverse).
3. Turn off the engine.

(Continued)

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WARNING (Continued)

To be even more certain the vehicle won't move, put blocks in front of and behind the wheels.

⚠ WARNING

Getting under a vehicle when it is lifted on a jack is dangerous. If the vehicle slips off the jack, you could be badly injured or killed. Never get under a vehicle when it is supported only by a jack.

⚠ WARNING

Raising the vehicle with the jack improperly positioned can damage the vehicle or the vehicle may fall and cause you or others injury.

If you ever use a jack to lift your vehicle, follow the instructions that came with the jack, and be sure to use the correct lifting points to avoid damaging your vehicle.

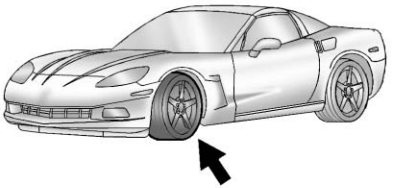
Notice: **Lifting your vehicle improperly can damage your vehicle and result in costly repairs not covered by your warranty. To lift your vehicle properly, follow the advice in this part.**

To help prevent vehicle damage:

- **Be sure to place a block or pad between the jack and the vehicle.**
- **Make sure the jack you are using spans at least two crossmember ribs.**
- **Lift only in the areas shown in the following pictures.**

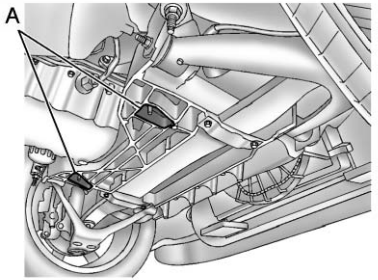
For additional information, see your dealer and the Chevrolet Corvette service manual.

Lifting From the Front

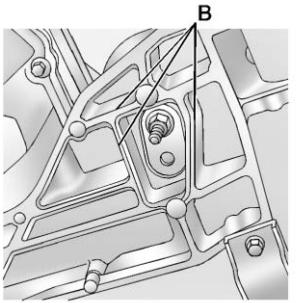


The front lifting points can be accessed from either side of your vehicle, behind the front tires.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

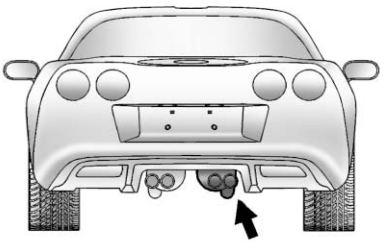


1. Locate the front lifting points (A), according to the illustration shown.
2. Be sure to place a block or pad between the jack and the vehicle.



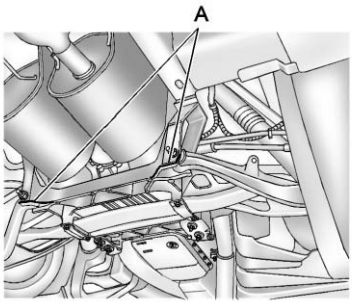
3. Lift the vehicle with the jack, making sure the jack spans at least two of the crossmember ribs (B).

Lifting From the Rear

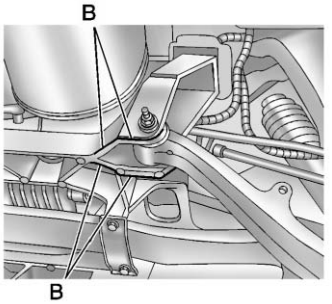


The rear lifting points can be accessed from the rear of the vehicle, on either the driver's or passenger's side.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS



1. Locate the rear lifting points (A), according to the illustration shown.
2. Be sure to place a block or pad between the jack and the vehicle.



3. Lift the vehicle with the jack, making sure the jack spans at least two of the crossmember ribs (B).

For more information, see *Doing Your Own Service Work on page 10-6*.

Vehicle Checks

Doing Your Own Service Work

⚠ WARNING

It can be dangerous to work on your vehicle if you do not have the proper knowledge, service manual, tools, or parts. Always follow owner manual procedures and consult the service manual for your vehicle before doing any service work.

If doing some of your own service work, use the proper service manual. It tells you much more about how to service the vehicle than this manual can. To order the proper service manual, see *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

This vehicle has an airbag system. Before attempting to do your own service work, see *Servicing the Airbag-Equipped Vehicle on page 3-24*.

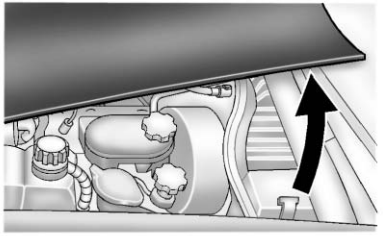
Keep a record with all parts receipts and list the mileage and the date of any service work performed. See *Maintenance Records on page 11-15*.

Notice: **Even small amounts of contamination can cause damage to vehicle systems. Do not allow contaminants to contact the fluids, reservoir caps, or dipsticks.**

Hood

To open the hood:

1. Pull the hood release lever with this symbol on it. It is located inside the vehicle below the instrument panel on the driver side.



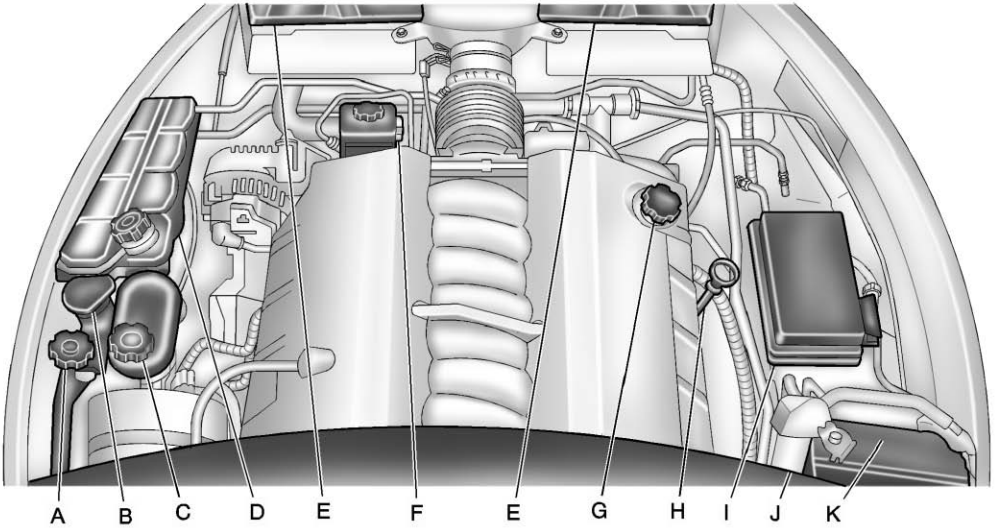
2. Go to the side of the vehicle and pull up on the rear edge of the hood, near the windshield.

Before closing the hood, be sure all the filler caps are on properly. Then, just pull the hood down and close it firmly.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Engine Compartment Overview

6.2L LS3 V8 Engine (Without dry sump engine oil tank)



Information Provided by:
DEALER
E-PROCESS

A. Clutch Master Cylinder Reservoir (If Equipped). See *Hydraulic Clutch on page 10-21*.

B. Windshield Washer Fluid Reservoir. See “Adding Washer Fluid” under *Washer Fluid on page 10-31*.

C. Brake Fluid Reservoir. See “Brake Fluid” under *Brakes on page 10-32*.

D. Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Engine Coolant on page 10-25*.

E. *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter on page 10-21*.

F. Power Steering Fluid Reservoir. See *Power Steering Fluid on page 10-30*.

G. Engine Oil Fill Cap. See “When to Add Engine Oil” under *Brake Fluid on page 10-35*.

H. Engine Oil Dipstick. See “Checking Engine Oil” under *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

I. *Engine Compartment Fuse Block on page 10-45*.

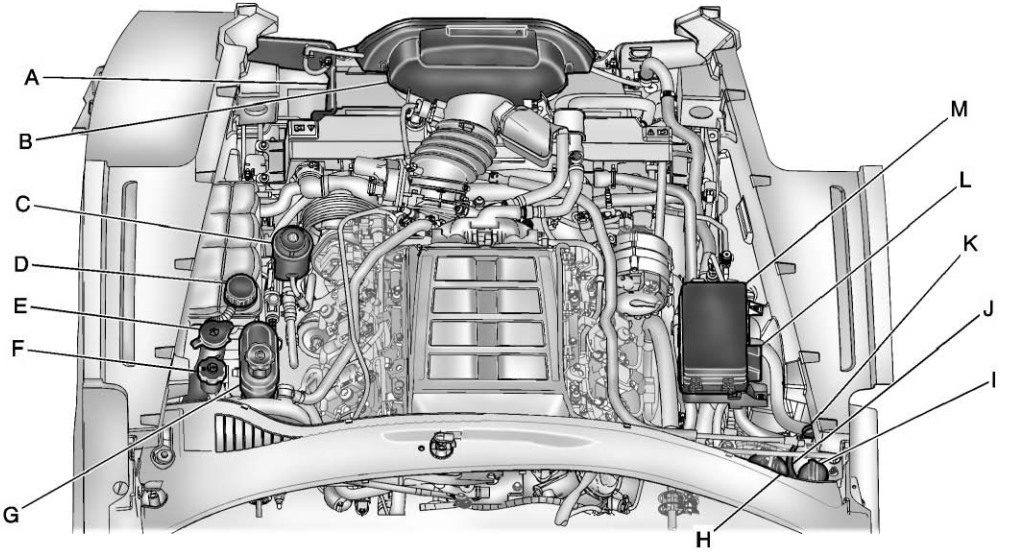
J. Passenger Compartment Air Filter (Out of View). See *Passenger Compartment Air Filter on page 8-6*.

K. *Battery on page 10-37*.

If the vehicle has the 6.2L LS3 V8 engine (without the dry sump engine oil tank) and you are facing the front of the vehicle.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

6.2L LS9 V8 Engine (Without engine cover)



Information Provided by:
DEALER
E-PROCESS

A. Intercooler. See *Cooling System (Engine) on page 10-24* or *Cooling System (Intercooler) on page 10-25*.

B. *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter on page 10-21*.

C. Power Steering Fluid Reservoir and Cap. See *Power Steering Fluid on page 10-30*.

D. Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Engine Coolant on page 10-25*.

E. Windshield Washer Fluid Reservoir. See “Adding Washer Fluid” under *Washer Fluid on page 10-31*.

F. Clutch Master Cylinder Reservoir (If Equipped). See *Hydraulic Clutch on page 10-21*.

G. Brake Fluid Reservoir. See “Brake Fluid” under *Brakes on page 10-32*.

H. Passenger Compartment Air Filter (Out of View). See *Passenger Compartment Air Filter on page 8-6*.

I. Engine Oil Fill Cap. See “When to Add Engine Oil” under *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

J. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank. See “Changing Engine Oil and Filter” *Brake Fluid on page 10-35*.

K. Engine Oil Dipstick. See “Checking Engine Oil” under *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

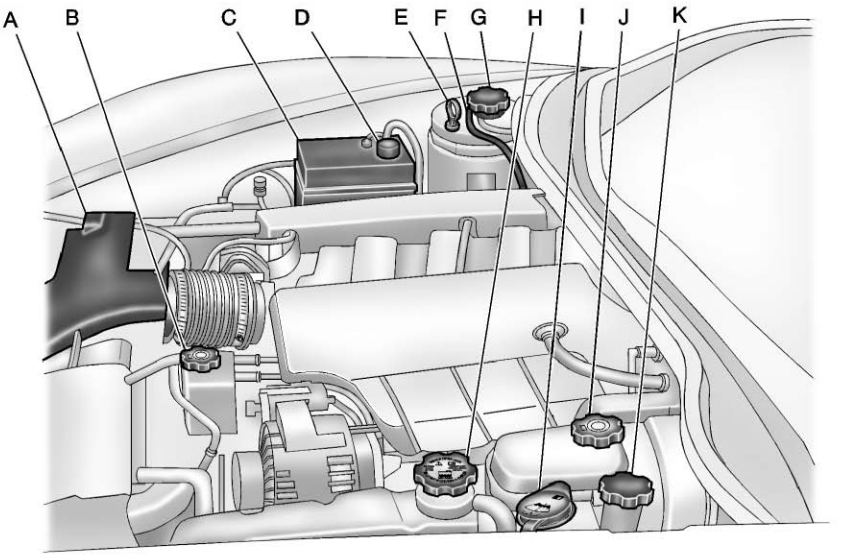
L. Remote Positive (+) Terminal (Out of View). See *Jump Starting on page 10-75*.

M. *Engine Compartment Fuse Block on page 10-45*.

If the vehicle has the 6.2L LS9 Supercharged V8 engine and you are facing the front of the vehicle.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

6.2L LS3 V8 Engine (With dry sump engine oil tank) or 7.0L LS7 V8 Engine



Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

A. *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter on page 10-21*.

B. Power Steering Fluid Reservoir. See *Power Steering Fluid on page 10-30*.

C. *Engine Compartment Fuse Block on page 10-45*.

D. Remote Positive (+) Terminal (Out of View). See *Jump Starting on page 10-75*.

E. Engine Oil Dipstick. See “Checking Engine Oil” under *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

F. Dry Sump Engine Oil Tank. See “Changing Engine Oil and Filter” under *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

G. Engine Oil Fill Cap. See “When to Add Engine Oil” under *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

H. Coolant Surge Tank and Pressure Cap. See *Engine Coolant on page 10-25*.

I. Windshield Washer Fluid Reservoir. See “Adding Washer Fluid” under *Washer Fluid on page 10-31*.

J. Brake Fluid Reservoir. See “Brake Fluid” under *Brake Fluid on page 10-35*.

K. Clutch Master Cylinder Reservoir. See *Hydraulic Clutch on page 10-21*.

If the vehicle has the 6.2L LS3 V8 engine with the manual transmission (with the dry sump engine oil tank) or the 7.0L LS7 V8 engine and you are facing the driver side of the vehicle.

Engine Oil

To ensure proper engine performance and long life, careful attention must be paid to engine oil. Following these simple, but important steps will help protect your investment:

- Always use engine oil approved to the proper specification and of the proper viscosity grade. See “Selecting the Right Engine Oil” in this section.
- Check the engine oil level regularly and maintain the proper oil level. See “Checking Engine Oil” and “When to Add Engine Oil” in this section.
- Change the engine oil at the appropriate time. See *Engine Oil Life System on page 10-19*.
- Always dispose of engine oil properly. See “What to Do with Used Oil” in this section.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Checking Engine Oil (Except Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)

If the CHECK OIL LEVEL message displays on the Driver Information Center (DIC), check the engine oil level right away. For more information, see *Engine Oil Messages on page 5-38*. Check the engine oil level regularly; this is an added reminder.

It is a good idea to check the engine oil level at each fuel fill. In order to get an accurate reading, the vehicle must be on level ground. The engine oil dipstick handle is a loop. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for the location of the engine oil dipstick.

Obtaining an accurate oil level reading is essential:

1. If the engine has been running recently, turn off the engine and allow several minutes for the oil to drain back into the oil pan. Checking the oil level too soon after engine shutoff will not provide an accurate oil level reading.

⚠ WARNING

The engine oil dipstick handle may be hot; it could burn you. Use a towel or glove to touch the dipstick handle.

2. Pull the dipstick and clean it with a paper towel or cloth, then push it back in all the way. Remove it again, keeping the tip down, and check the level.

When to Add Engine Oil (Except Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)

If the oil is below the cross-hatched area at the tip of the dipstick, add 1 L (1 qt) of the recommended oil and then recheck the level. See “Selecting the Right Engine Oil” in this section for an explanation of what kind of oil to use. For engine oil crankcase capacity, see *Capacities and Specifications on page 12-2*.

See *Racing or Other Competitive Driving on page 9-6* for additional information on engine oil.

Notice: **Do not add too much oil. Oil levels above or below the acceptable operating range**

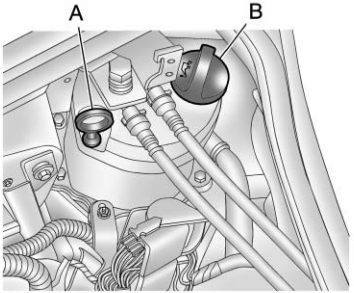
Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

shown on the dipstick are harmful to the engine. If you find that you have an oil level above the operating range, i.e., the engine has so much oil that the oil level gets above the cross-hatched area that shows the proper operating range, the engine could be damaged. You should drain out the excess oil or limit driving of the vehicle and seek a service professional to remove the excess amount of oil.

See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for the location of the engine oil fill cap.

Add enough oil to put the level somewhere in the proper operating range . Push the dipstick all the way back in when through.

Checking Engine Oil (Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)



A. Engine Oil Dipstick

B. Engine Oil Fill Cap

It is a good idea to check the engine oil level at each fuel fill. In order to get an accurate reading, the vehicle must be on level ground.

The engine oil dipstick handle is a loop. The dipstick is located on the dry sump engine oil tank. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for the location of the dry sump engine oil tank.

These vehicles have a racetrack-ready dry sump engine lubrication system. This high-performance system operates differently than a standard engine lubrication system and requires a special procedure when checking the engine oil level. Follow this procedure closely when checking the engine oil level.

The engine oil level must be checked when the engine is warm. Cold oil level in the dry sump tank may not indicate the actual amount of oil in the system. With this system, engine oil is contained in an external tank, separate from the engine. Under normal operating conditions, the oil pan under the engine does not store any oil. If the vehicle has been parked for an extended period without the engine being started, some oil will seep back into the oil pan, reducing the amount of oil held in the dry sump

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tank and there could be no engine oil at all showing on the dipstick. This is normal since the dipstick is designed to read engine oil level only after the engine has run long enough to reach normal operating temperature. Do not add engine oil based on cold engine dipstick readings. The engine oil level on the dipstick will also be inaccurate if checked while the engine is running.

1. To obtain an accurate engine oil level reading, warm up the engine to at least 80°C (175°F). Cold oil will not give a correct oil level reading.
2. Once the engine is warm, turn off the engine. Checking the oil while the engine is running will result in an incorrect oil level reading.
3. Wait at least five minutes (but not more than 20 minutes) to allow oil to drain and settle in the engine.

⚠ WARNING

The engine oil dipstick handle may be hot; it could burn you. Use a towel or glove to touch the dipstick handle.

4. Remove the dipstick from the external engine oil tank and clean it with a lint-free paper towel or a cloth. Re-insert the dipstick into the external oil tank, pushing it all the way in until it stops.
5. Remove the dipstick from the oil tank and read the level on the cross-hatched area. Oil levels that fall in the cross-hatched area are normal.

When to Add Engine Oil (Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)

If the oil is below the cross-hatched area at the tip of the dipstick, add 1 L (1 qt) of the recommended oil through the oil fill cap opening in the oil tank and then recheck the level. See “Selecting the Right Engine Oil” for an explanation of what kind of oil to use. For engine oil crankcase capacity, see *Capacities and Specifications on page 12-2*.

See *Racing or Other Competitive Driving on page 9-6* for additional information on engine oil.

Notice: **Do not add too much oil. Oil levels above or below the acceptable operating range**

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

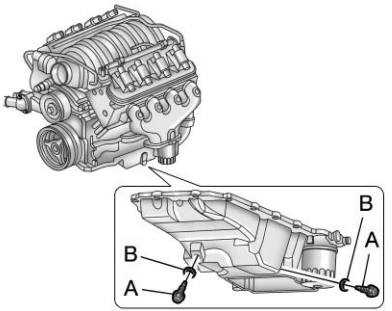
shown on the dipstick are harmful to the engine. If you find that you have an oil level above the operating range, i.e., the engine has so much oil that the oil level gets above the cross-hatched area that shows the proper operating range, the engine could be damaged. You should drain out the excess oil or limit driving of the vehicle and seek a service professional to remove the excess amount of oil.

See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for the location of the external engine oil tank and fill cap.

Add enough oil to put the level somewhere in the proper operating range. Push the dipstick all the way back into the oil tank when through.

Changing Engine Oil and Filter (Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)

These vehicles have a racetrack-ready dry sump engine lubrication system. This high-performance system operates differently than a standard engine lubrication system and requires a special procedure when changing the engine oil and filter. Follow this procedure closely when changing the engine oil and filter.



Z06 Shown, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible Similar

A. Engine Oil Drain Plugs

B. Seals

1. Remove the two engine oil drain plugs from the bottom of the engine oil pan. One drain plug drains the external oil tank via the oil transfer supply line. The other drain plug drains residual oil from the crankcase sump. Allow the oil to drain.

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2. Once the oil has been drained from the engine, remove the engine oil filter and allow the oil to drain.
3. Re-install both drain plugs and tighten them to 25 N•m (18 lb ft).
4. Replace the oil filter and tighten it to 30 N•m (22 lb ft). See *Maintenance Replacement Parts on page 11-14* for the correct filter.
5. Oil is filled through the opening in the top of the external engine oil tank. Remove the oil fill cap.
6. Add 9.9 L (10.5 quarts) of oil to the oil tank. See *Capacities and Specifications on page 12-2*.
7. Install the oil fill cap and insert the dipstick, if removed.
8. Start the engine and let it run at idle for at least 15 seconds. This will circulate the fresh engine oil through the lubrication system.
9. Shut off the engine and check the oil level as described under "Checking Engine Oil (Z06, ZR1, and Grand Sport)."

Selecting the Right Engine Oil

Selecting the right engine oil depends on both the proper oil specification and viscosity grade. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.

Specification

Use and ask for licensed engine oils with the dexos1® approved certification mark. Engine oils meeting the requirements for the vehicle should have the dexos1 approved certification mark. This certification mark indicates that the oil has been approved to the dexos1 specification. Corvette recommends Mobil 1® engine oils that meet the requirements of the dexos1 specification for its dry-sump equipped engines.

Notice: **Failure to use the recommended engine oil or equivalent can result in engine damage not covered by the vehicle warranty. Check with your dealer or service provider on whether the oil is approved to the dexos1 specification.**

Viscosity Grade

SAE 5W-30 is the best viscosity grade for the vehicle. Do not use other viscosity grade oils such as SAE 10W-30, 10W-40, or 20W-50.

Cold Temperature Operation: In an area of extreme cold, where the temperature falls below −29°C (−20°F), an SAE 0W-30 oil may be used. An oil of this viscosity grade will provide easier cold starting for the engine at extremely low temperatures. When selecting an oil

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of the appropriate viscosity grade, always select an oil of the correct specification. See “Specification” earlier in this section for more information.

Engine Oil Additives/Engine Oil Flushes

Do not add anything to the oil. The recommended oils with the dexos specification and displaying the dexos certification mark are all that is needed for good performance and engine protection.

Engine oil system flushes are not recommended and could cause engine damage not covered by the vehicle warranty.

What to Do with Used Oil

Used engine oil contains certain elements that can be unhealthy for your skin and could even cause cancer. Do not let used oil stay on your skin for very long. Clean your skin and nails with soap and water, or a good hand cleaner. Wash or properly dispose of clothing or rags containing used engine oil. See the manufacturer's warnings about the use and disposal of oil products.

Used oil can be a threat to the environment. If you change your own oil, be sure to drain all the oil from the filter before disposal. Never dispose of oil by putting it in the trash or pouring it on the ground, into sewers, or into streams or bodies of water. Recycle it by taking it to a place that collects used oil.

Engine Oil Life System

When to Change Engine Oil

This vehicle has a computer that indicates when to change the engine oil and filter. This is based on a combination of factors which include engine revolutions, engine temperature, and miles driven. Based on driving conditions, the mileage at which an oil change is indicated can vary considerably. For the oil life system to work properly, the system must be reset every time the oil is changed.

Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible models have a racetrack-ready dry sump engine lubrication system. This high-performance system operates differently than a standard engine lubrication system and requires a special procedure when changing the engine oil and filter. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

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When the system has calculated that oil life has been diminished, it indicates that an oil change is necessary. A CHANGE ENGINE OIL message comes on. Change the oil as soon as possible within the next 1 000 km (600 mi). It is possible that, if driving under the best conditions, the oil life system might indicate that an oil change is not necessary for up to a year. The engine oil and filter must be changed at least once a year and, at this time, the system must be reset. Your dealer has trained service people who will perform this work and reset the system. It is also important to check the oil regularly over the course of an oil drain interval and keep it at the proper level.

If the system is ever reset accidentally, the oil must be changed at 5 000 km (3,000 mi) since the last oil change. Remember to reset the oil life system whenever the oil is changed.

How to Reset the Engine Oil Life System

Reset the system whenever the engine oil is changed so that the system can calculate the next engine oil change. To reset the system:

1. Press the TRIP button so the OIL LIFE percentage is displayed.
2. Press RESET and hold for two seconds. OIL LIFE REMAINING 100% will appear.

If the CHANGE ENGINE OIL message comes back on when the vehicle is started, the engine oil life system has not reset. Repeat the procedure.

Automatic Transmission Fluid

How to Check Automatic Transmission Fluid

It is not necessary to check the transmission fluid level.
A transmission fluid leak is the only reason for fluid loss. If a leak occurs, take the vehicle to the dealer and have it repaired as soon as possible.

The vehicle is not equipped with a transmission fluid level dipstick. There is a special procedure for checking and changing the transmission fluid. Because this procedure is difficult, this should be done at the dealer. Contact the dealer for additional information or the procedure can be found in the service manual. To purchase a service manual, see *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Notice: **Use of the incorrect automatic transmission fluid may damage the vehicle, and the damages may not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Always use the automatic transmission fluid listed in *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.**

Change the fluid and filter at the intervals listed in *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3*, and be sure to use the fluid listed in *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.

Manual Transmission Fluid

It is not necessary to check the manual transmission fluid level. A transmission fluid leak is the only reason for fluid loss. If a leak occurs, take the vehicle to the dealer and have it repaired as soon as possible. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12* for the proper fluid to use.

Hydraulic Clutch

It is not necessary to regularly check clutch fluid unless you suspect there is a leak in the system. Adding fluid will not correct a leak. A fluid loss in this system could indicate a problem. Have the system inspected and repaired.

When to Check and What to Use

The hydraulic clutch fluid reservoir cap has this symbol on it. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for reservoir location.

Refer to the Maintenance Schedule for the proper fluid to use. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*. The fluid requires changing every two years. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3*.

How to Check and Add Fluid

Visually check the clutch fluid reservoir to make sure the fluid level is at the MIN (minimum) line on the side of the reservoir. The hydraulic clutch fluid system should be closed and sealed.

Do not remove the cap to check the fluid level or to top-off the fluid level. Remove the cap only when necessary to add the proper fluid until the level reaches the MIN line.

Engine Air Cleaner/Filter

See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for the location of the engine air cleaner/filter.

Notice: **If you spray water into the engine air cleaner/filter intake and water enters the engine air cleaner/filter housing, you could damage your vehicle's engine. The repairs would not be covered**

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

by your warranty. Do not spray water into the engine air cleaner/ filter intake and/or housing.

If cleaning the vehicle with the hood open, take care not to spray water directly near the filter opening of the air cleaner, as shown in the illustration, as this could damage the vehicle's engine.

When to Inspect the Engine Air Cleaner/Filter

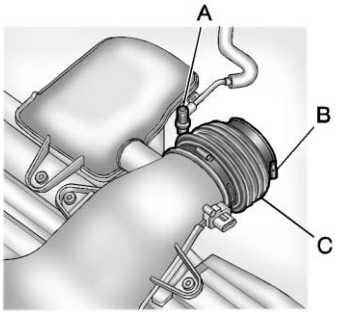
Inspect the air cleaner/filter at the scheduled maintenance intervals and replace them at the first oil change after each 80 000 km (50,000 mi) interval. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3*. If driving in dusty/dirty conditions, inspect the filter at each engine oil change.

How to Inspect the Engine Air Cleaner/Filter

To inspect the air cleaner/filter, remove the filter from the vehicle and lightly shake the filter to release loose dust and dirt. If the filter remains covered with dirt, a new filter is required.

To inspect or replace the engine air cleaner/filter:

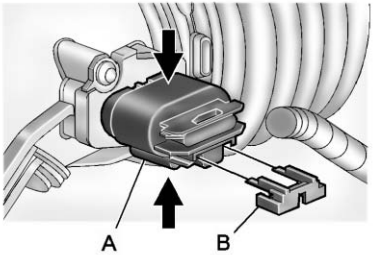
1. Open the hood. See *Hood on page 10-7*.



6.2L V8 Engine LS3 Shown, 6.2L V8 Engine LS9 and 7.0L V8 Engine LS7 Similar

A. Tube
B. Clamp
C. Duct

2. Remove the tube (A) from the air cleaner assembly.
3. Loosen the clamp (B) at the throttle body and remove the duct (C).

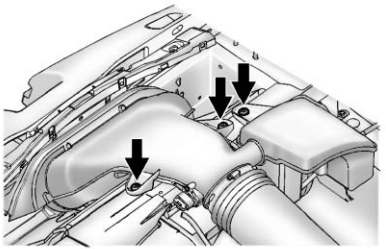


6.2L V8 Engine LS3 Shown, 6.2L V8 Engine LS9 and 7.0L V8 Engine LS7 Similar

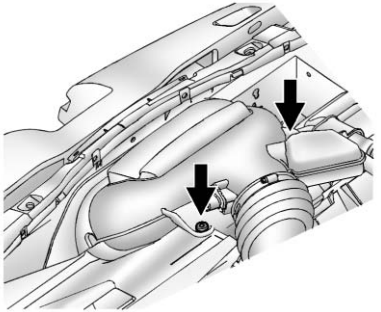
A. Mass Air Flow Sensor Connector
B. Connector Lock

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

4. Remove the connector lock (B) located at the bottom of the mass air flow sensor connector (A).
5. Press on the top and bottom of the mass air flow sensor connector (A) and remove.



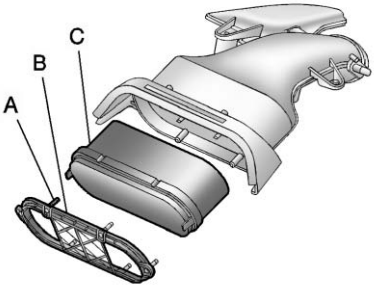
6.2L V8 Engine LS3



6.2L V8 Engine LS9 Shown, 7.0L V8 Engine LS7 Similar

6. To access the air filter element, gently pull the air cleaner assembly upward until the fasteners are released from the retainer pins in the upper radiator support.

   The LS3 engine has three retainer pins and the LS7 and LS9 engines have two.



6.2L V8 Engine LS3 Shown, 6.2L V8 Engine LS9 and 7.0L V8 Engine LS7 Similar

A. Screw
B. Filter Cover
C. Filter

7. To remove the filter from the LS3 and LS7 engines, remove the six screws (A) securing the filter cover (B) then pull away to gain access to the air filter (C).

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To remove the filter assembly from the LS9 engine, remove the six screws securing the filter cover. The filter cover and the air filter are one piece.

8. Inspect or replace the filter or filter cover assembly. See *Maintenance Replacement Parts on page 11-14*.
9. Reverse Steps 2–7 to replace the air cleaner/filter cover.

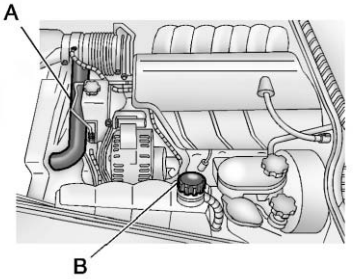
⚠ WARNING

Operating the engine with the air cleaner/filter off can cause you or others to be burned. The air cleaner not only cleans the air; it helps to stop flames if the engine backfires. Use caution when working on the engine and do not drive with the air cleaner/filter off.

Notice: **If the air cleaner/filter is off, dirt can easily get into the engine, which could damage it. Always have the air cleaner/filter in place when you are driving.**

Cooling System (Engine)

The cooling system allows the engine to maintain the correct working temperature.



7.0L Engine Shown, 6.2L Engine Similar

A. Electric Engine Cooling Fan

B. Coolant Surge Tank with Pressure Cap

⚠ WARNING

An electric engine cooling fan under the hood can start up even when the engine is not running and can cause injury. Keep hands, clothing, and tools away from any underhood electric fan.

⚠ WARNING

Heater and radiator hoses, and other engine parts, can be very hot. Do not touch them. If you do, you can be burned.

Do not run the engine if there is a leak. If you run the engine, it could lose all coolant. That could cause an engine fire, and you could be burned. Get any leak fixed before you drive the vehicle.

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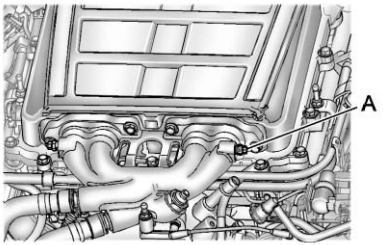
Notice: **Using coolant other than DEX-COOL® can cause premature engine, heater core, or radiator corrosion. In addition, the engine coolant could require changing sooner, at 50 000 km (30,000 mi) or 24 months, whichever occurs first. Any repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Always use DEX-COOL (silicate-free) coolant in the vehicle.**

Cooling System (Intercooler)

The 6.2L LS9 supercharged V8 engine has an intercooler cooling system. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for location of the intercooler.

The intercooler cooling system has a special procedure for draining and adding coolant. Because this procedure is difficult, see the dealer for service if the intercooler is low on coolant. The procedure can also be found in the service manual. To purchase a service manual, see *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

Checking Coolant



1. Verify that the engine and intercooler are no longer hot.
2. Place a cloth to absorb possible coolant loss under the driver's side bleeder valve (A).
3. Loosen, but do not completely unscrew the bleeder valve to check for coolant in the system.
4. Tighten the bleeder valve if there is coolant flowing out of the bleeder valve.
5. If there is no coolant flowing out of the bleeder valve, there could be a leak in the system. Tighten the bleeder valve and contact the dealer for service.

Engine Coolant

The cooling system in the vehicle is filled with DEX-COOL® engine coolant. This coolant is designed to remain in the vehicle for 5 years or 240 000 km (150,000 mi), whichever occurs first.

The following explains the cooling system and how to check and add coolant when it is low. If there is a problem with engine overheating, see *Engine Overheating on page 10-28*.

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What to Use

⚠ WARNING

Adding only plain water or some other liquid to the cooling system can be dangerous. Plain water and other liquids, can boil before the proper coolant mixture will. The vehicle's coolant warning system is set for the proper coolant mixture. With plain water or the wrong mixture, the engine could get too hot but you would not get the overheat warning. The engine could catch fire and you or others could be burned. Use a 50/50 mixture of clean, drinkable water and DEX-COOL coolant.

Use a 50/50 mixture of clean, drinkable water and DEX-COOL coolant. If using this mixture, nothing else needs to be added. This mixture:

- Gives freezing protection down to −37°C (−34°F), outside temperature.
- Gives boiling protection up to 129°C (265°F), engine temperature.
- Protects against rust and corrosion.
- Will not damage aluminum parts.
- Helps keep the proper engine temperature.

Notice: **If improper coolant mixture, inhibitors, or additives are used in the vehicle cooling system, the engine could overheat and be damaged. Too much water in the mixture can freeze and crack engine cooling parts. The repairs would not be covered by the warranty. Use only the proper mixture of engine coolant for the cooling system. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.**

Never dispose of engine coolant by putting it in the trash, pouring it on the ground, or into sewers, streams, or bodies of water. Have the coolant changed by an authorized service center, familiar with legal requirements regarding used coolant disposal. This will help protect the environment and your health.

Checking Coolant

The vehicle must be on a level surface when checking the coolant level.

Check to see if coolant is visible in the coolant surge tank. If the coolant inside the coolant surge tank is boiling, do not do anything else until it cools down. If coolant is visible but the coolant level is not at or above the FULL COLD mark, add a 50/50 mixture of clean, drinkable water and DEX-COOL coolant at the coolant recovery tank, but be sure

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the cooling system is cool before this is done. See *Cooling System (Engine) on page 10-24* or *Cooling System (Intercooler) on page 10-25*.

The engine coolant surge tank is toward the rear of the engine compartment on the driver side of the vehicle. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8*.

When the engine is cold, the coolant level should be at the FULL COLD mark on the coolant surge tank.

When the engine is hot, the level could be higher than the FULL COLD line. If the coolant is below the FULL COLD line when the engine is hot, there could be a leak in the cooling system.

If the coolant is low, add the coolant or take the vehicle to a dealer for service.

How to Add Coolant to the Coolant Surge Tank

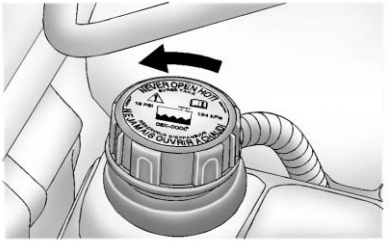
⚠ WARNING

You can be burned if you spill coolant on hot engine parts. Coolant contains ethylene glycol and it will burn if the engine parts are hot enough. Do not spill coolant on a hot engine.

⚠ WARNING

Steam and scalding liquids from a hot cooling system can blow out and burn you badly. Never turn the cap when the cooling system, including the surge tank pressure cap, is hot. Wait for the cooling system and surge tank pressure cap to cool.

If coolant is needed, add the proper DEX-COOL coolant mixture directly to the surge tank, but be sure the cooling system is cool before this is done.



1. When the cooling system, including the coolant surge tank pressure cap and upper radiator hose, is no longer hot, remove the pressure cap.

   Turn the pressure cap slowly counterclockwise about one-quarter turn and then stop.

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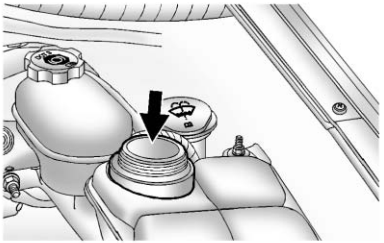
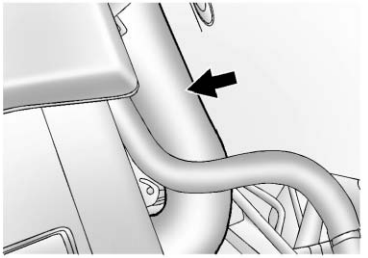
If a hiss is heard, wait for that to stop. A hiss means there is still some pressure left.

2. Keep turning the pressure cap slowly, and remove it.



3. Fill the coolant surge tank with the proper DEX-COOL coolant mixture until the level inside stabilizes at the FULL COLD mark on the front of the surge tank.



4. With the coolant surge tank pressure cap off, start the engine and let it run until the upper radiator hose can be felt getting hot. Any time during this procedure, watch out for the engine cooling fan.

   By this time, the coolant level inside the coolant surge tank may be lower. If the level is lower, add more of the proper mixture to the coolant surge tank until the level stabilizes at the FULL COLD mark on the coolant surge tank.

5. Replace the pressure cap tightly.

   Check the level in the surge tank when the system has cooled down. If the coolant is not at the proper level, repeat Steps 1−4, then reinstall the pressure cap. If the coolant is not at the proper level when the system cools down again, see the dealer.

Notice: **If the pressure cap is not tightly installed, coolant loss and possible engine damage may occur. Be sure the cap is properly and tightly secured.**

Engine Overheating

The vehicle has several indicators to warn of engine overheating.

There is an engine coolant temperature gauge on the instrument panel cluster. See *Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge on page 5-15*. The vehicle may also display a COOLANT OVER TEMPERATURE message on the

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Driver Information Center (DIC). See *Engine Cooling System Messages on page 5-37*.

If the decision is made not to lift the hood but to get service help right away. See *Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico) on page 13-7* or *Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-11*.

If the decision is made to lift the hood, make sure the vehicle is parked on a level surface.

Then check to see if the engine cooling fan is running. If the engine is overheating, the fan should be running. If it is not, do not continue to run the engine and have the vehicle serviced.

Notice: **Running the engine without coolant may cause damage or a fire. Vehicle damage would not be covered by the warranty. See *Overheated Engine Protection Operating Mode on page 10-30* for information on driving to a safe place in an emergency.**

If Steam is Coming from the Engine

⚠ WARNING

Steam from an overheated engine can burn you badly, even if you just open the hood. Stay away from the engine if you see or hear steam coming from it. Turn it off and get everyone away from the vehicle until it cools down. Wait until there is no sign of steam or coolant before you open the hood.

If you keep driving when the vehicles engine is overheated, the liquids in it can catch fire. You or others could be badly burned. Stop the engine if it overheats, and get out of the vehicle until the engine is cool.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

See *Overheated Engine Protection Operating Mode on page 10-30* for information on driving to a safe place in an emergency.

If No Steam is Coming from the Engine

If an engine overheat warning is displayed but no steam can be seen or heard, the problem may not be too serious. Sometimes the engine can get a little too hot when the vehicle:

- Climbs a long hill on a hot day
- Stops after high-speed driving
- Idles for long periods in traffic

If the overheat warning is displayed with no sign of steam:

1. Turn the air conditioning off.

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2. Turn the heater on to the highest temperature and to the highest fan speed. Open the windows as necessary.
3. If in a traffic jam, shift to N (Neutral) while stopped. If it is safe to do so, pull off the road, shift to P (Park) or N (Neutral) and let the engine idle.

If the temperature overheat gauge is no longer in the overheat zone or an overheat warning no longer displays, the vehicle can be driven. Continue to drive the vehicle slowly for about 10 minutes. Keep a safe vehicle distance from the vehicle in front. If the warning does not come back on, continue to drive normally.

If the warning continues, pull over, stop, and park the vehicle right away.

If there is no sign of steam, idle the engine for three minutes while parked. If the warning is still displayed, turn off the engine until it cools down. Also, see "Overheated Engine Protection Operating Mode" next in this section.

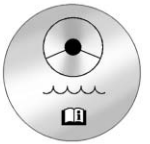
Overheated Engine Protection Operating Mode

This emergency operating mode lets the vehicle be driven to a safe place, up to 80 km (50 mi), in an emergency situation. If an overheated engine condition exists and the messages COOLANT OVER TEMPERATURE and REDUCED ENGINE POWER are displayed, along with the check engine light, an overheat protection mode which alternates firing groups of cylinders helps prevent engine damage. In this mode, there is a significant loss in power and engine performance.

Driving extended distances in the overheat protection mode should be avoided.

Notice: **After driving in the overheated engine protection operating mode, to avoid engine damage, allow the engine to cool before attempting any repair. The engine oil will be severely degraded. Repair the cause of coolant loss, change the oil and reset the oil life system. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.**

Power Steering Fluid



See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for reservoir location.

When to Check Power Steering Fluid

It is not necessary to regularly check power steering fluid unless there is a leak suspected in the system or an unusual noise is

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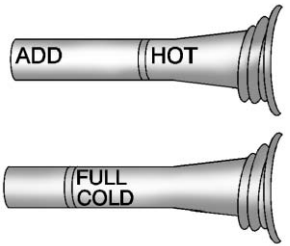
heard. A fluid loss in this system could indicate a problem. Have the system inspected and repaired.

How to Check Power Steering Fluid

To check the power steering fluid:

1. Turn the ignition off and let the engine compartment cool down.
2. Wipe the cap and the top of the reservoir clean.
3. Unscrew the cap and wipe the dipstick with a clean rag.
4. Replace the cap and completely tighten it.
5. Remove the cap again and look at the fluid level on the dipstick. There are markings on both sides of the dipstick.

The level should be at the FULL COLD mark. If necessary, add only enough fluid to bring the level up to the mark.



When the engine compartment is hot, the level should be at the HOT mark. When the engine compartment is cool, the level should be at the FULL COLD mark.

What to Use

To determine what kind of fluid to use, see *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*. Always use the proper fluid.

Notice: **Use of the incorrect fluid may damage the vehicle and the damages may not be covered by the vehicle's warranty. Always use the correct fluid listed in *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.**

Washer Fluid

What to Use

When the vehicle needs windshield washer fluid, be sure to read the manufacturer instructions before use. If the vehicle will be operating in an area where the temperature may fall below freezing, use a fluid that has sufficient protection against freezing.

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Adding Washer Fluid

Open the cap with the washer symbol on it. Add washer fluid until the tank is full. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for reservoir location.

Notice

- **When using concentrated washer fluid, follow the manufacturer instructions for adding water.**
- **Do not mix water with ready-to-use washer fluid. Water can cause the solution to freeze and damage the washer fluid tank and other parts of the washer system.**
- **Fill the washer fluid tank only three-quarters full when it is very cold. This allows for fluid expansion if freezing occurs, which could damage the tank if it is completely full.**
- **Do not use engine coolant (antifreeze) in the windshield washer. It can damage the windshield washer system and paint.**

Brakes

Brake Wear (Except Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)

This vehicle has disc brakes. Disc brake pads have built-in wear indicators that make a high-pitched warning sound when the brake pads are worn and new pads are needed. The sound can come and go or be heard all the time the vehicle is moving, except when applying the brake pedal firmly.

⚠ WARNING

The brake wear warning sound means that soon the brakes will not work well. That could lead to a crash. When the brake wear warning sound is heard, have the vehicle serviced.

Notice: **Continuing to drive with worn-out brake pads could result in costly brake repair.**

Some driving conditions or climates can cause a brake squeal when the brakes are first applied or lightly applied. This does not mean something is wrong with the brakes.

Brake linings should always be replaced as complete axle sets.

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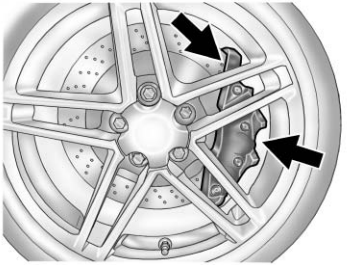
Brake Wear (Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible)

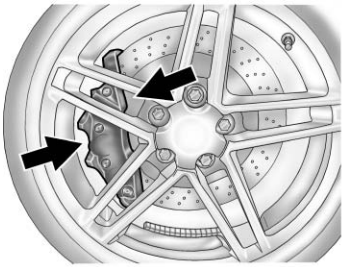
This vehicle does not have built-in brake pad wear indicators and periodic visual inspection of the brake pads is required to determine when to replace the brake pads.

Notice: **Continuing to drive with worn-out brake pads could result in costly brake repair.**

- Make sure that the brakes have been given sufficient time to cool and then set the park brake.



Rear



Front

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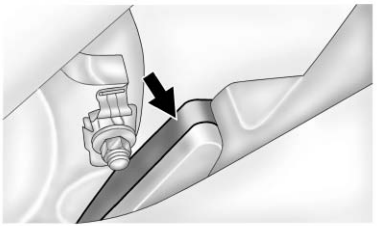
- Brake pads can be visually inspected through the wheel by inspecting the outer brake pads at each wheel.
- Brake pads should be replaced when worn to 2 mm of pad thickness. New pads are 10 mm thick.
- In addition, brake pad inspection is required any time the tires are removed.



The Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible models also have an

electronic brake pad wear sensor system. When pads are worn, the CHANGE BRAKE PADS message displays in the Driver Information Center. See *Brake System Messages on page 5-34*.

Some driving conditions or climates can cause a brake squeal when the brakes are first applied or lightly applied. This does not mean something is wrong with the brakes.

Brake linings should always be replaced as complete axle sets.

Brake Rotor Wear

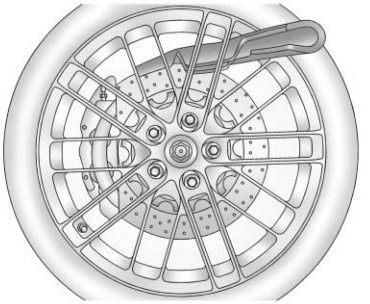
ZR1 and Z06 models may have, ceramic brake rotors. Rotors should be visually inspected whenever the brake pads are replaced. Rotors also need to be weighed before brake pads are replaced to confirm that the rotor mass is greater than the wear-out mass printed on the rotor. The rotor can be reused if the weight of the rotor is above the mass limit. Rotor inspection and weighing methods can be found in the service manual. See *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

Brake Rotor Protector

⚠ WARNING

Ceramic rotors will be very hot after operation and touching them may cause burns. Be sure brake system is completely cool prior to installation of protector, or coming in contact with them.

Notice: **Rotors may be chipped if hard contact is made with the wheel during wheel installation or removal. Always use the rotor protectors. Be sure to carefully follow wheel removal and installation instructions.**



A rotor protector should always be installed before any wheel removal. The protector can be installed by

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feeding it through the wheel spokes and slipping it over the outer edge of the rotor. Leave the protector in place, over the rotor edge, until the wheel is re-installed. Rotor protectors are available through your dealer.

Brake Pedal Travel

See your dealer if the brake pedal does not return to normal height, or if there is a rapid increase in pedal travel. This could be a sign that brake service might be required.

Brake Adjustment

Every brake stop, the disc brakes automatically adjust for wear.

Replacing Brake System Parts

The braking system on a vehicle is complex. Its many parts have to be of top quality and work well together if the vehicle is to have really good braking. The vehicle was designed and tested with top-quality brake parts. When parts of the braking system are replaced — for example, when the brake linings wear down and new ones are installed — be sure to get new approved replacement parts. If this is not done, the brakes might not work properly. For example, if someone puts in brake linings that are wrong for the vehicle, the balance between the front and rear brakes can change — for the worse. The braking performance expected can change in many other ways if the wrong replacement brake parts are installed.

Brake Fluid

The brake master cylinder reservoir is filled with DOT 3 brake fluid. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for the location of the reservoir.

There are only two reasons why the brake fluid level in the reservoir might go down:

- The brake fluid level goes down because of normal brake lining wear. When new linings are installed, the fluid level goes back up.
- A fluid leak in the brake hydraulic system can also cause a low fluid level. Have the brake hydraulic system fixed, since a leak means that sooner or later the brakes will not work well.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Do not top off the brake fluid. Adding fluid does not correct a leak. If fluid is added when the linings are worn, there will be too much fluid when new brake linings are installed. Add or remove brake fluid, as necessary, only when work is done on the brake hydraulic system.

⚠ WARNING

If too much brake fluid is added, it can spill on the engine and burn, if the engine is hot enough. You or others could be burned, and the vehicle could be damaged. Add brake fluid only when work is done on the brake hydraulic system. See “Checking Brake Fluid” in this section.

Refer to the Maintenance Schedule to determine when to check the brake fluid. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3*.

Checking Brake Fluid

Check brake fluid by looking at the brake fluid reservoir. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8*.

The fluid level should be above the MIN mark on the reservoir. If it is not, have the brake hydraulic system checked to see if there is a leak.

After work is done on the brake hydraulic system, make sure the level is between the MIN and MAX marks.

What to Add

Use only new DOT 3 brake fluid from a sealed container. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.

Always clean the brake fluid reservoir cap and the area around the cap before removing it. This helps keep dirt from entering the reservoir.

⚠ WARNING

With the wrong kind of fluid in the brake hydraulic system, the brakes might not work well. This could cause a crash. Always use the proper brake fluid.

Notice

- **Using the wrong fluid can badly damage brake hydraulic system parts. For example, just a few drops of mineral-based oil, such as engine oil, in the brake hydraulic system can damage brake hydraulic system parts so badly that they will have to be replaced. Do not let someone put in the wrong kind of fluid.**

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- **If brake fluid is spilled on the vehicle's painted surfaces, the paint finish can be damaged. Be careful not to spill brake fluid on the vehicle. If you do, wash it off immediately.**

Battery

Refer to the replacement number on the original battery label when a new battery is needed.

For battery replacement, see your dealer or the service manual. To purchase a service manual, see *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

⚠ WARNING

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Vehicle Storage

⚠ WARNING

Batteries have acid that can burn you and gas that can explode. You can be badly hurt if you are not careful. See *Jump Starting on page 10-75* for tips on working around a battery without getting hurt.

Some vehicles have a battery maintainer package. Follow the instructions provided with the battery maintainer package to keep the battery charged when the vehicle is not in use. For vehicles without a battery maintainer, see the following information.

Infrequent Usage: Remove the black, negative (−) cable from the battery to keep the battery from running down.

See “Power Window Initialization” in *Power Windows on page 2-16*.

Extended Storage: Remove the black, negative (−) cable from the battery or use a battery trickle charger.

Rear Axle

When to Check Lubricant

It is not necessary to regularly check rear axle fluid unless a leak is suspected or an unusual noise is heard. A fluid loss could indicate a problem. Have it inspected and repaired.

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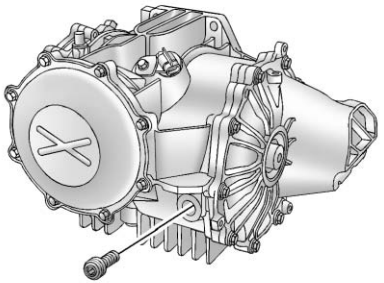
How to Check Lubricant



To get an accurate reading, the vehicle should be on a level surface.

If the level is below the bottom of the fill plug hole, some lubricant will need to be added. Add enough lubricant to raise the level to the bottom of the fill plug hole.

What to Use

To add lubricant when the level is low or to completely refill after draining, see *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*. Then fill to the bottom of the fill plug hole with the required lubricant.

Starter Switch Check

⚠ WARNING

When you are doing this inspection, the vehicle could move suddenly. If the vehicle moves, you or others could be injured.

1. Before starting this check, be sure there is enough room around the vehicle.
2. Firmly apply both the parking brake and the regular brake. See *Parking Brake on page 9-32*.

   Do not use the accelerator pedal, and be ready to turn off the engine immediately if it starts.
3. For automatic transmission vehicles, try to start the engine in each gear. The vehicle should start only in P (Park) or N (Neutral). If the vehicle starts in any other position, contact your dealer for service.

   For manual transmission vehicles, put the shift lever in Neutral, push the clutch pedal down halfway, and try to start the engine. The vehicle should start only when the clutch pedal is pushed down all the way to the floor. If the vehicle starts when the clutch pedal is not pushed all the way down, contact your dealer for service.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Automatic Transmission Shift Lock Control Function Check

⚠ WARNING

When you are doing this inspection, the vehicle could move suddenly. If the vehicle moves, you or others could be injured.

1. Before starting this check, be sure there is enough room around the vehicle. It should be parked on a level surface.
2. Firmly apply the parking brake. See *Parking Brake on page 9-32*.

   Be ready to apply the regular brake immediately if the vehicle begins to move.
3. With the engine off, turn the ignition on, but do not start the engine. Without applying the regular brake, try to move the shift lever out of P (Park) with normal effort. If the shift lever moves out of P (Park), contact your dealer for service.

Park Brake and P (Park) Mechanism Check

⚠ WARNING

When you are doing this check, the vehicle could begin to move. You or others could be injured and property could be damaged. Make sure there is room in front of the vehicle in case it begins to roll. Be ready to apply the regular brake at once should the vehicle begin to move.

Park on a fairly steep hill, with the vehicle facing downhill. Keeping your foot on the regular brake, set the parking brake.

- To check the parking brake's holding ability: With the engine running and the transmission in N (Neutral), slowly remove foot pressure from the regular brake pedal. Do this until the vehicle is held by the parking brake only.
- To check the P (Park) mechanism's holding ability: With the engine running, shift to P (Park). Then release the parking brake followed by the regular brake.

Contact your dealer if service is required.

Wiper Blade Replacement

Windshield wiper blades should be inspected for wear or cracking. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3* for more information.

Replacement blades come in different types and are removed in different ways. For proper windshield wiper blade length and type, see *Maintenance Replacement Parts on page 11-14*.

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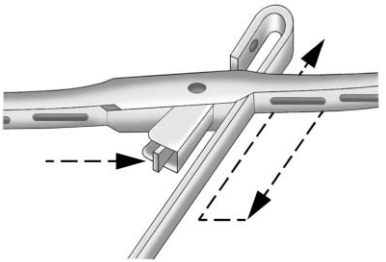
Notice: **Allowing the wiper arm to touch the windshield when no wiper blade is installed could damage the windshield. Any damage that occurs would not be covered by your warranty. Do not allow the wiper arm to touch the windshield.**

To replace the windshield wiper blade:

1. Pull the wiper assembly away from the windshield.



2. Lift up on the plastic latch in the middle of the wiper blade where the wiper arm attaches.
3. With the latch open, pull the wiper blade down toward the windshield far enough to release it from the J-hooked end of the wiper arm.
4. Remove the wiper blade.

   Allowing the wiper blade arm to touch the windshield when no wiper blade is installed could damage the windshield. Any damage that occurs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not allow the wiper blade to touch the windshield.
5. Reverse Steps 1 through 3 for wiper blade replacement.

Windshield Replacement

For vehicles equipped with the Head-Up Display (HUD), the windshield is part of the HUD system. If the vehicle has to have the windshield replaced, get one that is designed for HUD or the HUD image may look out of focus.

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Headlamp Aiming

Headlamp aim has been preset and should need no further adjustment.

If the vehicle is damaged in a crash, the headlamp aim may be affected. If adjustment to the headlamps is necessary, see your dealer.

Bulb Replacement

For the proper type of replacement bulbs, see *Replacement Bulbs on page 10-44*.

For any bulb-changing procedure not listed in this section, contact your dealer.

Halogen Bulbs

⚠ WARNING

Halogen bulbs have pressurized gas inside and can burst if you drop or scratch the bulb. You or others could be injured. Be sure to read and follow the instructions on the bulb package.

High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lighting

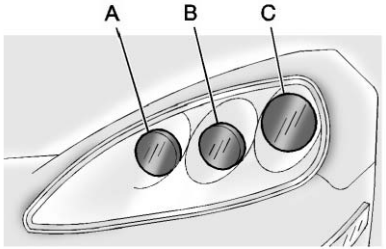
⚠ WARNING

The low beam high intensity discharge lighting system operates at a very high voltage. If you try to service any of the system components, you could be seriously injured. Have your dealer or a qualified technician service them.

The vehicle may have HID headlamps. After an HID headlamp bulb has been replaced, you may notice that the beam is a slightly different shade than it was originally. This is normal.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Headlamps, Front Turn Signal and Parking Lamps



A. High-beam Headlamp

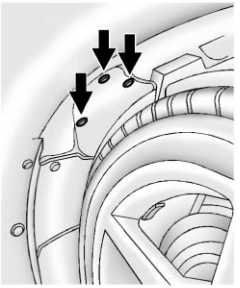
B. Low-beam Headlamp

C. Front Parking/Turn Signal

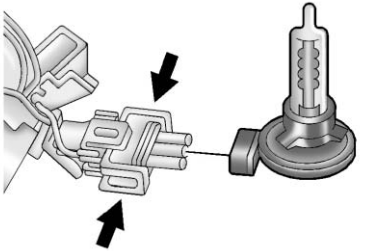
If the low-beam headlamp needs to be replaced, see your dealer. See *High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lighting on page 10-41* for more information.

To replace a high-beam or front parking/turn signal bulb:

1. Turn the wheel to allow access to the wheel well.



2. Remove the three outer fasteners to move the access panel back.
3. Remove the outer cover to expose the high-beam headlamp bulb socket.



4. Remove the headlamp bulb by releasing the outer tabs from the socket.
5. Remove the front parking/turn signal bulb by turning the bulb socket counterclockwise.
6. Replace the high-beam headlamp bulb with a new bulb and reattach to the bulb socket.

   Replace the front parking/turn signal bulb by turning the bulb socket clockwise.
7. Reverse the Steps 2 through 4 to reinstall.

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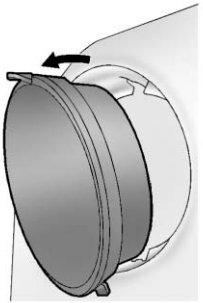
Taillamps, Turn Signal, and Stoplamps

To replace a stoplamp, taillamp/turn signal bulb:

1. Remove the screw from the top of the lamp assembly.



2. Tilt the lamp assembly toward you.
3. Turn the bulb socket one-quarter turn counterclockwise and pull it out.
4. Pull the bulb straight out to remove it from the socket.
5. Push the new bulb in the bulb socket until it snaps into place.
6. Reinstall the lamp assembly by first lining up the tabs on the bottom of the lamp assembly with the tabs in the vehicle, then slide it in.
7. Replace the screw at the top of the lamp assembly.

Back-Up Lamps

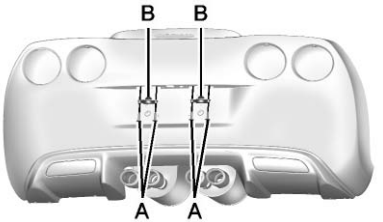
⚠ WARNING

Exhaust system parts can be very hot. Do not touch them. If you do, you can be burned.

1. Reach under the rear fascia and locate the back-up lamp assembly.
2. Remove the bulb socket by turning counterclockwise and pulling straight out of the lamp assembly.
3. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
4. Install the new bulb in the bulb socket.
5. Install the bulb socket by turning clockwise.

License Plate Lamp

To replace one of these bulbs:



1. Remove the two screws (A) from the license plate lamp assembly (B).
2. Pull the lamp assembly down and turn the bulb socket counterclockwise and out of the lamp assembly.
3. Pull the old bulb straight out of the socket.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

4. Install the new bulb.
5. Reverse Steps 1–3 to reinstall the license plate lamp assembly.

Replacement Bulbs

Exterior Lamp	Bulb Number
Back-Up Lamp	3157K
Front Parking/Turn Signal	5702KA
Headlamp, High-Beam Lamp	H9
License Plate Lamp	194
Stoplamp/Taillamp/ Turn Signal Lamp	3057K

For replacement bulbs not listed here, contact your dealer.

Electrical System

Electrical System Overload

The vehicle has fuses and circuit breakers to protect against an electrical system overload.

When the current electrical load is too heavy, the circuit breaker opens and closes, protecting the circuit until the current load returns to normal or the problem is fixed. This greatly reduces the chance of circuit overload and fire caused by electrical problems.

Fuses and circuit breakers protect power devices in the vehicle.

Replace a bad fuse with a new one of the identical size and rating.

If there is a problem on the road and a fuse needs to be replaced, the same amperage fuse can be borrowed. Choose some feature of the vehicle that is not needed to use and replace it as soon as possible.

Headlamp Wiring

An electrical overload may cause the lamps to go on and off, or in some cases to remain off. Have the headlamp wiring checked right away if the lamps go on and off or remain off.

Windshield Wipers

If the wiper motor overheats due to heavy snow or ice, the windshield wipers will stop until the motor cools and will then restart.

Although the circuit is protected from electrical overload, overload due to heavy snow or ice may cause wiper linkage damage. Always clear ice and heavy snow from the windshield before using the windshield wipers.

If the overload is caused by an electrical problem and not snow or ice, be sure to get it fixed.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Fuses and Circuit Breakers

The wiring circuits in the vehicle are protected from short circuits by a combination of J-Case fuses, mini-fuses and circuit breakers. This greatly reduces the chance of fires caused by electrical problems.

Look at the silver-colored band inside the fuse. If the band is broken or melted, replace the fuse. Be sure you replace a bad fuse with a new one of the identical size and rating.

If you ever have a problem on the road and do not have a spare fuse, you can borrow one that has the same amperage. Just pick some feature of the vehicle that you can get along without — like the radio or cigarette lighter — and use its fuse, if it is the correct amperage. Replace it as soon as you can.

Vehicles with the ZR1 package have an intercooler relay located on the fan shroud. See your dealer.

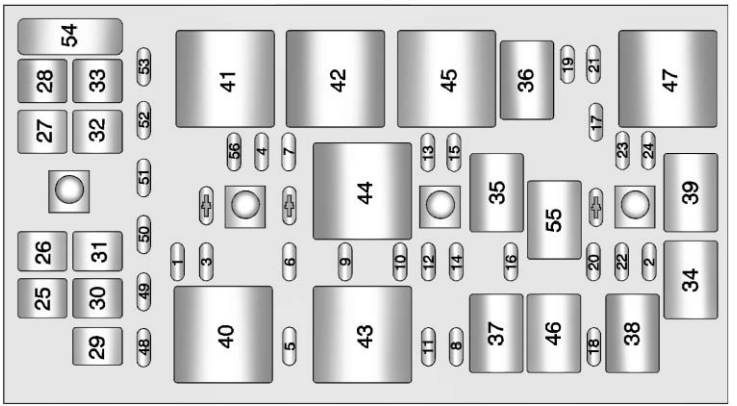
Vehicles with the ZR1 package also have a fuel system mini-fuse. It is located near the battery in the battery storage compartment in the rear of the vehicle.

Engine Compartment Fuse Block

There is one fuse block in the engine compartment located on the passenger side of the vehicle. See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for more information on location.

Notice: **Spilling liquid on any electrical component on the vehicle may damage it. Always keep the covers on any electrical component.**

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS



For ZR1 models, the Fuel System fuse is located at the battery.

The vehicle may not be equipped with all of the fuses, relays, and features shown.

Fuse	Usage
1	Transmission Control Module/ Transmission
2	Horn, Alternator Sense

Fuse	Usage
3	Antilock Brake System (ABS)/Real Time Damping
4	Wiper
5	Stoplamps/ Back-Up Lamps
6	Oxygen Sensor
7	Battery Main 5
8	Parking Lamps
9	Powertrain Relay Input/Electronic Throttle Control
10	Manual Transmission Solenoids
11	Antilock Brake System
12	Odd Numbered Fuel Injectors
13	Electronic Suspension Control (Option)

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Fuse	Usage
14	Canister Purge Solenoid, Mass Air Flow Sensor
15	Air Conditioner Compressor
16	Even Numbered Fuel Injectors
17	Windshield Washer
18	Headlamp Washer
19	Passenger Side Low-Beam Headlamp
20	Fuel Pump (except ZR1)
21	Driver Side Low-Beam Headlamp
22	Front Fog Lamp
23	Passenger Side High-Beam Headlamp

Fuse	Usage
24	Driver Side High-Beam Headlamp
56	Engine Control Module (ECM)/ Transmission Control Module (TCM)/ Easy Key Module

J-Style Fuses	Usage
25	Cooling Fan
26	Battery Main 3
27	Antilock Brake System
28	Heating/Ventilation/ Air Conditioning Blower
29	Battery Main 2
30	Starter
31	Audio Amplifier

J-Style Fuses	Usage
32	Intercooler Pump
33	Battery Main 1

Micro-Relays	Usage
34	Horn
35	Air Conditioning Compressor
36	Windshield Washer
37	Parking Lamps, Fog Lamps
38	Front Fog Lamp
39	High-Beam Headlamp
46	Headlamp Washer
55	Fuel Pump (except ZR1)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Mini-Relays	Usage
40	Rear Defog
41	Windshield Wiper High/Low
42	Windshield Wiper Run/Accessory
43	Crank
44	Powertrain Ignition 1
45	Windshield Wiper On/Off
47	Low-Beam Headlamp

Spare Fuses	Usage
48	Spare
49	Spare
50	Spare
51	Spare
52	Spare
53	Spare

Spare Fuses	Usage
54	Fuse Puller

Diodes	Usage
	Diode 1
	Wiper
	Diode 2

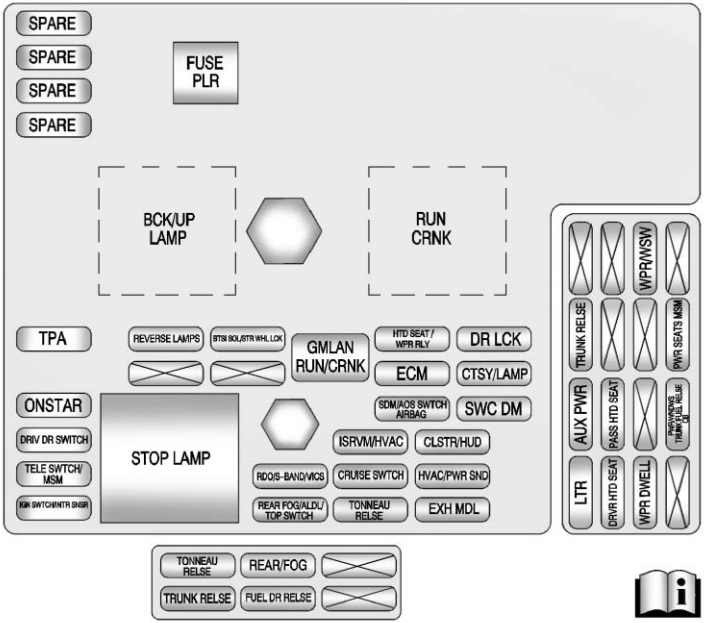
Instrument Panel Fuse Block

The instrument panel fuse block is located on the passenger side of the vehicle, under the instrument panel and under the toe-board.

Remove the carpet and toe-board covering to access the fuse block by pulling at the top of each corner of the panel. Open the fuse block cover to access the fuses.

You can remove fuses using the fuse puller.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS



The vehicle may not be equipped with all of the fuses, relays, and features shown.

Fuses	Usage
BCK/ UP LAMP	Back-up Lamps
BLANK	Not Used
BLANK	Not Used
BTSI SOL/ STR WHL LCK	Brake Transmission Shift Interlock, Steering Wheel Column Lock
CLSTR/HUD	Cluster, Head-Up Display
CRUISE SWTCH	Cruise Control Switch
CTSY/LAMP	Courtesy Lamp
DR LCK	Door Locks
DRIV DR SWITCH	Driver Door Switch
ECM	Engine Control Module (ECM)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Fuses	Usage
EXH MDL	Exhaust Module (Z06 & ZR1), Spare (Coupe and Convertible)
FUSE PLR	Fuse Puller
GM LAN RUN/CRNK	GM LAN Devices
HTD SEAT/ WPR RLY	Heated Seat, Wiper Relays
HVAC/ PWR SND	Heating Ventilation/ Air Conditioning, Power Sounder
IGN SWTCH/ INTR SNSR	Ignition Switch, Intrusion Sensor
ISRVM/HVAC	Electric Inside Rearview Mirror, Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning
ONSTAR	OnStar (if equipped)

Fuses	Usage
RDO/ S-BAND	Radio, S-Band
REAR FOG/ ALDL/TOP SWTCH	Rear Fog Lamp, Assembly Line Diagnostic Link Connector, Convertible Top Switch
REVERSE LAMPS	Reverse Lamps
RUN CRNK	Run/Crank Relay
SDM/AOS SWTCH AIRBAG	Sensing and Diagnostic Module, Automatic Occupant Sensing Module, Airbag
SPARE	Spare
SPARE	Spare
SPARE	Spare
SPARE	Spare
STOP LAMP	Stop Lamp

Fuses	Usage
SWC DM	Steering Wheel Dimming
TELE SWTCH/ MSM	Telescope Switch, Memory Seat Module
TONNEAU RELSE	Tonneau Release
TPA	Tonneau Pulldown Actuator

Fuses	Usage
BLANK	Blank
BLANK	Blank
FUEL DR RELSE	Fuel Door Release
REAR/FOG	Rear Fog Lamps
TONNEAU RELSE	Tonneau Release
TRUNK RELSE	Trunk Release

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Fuses	Usage
AUX PWR	Auxiliary Power
BLANK	Not Used
BLANK	Not Used
BLANK	Not Used
BLANK	Not Used
BLANK	Not Used
BLANK	Not Used
BLANK	Not Used
DRVR HTD SEAT	Driver Heated Seat
LTR	Cigarette Lighter
PASS HTD SEAT	Passenger Heated Seat
PWR SEATS MSM	Power Seats, Memory Seat Module
PWR/ WNDWS/ TRUNK/ FUEL RELSE CB	Power Windows, Trunk, Fuel Door Release Circuit Breaker
TRUNK RELSE	Trunk Release
WPR DWELL	Wiper Dwell
WPR/WSW	Windshield Wiper/ Washer

Wheels and Tires

Tires

Every new GM vehicle has high-quality tires made by a leading tire manufacturer. See the warranty manual for information regarding the tire warranty and where to get service. For additional information refer to the tire manufacturer.

⚠ WARNING

- Poorly maintained and improperly used tires are dangerous.
- Overloading the tires can cause overheating as a result of too much flexing. There could be a blowout and a serious crash. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

- Underinflated tires pose the same danger as overloaded tires. The resulting crash could cause serious injury. Check all tires frequently to maintain the recommended pressure. Tire pressure should be checked when the tires are cold.
- Overinflated tires are more likely to be cut, punctured, or broken by a sudden impact — such as when hitting a pothole. Keep tires at the recommended pressure.
- Worn or old tires can cause a crash. If the tread is badly worn, replace them.
- Replace any tires that have been damaged by impacts with potholes, curbs, etc.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

- Improperly repaired tires can cause a crash. Only the dealer or an authorized tire service center should repair, replace, dismount, and mount the tires.
- Do not spin the tires in excess of 56 km/h (35 mph) on slippery surfaces such as snow, mud, ice, etc. Excessive spinning may cause the tires to explode.

See *Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation on page 10-61* for inflation pressure adjustment for high-speed driving.

Winter Tires

This vehicle was not, originally, equipped with winter tires. Winter tires are designed for increased traction on snow and ice-covered roads. Consider installing winter tires on the vehicle if frequent driving on snow or ice-covered roads is expected. See your dealer for details regarding winter tire availability and proper tire selection. Also, see *Buying New Tires on page 10-68*.

With winter tires, there may be decreased dry road traction, increased road noise, and shorter tread life. After changing to winter tires, be alert for changes in vehicle handling and braking.

If using winter tires:

- Use tires of the same brand and tread type on all four wheel positions.

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- Use only radial ply tires of the same size, load range, and speed rating as the original equipment tires.

Winter tires with the same speed rating as the original equipment tires may not be available for H, V, W, Y, and ZR speed rated tires. If winter tires with a lower speed rating are chosen, never exceed the tire's maximum speed capability.

Run-Flat Tires

This vehicle, when new, had run-flat tires. There is no spare tire, no tire changing equipment, and no place to store a tire in the vehicle.

The vehicle also has a Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS) that indicates a loss of tire pressure in any of the tires.

⚠ WARNING

If the low tire warning light displays on the instrument panel cluster, the handling capabilities will be reduced during severe maneuvers. Driving too fast could cause loss of control and you or others could be injured. Do not drive over 90 km/h (55 mph) when the low tire warning light is displayed. Drive cautiously and check the tire pressures as soon as possible.

If a tire goes flat, there is no need to stop on the side of the road to change the tire. Continue driving, however, do not drive too far or too fast. Driving on the tire may not be possible if there is permanent damage. The tire can be driven with no air pressure for up to 105 km (65 miles) at speeds slower than 90 km/h (55 mph). The shorter the distance and the slower the speed, the greater the chance the tire will not have to be replaced. As soon as possible, contact the nearest authorized GM or run-flat servicing facility for inspection and repair or replacement. When driving on a deflated run-flat tire, avoid potholes and other road hazards that could damage the tire and/or wheel beyond repair. When a tire has been damaged, or if driven any distance on a deflated run-flat tire, check with an authorized run-flat tire service center to determine whether the tire can be repaired or should be replaced. To maintain the run-flat feature, all replacement tires must be run-flat tires.

To locate the nearest GM or run-flat servicing facility, call Roadside Assistance. See *Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico) on page 13-7* or *Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-11* for details.

The valve stems on run-flat tires have sensors that are part of the TPMS. See *Tire Pressure Monitor System on page 10-62*. These

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sensors contain batteries that are designed to last for 10 years under normal driving conditions. See your dealer for wheel or sensor replacement.

Notice: **Using liquid sealants can damage the tire valves and tire pressure monitor sensors in the run-flat tires. This damage is not covered by the vehicle warranty. Do not use liquid sealants in run-flat tires.**

Low-Profile Tires

Low-Profile Performance Tire

The original equipment tires on this vehicle are classified as low-profile performance tires. These tires are designed for very responsive driving on wet or dry pavement, however, may produce more road noise and tend to wear faster.

Notice: **Low-profile tires are more susceptible to damage from road hazards or curb impact than standard profile tires. Tire and/or wheel assembly damage can occur when coming into contact with road hazards like, potholes, or sharp edged objects, or when sliding into a curb. The warranty does not cover this type of damage. Keep tires set to the correct inflation pressure and, when possible, avoid contact with curbs, potholes, and other road hazards.**

Sport Cup Tires

This vehicle may come with Michelin Pilot Sport Cup competition oriented tires that are DOT approved for street use. These tires are included on the Z06 model with the Z07 Performance Package and on the ZR1 model with the PDE High Performance Package. Sport Cup tires use a special tread and compound that provide more grip than normal road tires. The minimum tread depth will be reached earlier than typical tires, resulting in reduced tire life. This special tread and compound will decrease performance in cold climates, heavy rain, and standing water.

⚠ WARNING

Driving on wet roads, in heavy rain, or through standing water with Sport Cup tires may cause

(Continued)

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

WARNING (Continued)

hydroplaning and loss of control. Use extreme caution and drive slowly on wet roads.

⚠ WARNING

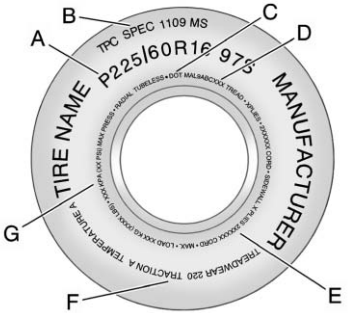
Driving with Sport Cup tires on snow, ice, or cold road surfaces can cause loss of control or an accident. Sport Cup tires are a summer season tires and are not intended to be driven on snow, ice, or road surfaces below 10° C (50° F). Do not drive a vehicle with Sport Cup tires in these conditions.

Summer Tires

This vehicle may come with high performance summer tires. These tires have a special tread and compound that are optimized for maximum dry and wet road performance. This special tread and compound will decrease performance in cold climates, and on ice and snow. We recommend installing winter tires on the vehicle if frequent driving in cold temperatures or on snow or ice covered roads is expected. See *Winter Tires on page 10-52*.

Tire Sidewall Labeling

Useful information about a tire is molded into its sidewall. The examples show a typical passenger tire sidewall.



Passenger (P-Metric) Tire Example

(A) Tire Size: The tire size is a combination of letters and numbers used to define a particular tire's width, height, aspect ratio, construction type, and service description. See the “Tire Size” illustration later in this section for more detail.

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(B) TPC Spec (Tire Performance Criteria Specification): Original equipment tires designed to GM's specific tire performance criteria have a TPC specification code molded onto the sidewall. GM's TPC specifications meet or exceed all federal safety guidelines.

(C) DOT (Department of Transportation): The Department of Transportation (DOT) code indicates that the tire is in compliance with the U.S. Department of Transportation Motor Vehicle Safety Standards.

DOT Tire Date of Manufacture: The last four digits of the TIN indicate the tire manufactured date. The first two digits represent the week (01-52) and the last two digits, the year. For example, the third week of the year 2010 would have a four-digit DOT date of 0310.

(D) Tire Identification Number (TIN): The letters and numbers following the DOT code are the Tire Identification Number (TIN). The TIN shows the manufacturer and plant code, tire size, and date the tire was manufactured. The TIN is molded onto both sides of the tire, although only one side may have the date of manufacture.

(E) Tire Ply Material: The type of cord and number of plies in the sidewall and under the tread.

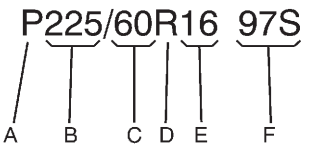
(F) Uniform Tire Quality Grading (UTQG): Tire manufacturers are required to grade tires based on three performance factors: treadwear, traction, and temperature resistance. For more information see *Uniform Tire Quality Grading on page 10-70*.

(G) Maximum Cold Inflation Load Limit: Maximum load that can be carried and the maximum pressure needed to support that load.

Tire Designations

Tire Size

The following is an example of a typical passenger vehicle tire size.



(A) Passenger (P-Metric) Tire: The United States version of a metric tire sizing system. The letter P as the first character in

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

the tire size means a passenger vehicle tire engineered to standards set by the U.S. Tire and Rim Association.

(B) Tire Width: The three-digit number indicates the tire section width in millimeters from sidewall to sidewall.

(C) Aspect Ratio: A two-digit number that indicates the tire height-to-width measurements. For example, if the tire size aspect ratio is 60, as shown in item C of the illustration, it would mean that the tire's sidewall is 60 percent as high as it is wide.

(D) Construction Code: A letter code is used to indicate the type of ply construction in the tire. The letter R means radial ply construction; the letter D means diagonal or bias ply construction; and the letter B means belted-bias ply construction.

(E) Rim Diameter: Diameter of the wheel in inches.

(F) Service Description: These characters represent the load index and speed rating of the tire. The load index represents the load carrying capacity a tire is certified to carry. The speed rating is the maximum speed a tire is certified to carry a load.

Tire Terminology and Definitions

Air Pressure: The amount of air inside the tire pressing outward on each square inch of the tire. Air pressure is expressed in kPa (kilopascal) or psi (pounds per square inch).

Accessory Weight: The combined weight of optional accessories. Some examples of optional accessories are automatic transmission, power steering, power brakes, power windows, power seats, and air conditioning.

Aspect Ratio: The relationship of a tire's height to its width.

Belt: A rubber coated layer of cords between the plies and the tread. Cords may be made from steel or other reinforcing materials.

Bead: The tire bead contains steel wires wrapped by steel cords that hold the tire onto the rim.

Bias Ply Tire: A pneumatic tire in which the plies are laid at alternate angles less than 90 degrees to the centerline of the tread.

Cold Tire Pressure: The amount of air pressure in a tire, measured in kPa (kilopascal) or psi (pounds per square inch)

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before a tire has built up heat from driving. See *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*.

Curb Weight: The weight of a motor vehicle with standard and optional equipment including the maximum capacity of fuel, oil, and coolant, but without passengers and cargo.

DOT Markings: A code molded into the sidewall of a tire signifying that the tire is in compliance with the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. The DOT code includes the Tire Identification Number (TIN), an alphanumeric designator which can also identify the tire manufacturer, production plant, brand, and date of production.

GVWR: Gross Vehicle Weight Rating. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

GAWR FRT: Gross Axle Weight Rating for the front axle. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

GAWR RR: Gross Axle Weight Rating for the rear axle. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

Intended Outboard Sidewall: The side of an asymmetrical tire, that must always face outward when mounted on a vehicle.

Kilopascal (kPa): The metric unit for air pressure.

Light Truck (LT-Metric) Tire: A tire used on light duty trucks and some multipurpose passenger vehicles.

Load Index: An assigned number ranging from 1 to 279 that corresponds to the load carrying capacity of a tire.

Maximum Inflation Pressure: The maximum air pressure to which a cold tire can be inflated. The maximum air pressure is molded onto the sidewall.

Maximum Load Rating: The load rating for a tire at the maximum permissible inflation pressure for that tire.

Maximum Loaded Vehicle Weight: The sum of curb weight, accessory weight, vehicle capacity weight, and production options weight.

Normal Occupant Weight: The number of occupants a vehicle is designed to seat multiplied by 68 kg (150 lbs). See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

Occupant Distribution: Designated seating positions.

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Outward Facing Sidewall: The side of an asymmetrical tire that has a particular side that faces outward when mounted on a vehicle. The side of the tire that contains a whitewall, bears white lettering, or bears manufacturer, brand, and/or model name molding that is higher or deeper than the same moldings on the other sidewall of the tire.

Passenger (P-Metric) Tire: A tire used on passenger cars and some light duty trucks and multipurpose vehicles.

Recommended Inflation Pressure: Vehicle manufacturer's recommended tire inflation pressure as shown on the tire placard. See *Tire Pressure on page 10-60* and *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

Radial Ply Tire: A pneumatic tire in which the ply cords that extend to the beads are laid at 90 degrees to the centerline of the tread.

Rim: A metal support for a tire and upon which the tire beads are seated.

Sidewall: The portion of a tire between the tread and the bead.

Speed Rating: An alphanumeric code assigned to a tire indicating the maximum speed at which a tire can operate.

Traction: The friction between the tire and the road surface. The amount of grip provided.

Tread: The portion of a tire that comes into contact with the road.

Treadwear Indicators: Narrow bands, sometimes called wear bars, that show across the tread of a tire when only 1.6 mm (1/16 in) of tread remains. See *When It Is Time for New Tires on page 10-67*.

UTQGS (Uniform Tire Quality Grading Standards): A tire information system that provides consumers with ratings for a tire's traction, temperature, and treadwear. Ratings are determined by tire manufacturers using government testing procedures. The ratings are molded into the sidewall of the tire. See *Uniform Tire Quality Grading on page 10-70*.

Vehicle Capacity Weight: The number of designated seating positions multiplied by 68 kg (150 lbs) plus the rated cargo load. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

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Vehicle Maximum Load on the Tire: Load on an individual tire due to curb weight, accessory weight, occupant weight, and cargo weight.

Vehicle Placard: A label permanently attached to a vehicle showing the vehicle capacity weight and the original equipment tire size and recommended inflation pressure. See “Tire and Loading Information Label” under *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

Tire Pressure

Tires need the correct amount of air pressure to operate effectively.

Notice: **Neither tire underinflation nor overinflation is good. Underinflated tires, or tires that do not have enough air, can result in:**

- **Tire overloading and overheating which could lead to a blowout.**
- **Premature or irregular wear.**
- **Poor handling.**
- **Reduced fuel economy.**

Overinflated tires, or tires that have too much air, can result in:

- **Unusual wear.**
- **Poor handling.**
- **Rough ride.**
- **Needless damage from road hazards.**

The Tire and Loading Information label on the vehicle indicates the original equipment tires and the correct cold tire inflation pressures. The recommended pressure is the minimum air pressure needed to support the vehicle's maximum load carrying capacity.

For additional information regarding how much weight the vehicle can carry, and an example of the Tire and Loading Information label, see *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*. How the vehicle is loaded affects vehicle handling and ride comfort. Never load the vehicle with more weight than it was designed to carry.

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When to Check

Check the tires once a month or more.

How to Check

Use a good quality pocket-type gauge to check the tire pressure. Proper tire inflation cannot be determined by looking at the tire. Check the tire inflation pressure when the tires are cold, meaning the vehicle has not been driven for at least three hours or no more than 1.6 km (1 mi).

Remove the valve cap from the tire valve stem. Press the tire gauge firmly onto the valve to get the pressure measurement. If the cold tire inflation pressure matches the recommended pressure on the Tire and Loading Information label, no further adjustment is necessary.

If the inflation pressure is low, add air until the recommended pressure is reached. If the inflation pressure in high, press on the metal stem in the center of the tire valve to release air. Re-check the tire pressure with the tire gauge.

Return the valve caps on the valve stems to keep out dirt and moisture and prevent leaks.

Tire Pressure for High-Speed Operation

⚠ WARNING

Driving at high speeds, 160 km/h (100 mph) or higher, puts an additional strain on tires. Sustained high-speed driving causes excessive heat buildup and can cause sudden tire failure. You could have a crash and you

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

or others could be killed. Some high-speed rated tires require inflation pressure adjustment for high-speed operation. When speed limits and road conditions are such that a vehicle can be driven at high speeds, make sure the tires are rated for high-speed operation, in excellent condition, and set to the correct cold tire inflation pressure for the vehicle load.

The tires require inflation pressure adjustment when driving the vehicle at speeds of 282 km/h (175 mph) or higher, where it is legal. Set the cold inflation pressure to the maximum inflation pressure shown on the tire sidewall, or 265 kPa (38 psi), whichever is lower. See the example following. Return the tires to the recommended cold tire

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inflation pressure when high-speed driving has ended. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

Example:

The maximum load and inflation pressure molded on the tire sidewall, in small letters, near the rim flange. It will read something like this: Maximum load
690 kg (1521 lbs) 300 kPa (44 psi) Max. Press.

For this example, set the inflation pressure for high-speed driving at 265 kPa (38 psi).

Racing or other competitive driving may affect the warranty coverage of the vehicle. See the warranty booklet for more information.

Tire Pressure Monitor System

The Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS) uses radio and sensor technology to check tire pressure levels. The TPMS sensors monitor the air pressure in your tires and transmit tire pressure readings to a receiver located in the vehicle.

Each tire, including the spare (if provided), should be checked monthly when cold and inflated to the inflation pressure recommended by the vehicle manufacturer on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label. (If your vehicle has tires of a different size than the size indicated on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label, you should determine the proper tire inflation pressure for those tires.)

As an added safety feature, your vehicle has been equipped with a tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) that illuminates a low tire pressure telltale when one or more of your tires is significantly under-inflated.

Accordingly, when the low tire pressure telltale illuminates, you should stop and check your tires as soon as possible, and inflate them to the proper pressure. Driving on a significantly under-inflated tire causes the tire to overheat and can lead to tire failure. Under-inflation also reduces fuel efficiency and tire tread life, and may affect the vehicle's handling and stopping ability.

Please note that the TPMS is not a substitute for proper tire maintenance, and it is the driver's responsibility to maintain correct tire pressure, even if under-inflation has not reached the level to trigger illumination of the TPMS low tire pressure telltale.

Your vehicle has also been equipped with a TPMS malfunction indicator to indicate when the system is not operating properly.

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The TPMS malfunction indicator is combined with the low tire pressure telltale. When the system detects a malfunction, the telltale will flash for approximately one minute and then remain continuously illuminated. This sequence will continue upon subsequent vehicle start-ups as long as the malfunction exists.

When the malfunction indicator is illuminated, the system may not be able to detect or signal low tire pressure as intended. TPMS malfunctions may occur for a variety of reasons, including the installation of replacement or alternate tires or wheels on the vehicle that prevent the TPMS from functioning properly. Always check the TPMS malfunction telltale after replacing one or more tires or wheels on your vehicle to ensure that the replacement or alternate tires and wheels allow the TPMS to continue to function properly.

See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation on page 10-63*.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules and with Industry Canada Standards

See *Radio Frequency Statement on page 13-20* for information regarding Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules and with Industry Canada Standards RSS-GEN/210/220/310.

Tire Pressure Monitor Operation

This vehicle may have a Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS). The TPMS is designed to warn the driver when a low tire pressure condition exists. TPMS sensors are mounted onto each tire and wheel assembly on your vehicle. The TPMS sensors monitor the air pressure in the tires and transmits the tire pressure readings to a receiver located in the vehicle.

When a low tire pressure condition is detected, the TPMS illuminates the low tire pressure warning light, located in the instrument cluster. If the warning light comes on, stop as soon as possible and inflate the tires to the recommended pressure shown on the tire loading information label. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

A message to check the pressure in a specific tire displays in the Driver Information Center (DIC). The low tire pressure warning light and the DIC warning message appear at each ignition cycle until the tires are inflated to the correct inflation pressure. Using the DIC, tire pressure levels can be viewed. For additional information and details about the DIC operation and

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displays see *Driver Information Center (DIC) on page 5-25* and *Tire Messages on page 5-48*.

The low tire pressure warning light may come on in cool weather when the vehicle is first started, and then turn off as the vehicle is driven. This could be an early indicator that the air pressure is getting low and needs to be inflated to the proper pressure.

A Tire and Loading Information label shows the size of the original equipment tires and the correct inflation pressure for the tires when they are cold. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*, for an example of the Tire and Loading Information label and its location. Also see *Tire Pressure on page 10-60* for additional information.

The TPMS can warn about a low tire pressure condition but it does not replace normal tire maintenance. See *Tire Inspection on page 10-65*, *Tire Rotation on page 10-66*, *When It Is Time for New Tires on page 10-67*, and *Tires on page 10-51*.

Notice: **Tire sealant materials are not all the same. A non-approved tire sealant could damage the TPMS sensors. TPMS sensor damage caused by using an incorrect tire sealant is not covered by the vehicle warranty. Always use only the GM-approved tire sealant available through your dealer or included in the vehicle.**

TPMS Malfunction Light and Message

The TPMS will not function properly if one or more of the TPMS sensors are missing or inoperable. When the system detects a malfunction, the low tire warning light flashes for about one minute and then stays on for the remainder of the ignition cycle. A DIC warning message also displays. The malfunction light and DIC warning message come on at each ignition cycle until the problem is corrected. Some of the conditions that can cause these to come on are:

- The TPMS sensor matching process was not done or not completed successfully. The malfunction light and the DIC message should go off after successfully completing the sensor matching process.
- One or more TPMS sensors are missing or damaged. The malfunction light and the DIC message should go off when the

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TPMS sensors are installed and the sensor matching process is performed successfully. See your dealer for service.

- Replacement tires or wheels do not match the original equipment tires or wheels. Tires and wheels other than those recommended could prevent the TPMS from functioning properly. See *Buying New Tires on page 10-68*.
- Operating electronic devices or being near facilities using radio wave frequencies similar to the TPMS could cause the TPMS sensors to malfunction.

If the TPMS is not functioning properly, it cannot detect or signal a low tire condition. See your dealer for service if the TPMS malfunction light and DIC message come on and stays on.

TPMS Sensor Matching Process

Each TPMS sensor has a unique identification code. The identification code needs to be matched to a new tire/wheel position after replacing one or more of the TPMS sensors. The malfunction light and the DIC message should go off at the next ignition cycle. The sensors are matched to the tire/wheel positions, using a TPMS relearn tool, in the following order: driver side front tire, passenger side front tire, passenger side rear tire, and driver side rear. See your dealer for service.

Tire Inspection

We recommend that the tires, including the spare tire, if the vehicle has one, be inspected for signs of wear or damage at least once a month.

Replace the tire if:

- The indicators at three or more places around the tire can be seen.
- There is cord or fabric showing through the tire's rubber.
- The tread or sidewall is cracked, cut, or snagged deep enough to show cord or fabric.
- The tire has a bump, bulge, or split.

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- The tire has a puncture, cut, or other damage that cannot be repaired well because of the size or location of the damage.

Tire Rotation

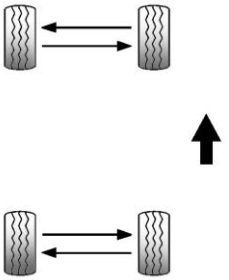
If the vehicle has non-directional tires, they should be rotated every 12 000 km/7,500 mi. See *Maintenance Schedule on page 11-3*.

Tires are rotated to achieve uniform wear for all tires. The first rotation is the most important.

Any time unusual wear is noticed, rotate the tires as soon as possible and check the wheel alignment. Also check for damaged tires or wheels. See *When It Is Time for New Tires on page 10-67* and *Wheel Replacement on page 10-72*.

Directional tires should not be rotated. Each tire and wheel should be used only in the position it is in. Directional tires will have an arrow on the tire indicating the proper direction of rotation or will have “left” or “right” molded on the sidewall.

Different tire sizes should not be rotated front to rear.



Use this rotation pattern if the vehicle has different size tires on the front and rear and they are non-directional.

Adjust the front and rear tires to the recommended inflation pressure on the Tire and Loading Information label after the tires have been rotated. See *Tire Pressure on page 10-60* and *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.

Reset the Tire Pressure Monitor System. See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation on page 10-63*.

Check that all wheel nuts are properly tightened. See “Wheel Nut Torque” under *Capacities and Specifications on page 12-2*.

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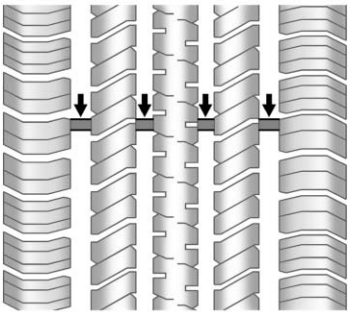
⚠ WARNING

Rust or dirt on a wheel, or on the parts to which it is fastened, can make wheel nuts become loose after time. The wheel could come off and cause an accident. When changing a wheel, remove any rust or dirt from places where the wheel attaches to the vehicle. In an emergency, a cloth or a paper towel can be used; however, use a scraper or wire brush later to remove all rust or dirt.

Lightly coat the center of the wheel hub with wheel bearing grease after a wheel change or tire rotation to prevent corrosion or rust build-up. Do not get grease on the flat wheel mounting surface or on the wheel nuts or bolts.

When It Is Time for New Tires

Factors such as maintenance, temperatures, driving speeds, vehicle loading, and road conditions affect the wear rate of the tires.



Treadwear indicators are one way to tell when it is time for new tires. Treadwear indicators appear when the tires have only 1.6 mm (1/16 in) or less of tread remaining. See *Tire Inspection on page 10-65* and *Tire Rotation on page 10-66*.

The rubber in tires ages over time. This also applies to the spare tire, if the vehicle has one, even if it is never used. Multiple factors including temperatures, loading conditions, and inflation pressure maintenance affect how fast aging takes place. GM recommends that tires, including the spare if equipped, be replaced after six years, regardless of tread wear. The tire manufacturer date is the last four digits of the DOT Tire Identification Number (TIN) which is molded into one side of the tire sidewall. The first two digits represent the week (01–52) and the last two digits, the year. For example, the third week of the year 2010 would have a four-digit DOT date of 0310.

Vehicle Storage

Tires age when stored normally mounted on a parked vehicle. Park a vehicle that will be stored for at least a month in a cool, dry, clean area away from direct sunlight to

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slow aging. This area should be free of grease, gasoline, or other substances that can deteriorate rubber.

Parking for an extended period can cause flat spots on the tires that may result in vibrations while driving. When storing a vehicle for at least a month, remove the tires or raise the vehicle to reduce the weight from the tires.

Buying New Tires

GM has developed and matched specific tires for the vehicle. The original equipment tires installed were designed to meet General Motors Tire Performance Criteria Specification (TPC Spec) system rating. When replacement tires are needed, GM strongly recommends buying tires with the same TPC Spec rating.

GM's exclusive TPC Spec system considers over a dozen critical specifications that impact the overall performance of the vehicle, including brake system performance, ride and handling, traction control, and tire pressure monitoring performance. GM's TPC Spec number is molded onto the tire's sidewall near the tire size. If the tires have an all-season tread design, the TPC Spec number will be followed by MS for mud and snow. See *Tire Sidewall Labeling on page 10-55*, for additional information.

GM recommends replacing worn tires in complete sets of four. Uniform tread depth on all tires will help to maintain the performance of the vehicle. Braking and handling performance may be adversely affected if all the tires are not replaced at the same time.

If proper rotation and maintenance have been done, all four tires should wear out at about the same time. See *Tire Rotation on page 10-66* for information on proper tire rotation. However, if it is necessary to replace only one axle set of worn tires, place the new tires on the rear axle.

Winter tires with the same speed rating as the original equipment tires may not be available for H, V, W, and ZR speed rated tires. Never exceed the winter tire's maximum speed capability when using winter tires with a lower speed rating.

⚠ WARNING

Tires could explode during improper service. Attempting to mount or dismount a tire

(Continued)

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WARNING (Continued)

could cause injury or death. Only your dealer or authorized tire service center should mount or dismount the tires.

⚠ WARNING

Mixing tires of different sizes (other than those originally installed on the vehicle), brands, or types may cause loss of control of the vehicle, resulting in a crash or other vehicle damage. Use the correct size, brand, and type of tire on all four wheels.

⚠ WARNING

Using bias-ply tires on the vehicle may cause the wheel rim flanges to develop cracks after many miles of driving. A tire and/or wheel could fail suddenly and cause a crash. Use only radial-ply tires with the wheels on the vehicle.

If the vehicle tires must be replaced with a tire that does not have a TPC Spec number, make sure they are the same size, load range, speed rating, and construction (radial) as the original tires.

Vehicles that have a tire pressure monitoring system could give an inaccurate low-pressure warning if non-TPC Spec rated tires are installed. See *Tire Pressure Monitor Operation on page 10-63*.

The Tire and Loading Information label indicates the original equipment tires on the vehicle. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*, for the label location and more information about the Tire and Loading Information label.

Different Size Tires and Wheels

If wheels or tires are installed that are a different size than the original equipment wheels and tires, vehicle performance, including its braking, ride and handling characteristics, stability, and resistance to rollover may be affected. If the vehicle has electronic systems such as antilock brakes, rollover airbags, traction control, and electronic stability control, the performance of these systems can also be affected.

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⚠ WARNING

If different sized wheels are used, there may not be an acceptable level of performance and safety if tires not recommended for those wheels are selected. This increases the chance of a crash and serious injury. Only use GM specific wheel and tire systems developed for the vehicle, and have them properly installed by a GM certified technician.

See *Buying New Tires on page 10-68* and *Accessories and Modifications on page 10-3*.

Uniform Tire Quality Grading

Quality grades can be found where applicable on the tire sidewall between tread shoulder and maximum section width. For example:

Treadwear 200 Traction AA Temperature A

The following information relates to the system developed by the United States National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), which grades tires by treadwear, traction, and temperature performance. This applies only to vehicles sold in the United States. The grades are molded on the sidewalls of most passenger car tires. The Uniform Tire Quality Grading (UTQG) system does not apply to deep tread, winter tires, compact spare tires, tires with nominal rim diameters of 10 to 12 inches (25 to 30 cm), or to some limited-production tires.

While the tires available on General Motors passenger cars and light trucks may vary with respect to these grades, they must also conform to federal safety requirements and additional General Motors Tire Performance Criteria (TPC) standards.

All Passenger Car Tires Must Conform to Federal Safety Requirements In Addition To These Grades.

Treadwear

The treadwear grade is a comparative rating based on the wear rate of the tire when tested under controlled conditions on a specified government test course. For example, a tire

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graded 150 would wear one and a half (1½) times as well on the government course as a tire graded 100. The relative performance of tires depends upon the actual conditions of their use, however, and may depart significantly from the norm due to variations in driving habits, service practices and differences in road characteristics and climate.

Traction – AA, A, B, C

The traction grades, from highest to lowest, are AA, A, B, and C. Those grades represent the tire's ability to stop on wet pavement as measured under controlled conditions on specified government test surfaces of asphalt and concrete. A tire marked C may have poor traction performance. Warning: The traction grade assigned to this tire is based on straight-ahead braking traction tests, and does not include acceleration, cornering, hydroplaning, or peak traction characteristics.

Temperature – A, B, C

The temperature grades are A (the highest), B, and C, representing the tire's resistance to the generation of heat and its ability to dissipate heat when tested under controlled conditions on a specified indoor laboratory test wheel. Sustained high temperature can cause the material of the tire to degenerate and reduce tire life, and excessive temperature can lead to sudden tire failure. The grade C corresponds to a level of performance which all passenger car tires must meet under the Federal Motor Safety Standard No. 109. Grades B and A represent higher levels of performance on the laboratory test wheel than the minimum required by law. Warning: The temperature grade for this tire is established for a tire that is properly inflated and not overloaded. Excessive speed, underinflation, or excessive loading, either separately or in combination, can cause heat buildup and possible tire failure.

Wheel Alignment and Tire Balance

The tires and wheels were aligned and balanced at the factory to provide the longest tire life and best overall performance. Adjustments to wheel alignment and tire balancing will not be necessary on a regular basis. However, check the alignment if there is unusual tire wear or if the vehicle is pulling to one side or the other. If the vehicle vibrates when driving on a smooth

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road, the tires and wheels might need to be rebalanced. See your dealer for proper diagnosis.

Wheel Replacement

Replace any wheel that is bent, cracked, or badly rusted or corroded. If wheel nuts keep coming loose, the wheel, wheel bolts, and wheel nuts should be replaced. If the wheel leaks air, replace it. Some aluminum wheels can be repaired. See your dealer if any of these conditions exist.

Your dealer will know the kind of wheel that is needed.

Each new wheel should have the same load-carrying capacity, diameter, width, offset, and be mounted the same way as the one it replaces.

Replace wheels, wheel bolts, or wheel nuts with new GM original equipment parts.

⚠ WARNING

Using the wrong replacement wheels, wheel bolts, or wheel nuts can be dangerous. It could affect the braking and handling of the vehicle. Tires can lose air, and cause loss of control, causing a crash. Always use the correct wheel, wheel bolts, and wheel nuts for replacement.

⚠ WARNING

Replacing a wheel with a used one is dangerous. How it has been used or how far it has been driven may be unknown. It could fail suddenly and cause a crash. When replacing wheels, use a new GM original equipment wheel.

Notice: **The wrong wheel can also cause problems with bearing life, brake cooling, speedometer or odometer calibration, headlamp aim, bumper height, vehicle ground clearance, and tire clearance to the body and chassis.**

⚠ WARNING

Rust or dirt on a wheel, or on the parts to which it is fastened, can make wheel nuts become loose after a time. The wheel could come off and cause a crash. When changing a wheel, remove any rust or dirt from places where the wheel attaches to the vehicle. In an emergency, a cloth or a paper towel can be used, however, use a scraper or wire brush to remove all rust or dirt.

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Tightening Wheel Lug Nuts

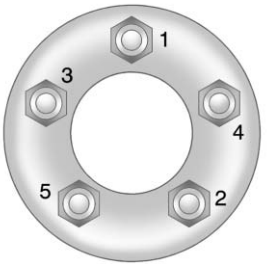
⚠ WARNING

Never use oil or grease on studs or the threads of the wheel nuts. The wheel nuts might come loose and the wheel could fall off, causing a crash.

⚠ WARNING

Incorrect wheel nuts or improperly tightened wheel nuts can cause the wheel to become loose and even come off. This could lead to a crash. Be sure to use the correct wheel nuts. If you have to replace them, be sure to get new GM original equipment wheel nuts.

Notice: **Improperly tightened wheel nuts can lead to brake pulsation and rotor damage. To avoid expensive brake repairs, evenly tighten the wheel nuts in the proper sequence and to the proper torque specification.**



Tighten the wheel lug nuts firmly in a crisscross sequence.

Tire Chains

⚠ WARNING

Do not use tire chains. There is not enough clearance. Tire chains used on a vehicle without the proper amount of clearance can cause damage to the brakes, suspension, or other vehicle parts. The area damaged by the tire chains could cause loss of control and a crash. Use another type of traction device only if its manufacturer recommends it for the vehicle's tire size combination and road conditions. Follow that manufacturer's instructions. To avoid vehicle damage, drive slowly and readjust or remove the traction device if it contacts the vehicle. Do not spin the wheels. If traction devices are used, install them on the rear tires.

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If a Tire Goes Flat

It is unusual for a tire to blowout while driving, especially if the tires are maintained properly. If air goes out of a tire, it is much more likely to leak out slowly. See *Tires on page 10-51* for additional information. But if there ever is a blowout, here are a few tips about what to expect and what to do:

If a front tire fails, the flat tire creates a drag that pulls the vehicle toward that side. Take your foot off the accelerator pedal and grip the steering wheel firmly. Steer to maintain lane position, and then gently brake to a stop, well off the road, if possible.

A rear blowout, particularly on a curve, acts much like a skid and may require the same correction as used in a skid. Stop pressing the accelerator pedal and steer to straighten the vehicle. It may be very bumpy and noisy. Gently brake to a stop, well off the road, if possible.

The vehicle has no spare tire, no tire changing equipment, and no place to store a tire.

The vehicle, when new, had run-flat tires. This type of tire can operate effectively with no air pressure so there is no need to stop on the side of the road to change a flat tire. If driving on a deflated run-flat tire for 40 km (25 mi) or less and at speeds of 90 km/h (55 mph) or less, there is a good chance the tire can be repaired. The Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS) will show if a tire has lost pressure. See *Run-Flat Tires on page 10-53* and *Tire Pressure Monitor System on page 10-62*.

⚠ WARNING

Special tools and procedures are required to service a run-flat tire. If these special tools and procedures are not used, injury or vehicle damage may occur.

(Continued)

WARNING (Continued)

Always be sure the proper tools and procedures, as described in the service manual, are used.

To order a service manual, see *Service Publications Ordering Information on page 13-17*.

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Jump Starting

For more information about the vehicle battery, see *Battery on page 10-37*.

If your battery has run down, you may want to use another vehicle and some jumper cables to start your vehicle. Be sure to use the following steps to do it safely.

⚠ WARNING

Batteries can hurt you. They can be dangerous because:

- They contain acid that can burn you.
- They contain gas that can explode or ignite.
- They contain enough electricity to burn you.

If you do not follow these steps exactly, some or all of these things can hurt you.

Notice: **If you try to start your vehicle by pushing or pulling it, you could damage your vehicle. Do not push or pull your vehicle to start it; instead, use the jump starting procedure in this manual to start your vehicle when the battery has run down.**

1. Check the other vehicle. It must have a 12-volt battery with a negative ground system.

Notice: **Only use a vehicle that has a 12-volt system with a negative ground for jump starting. If the other vehicle does not have a 12-volt system with a negative ground, both vehicles can be damaged.**

2. Get the vehicles close enough so the jumper cables can reach, but be sure the vehicles are not touching each other. If they are, it could cause a ground connection you do not want. You would not be able to start your vehicle, and the bad grounding could damage the electrical systems.

   To avoid the possibility of the vehicles rolling, set the parking brake firmly on both vehicles involved in the jump start procedure. Put an automatic transmission in P (Park) or a manual transmission in Neutral before setting the parking brakes.

Notice: **If any accessories are left on or plugged in during the jump starting procedure, they could be damaged. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Whenever possible, turn off or unplug all accessories on either vehicle when jump starting the vehicle.**

3. Turn off the ignition on both vehicles. Unplug unnecessary accessories plugged into the cigarette lighter or the accessory power outlet. Turn off the radio and all lamps that are not

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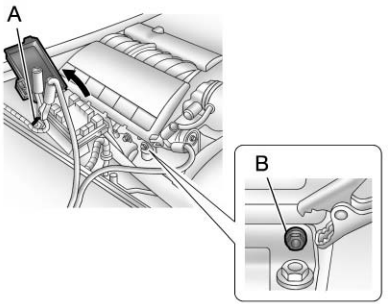
needed. This will avoid sparks and help save both batteries. And it could save the radio!

4. Open the hoods and locate the positive (+) and negative (−) terminal locations on each vehicle.



6.2L LS3 shown, 7.0L LS7 and 6.2L LS9 Similar

Your vehicle has a remote positive (+) terminal (A) and a remote negative (−) terminal (B), as shown in the illustration, which should be used to jump start your vehicle.

The remote positive (+) terminal (A) can be accessed by opening the cover of the engine compartment fuse block.

The remote negative (−) terminal (B) is located underneath the engine cover, below the engine oil fill cap.

See *Engine Compartment Overview on page 10-8* for the location of the engine compartment fuse block and engine oil fill cap.

You will not need to access the battery for jump starting. The remote terminals are for that purpose.

⚠ WARNING

An electric fan can start up even when the engine is not running and can injure you. Keep hands, clothing and tools away from any underhood electric fan.

⚠ WARNING

Using an open flame near a battery can cause battery gas to explode. People have been hurt doing this, and some have been blinded. Use a flashlight if you need more light.

Be sure the battery has enough water. You do not need to add water to the battery installed in your new vehicle. But if a battery has filler caps, be sure the right amount of fluid is there. If it is low, add water to take care of that first. If you do not, explosive gas could be present.

Battery fluid contains acid that can burn you. Do not get it on you. If you accidentally get it in your eyes or on your skin, flush the place with water and get medical help immediately.

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⚠ WARNING

Fans or other moving engine parts can injure you badly. Keep your hands away from moving parts once the engine is running.

5. Check that the jumper cables do not have loose or missing insulation. If they do, you could get a shock. The vehicles could be damaged too.

   Before you connect the cables, here are some basic things you should know. Positive (+) will go to positive (+) or to a remote positive (+) terminal if the vehicle has one. Negative (−) will go to a heavy, unpainted metal engine part or to a remote negative (−) terminal if the vehicle has one.

   Do not connect positive (+) to negative (−) or you will get a short that would damage the battery and maybe other parts too. And do not connect the negative (−) cable to the negative (−) terminal on the dead battery because this can cause sparks.

6. Connect the red positive (+) cable to the positive (+) terminal of the dead battery. Use a remote positive (+) terminal if the vehicle has one.

7. Do not let the other end touch metal. Connect it to the positive (+) terminal of the good battery. Use a remote positive (+) terminal if the vehicle has one.

8. Now connect the black negative (−) cable to the negative (−) terminal of the good battery. Use a remote negative (−) terminal if the vehicle has one.

   Do not let the other end touch anything until the next step. The other end of the negative (−) cable does not go to the dead battery. It goes to a heavy, unpainted metal engine part or to a remote negative (−) terminal on the vehicle with the dead battery.

9. Connect the other end of the negative (−) cable at least 45 cm (18 inches) away from the dead battery, but not near engine parts that move. The electrical connection is just as good there, and the chance of sparks getting back to the battery is much less.

   Your vehicle has a remote negative (−) terminal for this purpose.

10. Now start the vehicle with the good battery and run the engine for a while.

11. Try to start the vehicle that had the dead battery. If it will not start after a few tries, it probably needs service.

Notice: **If the jumper cables are connected or removed in the wrong order, electrical shorting may occur and damage the vehicle. The repairs would not be**

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covered by the vehicle warranty. Always connect and remove the jumper cables in the correct order, making sure that the cables do not touch each other or other metal.

Jumper Cable Removal

Reverse the sequence exactly when removing the jumper cables.

You may need to initialize the power windows. See “Power Window Initialize” under *Power Windows on page 2-16*.

Towing

Towing the Vehicle

Notice: **To avoid damage, the disabled vehicle should be towed with all four wheels off the ground. Care must be taken with vehicles that have low ground clearance and/or special equipment. Always flatbed on a car carrier.**

Consult your dealer or a professional towing service if the disabled vehicle must be towed. See *Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico) on page 13-7* or *Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-11*.

Recreational Vehicle Towing

Notice: **Dolly towing or dinghy towing the vehicle may cause damage because of reduced ground clearance. Always put the vehicle on a flatbed truck or trailer.**

The vehicle was neither designed nor intended to be towed with any of its wheels on the ground. If the vehicle must be towed, see *Towing the Vehicle on page 10-78*.

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Appearance Care

Exterior Care

Washing the Vehicle

To preserve the vehicle's finish, wash it often and out of direct sunlight.

Notice: **Do not use petroleum-based, acidic, or abrasive cleaning agents as they can damage the vehicle's paint, metal, or plastic parts. If damage occurs, it would not be covered by the vehicle's warranty. Approved cleaning products can be obtained from your dealer. Follow all manufacturer directions regarding correct product usage, necessary safety precautions, and appropriate disposal of any vehicle care product.**

Notice: **Avoid using high-pressure washes closer than 30 cm (12 in) to the surface of the vehicle. Use of power washers exceeding 8,274 kPa (1,200 psi) can result in damage or removal of paint and decals.**

Rinse the vehicle well, before washing and after, to remove all cleaning agents completely. If they are allowed to dry on the surface, they could stain.

Dry the finish with a soft, clean chamois or an all-cotton towel to avoid surface scratches and water spotting.

Finish Care

Application of aftermarket clearcoat sealant/wax materials is not recommended. If painted surfaces are damaged, see your dealer to have the damage assessed and repaired. Foreign materials such as calcium chloride and other salts, ice melting agents, road oil and tar, tree sap, bird droppings, chemicals from industrial chimneys, etc., can damage the vehicle's finish if they remain on painted surfaces. Wash the vehicle as soon as possible. If necessary, use non-abrasive cleaners that are marked safe for painted surfaces to remove foreign matter.

Occasional hand waxing or mild polishing should be done to remove residue from the paint finish. See your dealer for approved cleaning products.

Do not apply waxes or polishes to uncoated plastic, vinyl, rubber, decals, simulated wood, or flat paint as damage can occur.

Notice: **Machine compounding or aggressive polishing on a basecoat/clearcoat paint finish may damage it. Use only non-abrasive waxes and polishes that are made for a basecoat/clearcoat paint finish on the vehicle.**

To keep the paint finish looking new, keep the vehicle garaged or covered whenever possible.

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Protecting Exterior Bright Metal Parts

Regularly clean bright metal parts with water or chrome polish on chrome or stainless steel trim, if necessary.

For aluminum, never use auto or chrome polish, steam, or caustic soap to clean. A coating of wax, rubbed to high polish, is recommended for all bright metal parts.

Convertible Top care

Frequently hand wash convertible tops with mild car wash soap. Never use a stiff brush, steam, bleach, or aggressive cleaners.
If necessary, a soft brush can be used to remove dirt. When finished cleaning, thoroughly rinse the fabric. Avoid automatic car washes with overhead brushes or very high-pressure sprays as they can cause damage and leaking.

Only lower the top when it is completely dry and avoid leaving the top lowered for extended periods of time to prevent excessive interior weathering.

Avoid leaving large amounts of snow on the top for extended periods of time as damage may also occur.

Carbon Fiber Panels

Carbon fiber panels can be washed and waxed like any other panels.

Use a clear or black pigmented wax on the inner hood carbon fiber panel.

ZR1 Hood Window

The hood window on the ZR1 can be cleaned in the same manner as the headlamp lenses. See "Cleaning Exterior Lamps/Lenses" for more information.

Cleaning Exterior Lamps/ Lenses and Emblems

Use only lukewarm or cold water, a soft cloth, and a car washing soap to clean exterior lamps and lenses. Follow instructions under "Washing the Vehicle" later in this section.

Windshield and Wiper Blades

Clean the outside of the windshield with glass cleaner.

Clean rubber blades using lint-free cloth or paper towel soaked with windshield washer fluid or a mild detergent. Wash the windshield thoroughly when cleaning the blades. Bugs, road grime, sap, and a buildup of vehicle wash/wax treatments may cause wiper streaking.

Replace the wiper blades if they are worn or damaged. Damage can be caused by extreme dusty conditions, sand, salt, heat, sun, snow and ice.

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Weatherstrips

Apply silicone grease on weatherstrips to make them last longer, seal better, and not stick or squeak. Lubricate weatherstrips once a year. Black marks from rubber material on painted surfaces can be removed by rubbing with a clean cloth. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.

Tires

Use a stiff brush with tire cleaner to clean the tires.

Notice: **Using petroleum-based tire dressing products on the vehicle may damage the paint finish and/or tires. When applying a tire dressing, always wipe off any overspray from all painted surfaces on the vehicle.**

Wheels and Trim — Aluminum or Chrome

Use a soft, clean cloth with mild soap and water to clean the wheels. After rinsing thoroughly with clean water, dry with a soft, clean towel. A wax may then be applied.

Notice: **Chrome wheels and other chrome trim may be damaged if the vehicle is not washed after driving on roads that have been sprayed with magnesium, calcium, or sodium chloride. These chlorides are used on roads for conditions such as ice and dust. Always wash the chrome with soap and water after exposure.**

Notice: **To avoid surface damage, do not use strong soaps, chemicals, abrasive polishes, cleaners, brushes, or cleaners that contain acid on aluminum or chrome-plated wheels. Use only approved cleaners. Also, never drive a vehicle with aluminum or chrome-plated wheels through an automatic car wash that uses silicone carbide tire cleaning brushes. Damage could occur and the repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.**

Steering, Suspension, and Chassis Components

Visually inspect front and rear suspension and steering system for damaged, loose, or missing parts or signs of wear. Inspect the power steering for proper hook-up, binding, leaks, cracks, chafing, etc. Visually check constant velocity joints, rubber boots, and axle seals for leaks.

Body Component Lubrication

Lubricate all key lock cylinders, hood hinges, liftgate hinges, and steel fuel door hinge unless the components are plastic. Applying silicone grease on weatherstrips with a clean cloth will make them last longer, seal better, and not stick or squeak.

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Underbody Maintenance

Use plain water to flush dirt and debris from the vehicle's underbody. Your dealer or an underbody car washing system can do this. If not removed, rust and corrosion can develop.

Fiberglass Springs (Composite Springs)

Notice: **Do not use acidic or corrosive cleaning products, engine degreasers, or aluminum cleaning agents on fiberglass springs as it may cause damage. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle's warranty. Use only approved cleaners.**

Sheet Metal Damage

If the vehicle is damaged and requires sheet metal repair or replacement, make sure the body repair shop applies anti-corrosion material to parts repaired or replaced to restore corrosion protection.

Original manufacturer replacement parts will provide the corrosion protection while maintaining the vehicle warranty.

Finish Damage

Quickly repair minor chips and scratches with touch-up materials available from your dealer to avoid corrosion. Larger areas of finish damage can be corrected in your dealer's body and paint shop.

Chemical Paint Spotting

Airborne pollutants can fall upon and attack painted vehicle surfaces causing blotchy, ring-shaped discolorations, and small, irregular dark spots etched into the paint surface.

Interior Care

To prevent dirt particle abrasions, regularly clean the vehicle's interior. Immediately remove any soils. Note that newspapers or dark garments that can transfer color to home furnishings can also permanently transfer color to the vehicle's interior.

Use a soft bristle brush to remove dust from knobs and crevices on the instrument cluster. Using a mild soap solution, immediately remove hand lotions, sunscreen, and insect repellent from all interior surfaces or permanent damage may result.

Your dealer may have products for cleaning the interior. Use cleaners specifically designed for the

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surfaces being cleaned to prevent permanent damage. Apply all cleaners directly to the cleaning cloth. Do not spray cleaners directly on any switches or controls. Cleaners should be removed quickly. Never allow cleaners to remain on the surface being cleaned for extended periods of time.

Cleaners may contain solvents that can become concentrated in the interior. Before using cleaners, read and adhere to all safety instructions on the label. While cleaning the interior, maintain adequate ventilation by opening the doors and windows.

To prevent damage, do not clean the interior using the following cleaners or techniques:

- Never use a razor or any other sharp object to remove a soil from any interior surface.
- Never use a brush with stiff bristles.
- Never rub any surface aggressively or with excessive pressure.
- Do not use laundry detergents or dishwashing soaps with degreasers. For liquid cleaners, use approximately 20 drops per 3.78 L (1 gal) of water. A concentrated soap solution will leave a residue that creates streaks and attracts dirt. Do not use solutions that contain strong or caustic soap.
- Do not heavily saturate the upholstery when cleaning.
- Do not use solvents or cleaners containing solvents.

Interior Glass

To clean, use a terry cloth fabric dampened with water. Wipe droplets left behind with a clean dry cloth. Commercial glass cleaners may be used, if necessary, after cleaning the interior glass with plain water.

Notice: **To prevent scratching, never use abrasive cleaners on automotive glass. Abrasive cleaners or aggressive cleaning may damage the rear window defogger.**

Notice: **Cleaning the windshield with water during the first three to six months of ownership will reduce tendency to fog.**

Speaker Covers

Vacuum around a speaker cover gently, so that the speaker will not be damaged. Clean spots with just water and mild soap.

Coated Moldings

Coated moldings should be cleaned.

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- When lightly soiled, wipe with a sponge or soft lint-free cloth dampened with water.
- When heavily soiled, use warm soapy water.

Fabric/Carpet/Suede

Start by vacuuming the surface using a soft brush attachment. If a rotating brush attachment is being used during vacuuming, only use it on the floor carpet. Before cleaning, gently remove as much of the soil as possible using one of the following techniques:

- Gently blot liquids with a paper towel. Continue blotting until no more soil can be removed.
- For solid soils, remove as much as possible prior to vacuuming.

To clean:

1. Saturate a clean lint-free colorfast cloth with water or club soda. Microfiber cloth is recommended to prevent lint transfer to the fabric or carpet.
2. Remove excess moisture by gently wringing until water does not drip from the cleaning cloth.
3. Start on the outside edge of the soil and gently rub toward the center. Fold the cleaning cloth to a clean area frequently to prevent forcing the soil in to the fabric.
4. Continue gently rubbing the soiled area until there is no longer any color transfer from the soil to the cleaning cloth.
5. If the soil is not completely removed, use a mild soap solution followed only by club soda or plain water.

If the soil is not completely removed, it may be necessary to use a commercial upholstery cleaner or spot lifter. Test a small hidden area for colorfastness before using a commercial upholstery cleaner or spot lifter. If ring formation occurs, clean the entire fabric or carpet.

Following the cleaning process, a paper towel can be used to blot excess moisture.

Cleaning High Gloss Surfaces and Vehicle Information and Radio Displays

For vehicles with high gloss surfaces or vehicle displays, use a microfiber cloth to wipe surfaces. Before wiping the surface with the microfiber cloth, use a soft bristle brush to remove dirt that could scratch the surface. Then use the microfiber cloth by gently rubbing to clean. Never use window cleaners or solvents. Periodically hand wash the microfiber cloth separately, using mild soap. Do not use bleach or fabric softener. Rinse thoroughly and air dry before next use.

Instrument Panel, Leather, Vinyl, & Other Plastic Surfaces

Use a soft microfiber cloth dampened with water to remove dust and loose dirt. For a more

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thorough cleaning, use a soft microfiber cloth dampened with a mild soap solution.

Notice: **Soaking or saturating leather, especially perforated leather, as well as other interior surfaces, may cause permanent damage. Wipe excess moisture from these surfaces after cleaning and allow them to dry naturally. Never use heat, steam, spot lifters, or spot removers. Do not use cleaners that contain silicone or wax-based products. Cleaners containing these solvents can permanently change the appearance and feel of leather or soft trim and are not recommended.**

Do not use cleaners that increase gloss, especially on the instrument panel. Reflected glare can decrease visibility through the windshield under certain conditions.

Notice: **Use of air fresheners may cause permanent damage to plastics and painted surfaces. If an air freshener comes in contact with any plastic or painted surface in the vehicle, blot immediately and clean with a soft cloth dampened with a mild soap solution. Damage caused by air fresheners would not be covered by the vehicle warranty.**

Cargo Cover and Convenience Net

Wash with warm water and mild detergent. Do not use chlorine bleach. Rinse with cold water, and then dry completely.

Care of Safety Belts

Keep belts clean and dry.

⚠ WARNING

Do not bleach or dye safety belts. It may severely weaken them. In a crash, they might not be able to provide adequate protection. Clean safety belts only with mild soap and lukewarm water.

Floor Mats

⚠ WARNING

If a floor mat is the wrong size or is not properly installed, it can interfere with the pedals. Interference with the pedals can cause unintended acceleration and/or increased stopping distance which can cause a crash and injury. Make sure the floor mat does not interfere with the pedals.

Use the following guidelines for proper floor mat usage.

- The original equipment floor mats were designed for your vehicle. If the floor mats need replacing, it is recommended that GM certified floor mats be purchased. Non-GM floor mats may not fit properly and may interefere with the accelerator or

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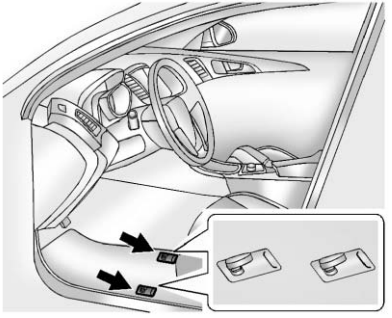
brake pedal. Always check that the floor mats do not interfere with the pedals.

- Use the floor mat with the correct side up. Do not turn it over.
- Do not place anything on top of the driver side floor mat.
- Use only a single floor mat on the driver side.
- Do not place one floor mat on top of another.

The driver side floor mat is held in place by two hook-type retainers and the passenger side is held in place by one.



Installing and Replacing the Floor Mats

1. Pull up on the rear of the floor mat to remove it from the hook retainers.
2. Reinstall by lining up the openings in the floor mat over the hook retainers and push down into position.
3. Make sure the floor mat is properly secured and verify that it does not interfere with the pedals.

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Service and Maintenance

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General Information

Your vehicle is an important investment. This section describes the required maintenance for the vehicle. Follow this schedule to help protect against major repair expenses resulting from neglect or inadequate maintenance. It may also help to maintain the value of the vehicle if it is sold. It is the responsibility of the owner to have all required maintenance performed.

Your dealer has trained technicians who can perform required maintenance using genuine replacement parts. They have up-to-date tools and equipment for fast and accurate diagnostics. Many dealers have extended evening and Saturday hours, courtesy transportation, and online scheduling to assist with service needs.

Your dealer recognizes the importance of providing competitively priced maintenance and repair services. With trained technicians, the dealer is the place for routine maintenance such as oil changes and tire rotations and additional maintenance items like tires, brakes, batteries, and wiper blades.

Notice: **Damage caused by improper maintenance can lead to costly repairs and may not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Maintenance intervals, checks, inspections, recommended fluids, and lubricants are important to keep the vehicle in good working condition.**

The Required Services are the responsibility of the vehicle owner. It is recommended to have your dealer perform these services every 12 000 km/7,500 mi. Proper vehicle maintenance helps to keep the vehicle in good working condition, improves fuel economy, and reduces vehicle emissions.

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Because of the way people use vehicles, maintenance needs vary. There may need to be more frequent checks and services. The Additional Required Services - Normal are for vehicles that:

- Carry passengers and cargo within recommended limits on the Tire and Loading Information label. See *Vehicle Load Limits on page 9-12*.
- Are driven on reasonable road surfaces within legal driving limits.
- Use the recommended fuel. See *Recommended Fuel on page 9-44*.

Refer to the information in the Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services - Normal chart.

The Additional Required Services - Severe are for vehicles that are:

- Mainly driven in heavy city traffic in hot weather.
- Mainly driven in hilly or mountainous terrain.
- Frequently towing a trailer.
- Used for high speed or competitive driving.
- Used for taxi, police, or delivery service.

Refer to the information in the Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services - Severe chart.

⚠ WARNING

Performing maintenance work can be dangerous and can cause serious injury. Perform maintenance work only if the required information, proper tools, and equipment are available. If they are not, see your dealer to have a trained technician do the work. See *Doing Your Own Service Work on page 10-6*.

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Maintenance Schedule

Owner Checks and Services

At Each Fuel Stop

- Check the engine oil level. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.

Once a Month

- Check the tire inflation pressures. See *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*.
- Inspect the tires for wear. See *Tire Inspection on page 10-65*.
- Check the windshield washer fluid level. See *Washer Fluid on page 10-31*.

Engine Oil Change

When the CHANGE ENGINE OIL SOON message displays, have the engine oil and filter changed within the next 1 000 km/600 mi. If driven under the best conditions, the engine oil life system might not indicate the need for vehicle service for more than a year. The engine oil and filter must be changed at least once a year and the oil life system must be reset. Your trained dealer technician can perform this work. If the engine oil life system is reset accidentally, service the vehicle within 5 000 km/3,000 mi since the last service. Reset the oil life system when the oil is changed. See *Engine Oil Life System on page 10-19*.

Required Services Every 12 000 km/7,500 mi

- Check engine oil level and oil life percentage. If needed, change engine oil and filter, and reset oil life system. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13* and *Engine Oil Life System on page 10-19*.
- Check engine coolant level. See *Engine Coolant on page 10-25*.
- Check windshield washer fluid level. See *Washer Fluid on page 10-31*.
- Visually inspect windshield wiper blades for wear, cracking, or contamination. See *Exterior Care on page 10-79*. Replace worn or damaged wiper blades. See *Wiper Blade Replacement on page 10-39*.
- Check tire inflation pressures. See *Tire Pressure on page 10-60*.
- Inspect tire wear. See *Tire Inspection on page 10-65*.

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- Visually check for fluid leaks.
- Inspect engine air cleaner filter. See *Engine Air Cleaner/Filter on page 10-21*.
- Inspect brake system.
- Visually inspect steering, suspension, and chassis components for damaged, loose, or missing parts or signs of wear. See *Exterior Care on page 10-79*.
- Check restraint system components. See *Safety System Check on page 3-13*.
- Visually inspect fuel system for damage or leaks.
- Visually inspect exhaust system and nearby heat shields for loose or damaged parts.
- Lubricate body components. See *Exterior Care on page 10-79*.
- Check starter switch. See *Starter Switch Check on page 10-38*.
- Check automatic transmission shift lock control function. See *Automatic Transmission Shift Lock Control Function Check on page 10-39*.
- Check parking brake and automatic transmission park mechanism. See *Park Brake and P (Park) Mechanism Check on page 10-39*.
- Check accelerator pedal for damage, high effort, or binding. Replace if needed.
- Visually inspect gas strut for signs of wear, cracks, or other damage. Check the hold open ability of the strut. See your dealer if service is required.

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Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services – Normal	12 000 km/7,500 mi	24 000 km/15,000 mi	36 000 km/22,500 mi	48 000 km/30,000 mi	60 000 km/37,500 mi	72 000 km/45,000 mi	84 000 km/52,500 mi	96 000 km/60,000 mi	108 000 km/67,500 mi	120 000 km/75,000 mi	132 000 km/82,500 mi	144 000 km/90,000 mi	156 000 km/97,500 mi	168 000 km/105,000 mi	180 000 km/112,500 mi	192 000 km/120,000 mi	204 000 km/127,500 mi	216 000 km/135,000 mi	228 000 km/142,500 mi	240 000 km/150,000 mi
Perform Required Services. Check engine oil level and oil life percentage. Change engine oil and filter, if needed.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Replace passenger compartment air filter. (1)			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓		
Inspect evaporative control system. (2)						✓						✓						✓		
Except ZR1: Replace engine air cleaner filter. (3)						✓						✓						✓		
ZR1 Only: Replace engine air cleaner filter.			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓		
Except ZR1: Replace spark plugs. Inspect spark plug wires.													✓							
ZR1 Only: Replace spark plugs. Inspect spark plug wires.								✓								✓				
Change automatic transmission fluid, if equipped. If filter is serviceable, change filter.													✓							
Drain, flush, and fill engine cooling system. (4)																				✓
ZR1 Only: Drain, flush, and fill intercooler system. (4)																				✓
Visually inspect accessory drive belts. (5) (6)																				✓
Replace brake fluid. (5)																				✓
Replace clutch fluid. (7)				✓				✓				✓				✓				✓

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Footnotes — Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services — Normal

(1) Or every two years, whichever comes first. More frequent replacement may be needed if the vehicle is driven in areas with heavy traffic, areas with poor air quality, or areas with high dust levels. Replacement may also be needed if there is a reduction in air flow, excessive window fogging, or odors.

(2) Check all fuel and vapor lines and hoses for proper hook-up, routing, and condition. Check that the purge valve, if the vehicle has one, works properly. Replace as needed.

(3) Or every four years, whichever comes first.

(4) Or every five years, whichever comes first. See *Cooling System (Engine) on page 10-24* or *Cooling System (Intercooler) on page 10-25*.

(5) Or every 10 years, whichever comes first.

(6) Inspect for fraying, excessive cracking, or damage; replace, if needed.

(7) Or every two years, whichever comes first.

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Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services – Severe	12 000 km/7,500 mi	24 000 km/15,000 mi	36 000 km/22,500 mi	48 000 km/30,000 mi	60 000 km/37,500 mi	72 000 km/45,000 mi	84 000 km/52,500 mi	96 000 km/60,000 mi	108 000 km/67,500 mi	120 000 km/75,000 mi	132 000 km/82,500 mi	144 000 km/90,000 mi	156 000 km/97,500 mi	168 000 km/105,000 mi	180 000 km/112,500 mi	192 000 km/120,000 mi	204 000 km/127,500 mi	216 000 km/135,000 mi	228 000 km/142,500 mi	240 000 km/150,000 mi
Perform Required Services. Check engine oil level and oil life percentage. Change engine oil and filter, if needed.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Replace passenger compartment air filter. (1)			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓		
Inspect evaporative control system. (2)						✓						✓						✓		
Except ZR1: Replace engine air cleaner filter. (3)						✓						✓						✓		
ZR1 Only: Replace engine air cleaner filter.			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓			✓		
Change automatic transmission fluid, if equipped. If filter is serviceable, change filter.						✓						✓								
Except ZR1: Replace spark plugs. Inspect spark plug wires.													✓							
ZR1 Only: Replace spark plugs. Inspect spark plug wires.								✓								✓				
Drain, flush, and fill engine cooling system. (4)																				✓
ZR1 Only: Drain, flush, and fill intercooler system. (4)																				✓
Visually inspect accessory drive belts. (5) (6)																				✓
Replace brake fluid. (5)																				✓
Replace clutch fluid. (7)				✓				✓				✓				✓				✓

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Footnotes — Maintenance Schedule Additional Required Services — Severe

(1) Or every two years, whichever comes first. More frequent replacement may be needed if the vehicle is driven in areas with heavy traffic, areas with poor air quality, or areas with high dust levels. Replacement may also be needed if there is a reduction in air flow, excessive window fogging, or odors.

(2) Check all fuel and vapor lines and hoses for proper hook-up, routing, and condition. Check that the purge valve, if the vehicle has one, works properly. Replace as needed.

(3) Or every four years, whichever comes first.

(4) Or every five years, whichever comes first. See *Cooling System (Engine) on page 10-24* or *Cooling System (Intercooler) on page 10-25*.

(5) Or every 10 years, whichever comes first.

(6) Inspect for fraying, excessive cracking, or damage; replace, if needed.

(7) Or every two years, whichever comes first.

Special Application Services

- Severe Commercial Use Vehicles Only: Lubricate chassis components every 5 000 km/ 3,000 mi.
- Have underbody flushing service performed once a year.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Additional Maintenance and Care

Your vehicle is an important investment and caring for it properly may help to avoid future costly repairs. To maintain vehicle performance, additional maintenance services may be required. It is recommended that your dealer perform these services — their trained dealer technicians know your vehicle best. Your dealer can also perform a thorough assessment with a multi-point inspection to recommend when your vehicle may need attention. The following list is intended to explain the services and conditions to look for that may indicate services are required.

Battery

The battery supplies power to start the engine and operate any additional electrical accessories.

- To avoid break-down or failure to start the vehicle, maintain a battery with full cranking power.
- Trained dealer technicians have the diagnostic equipment to test the battery and ensure that the connections and cables are corrosion-free.

Belts

- Belts may need replacing if they squeak or show signs of cracking or splitting.
- Trained dealer technicians can inspect the belts and recommend replacement when necessary.

Brakes

Brakes stop the vehicle and are crucial to safe driving.

- Signs of brake wear may include chirping, grinding, or squealing noises, or difficulty stopping.
- Trained dealer technicians have access to tools and equipment to inspect the brakes and recommend quality parts engineered for the vehicle.

Fluids

Proper fluid levels and approved fluids protect the vehicle's systems and components. See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12* for GM approved fluids.

- Engine oil and windshield washer fluid levels should be checked at every fuel fill.
- Instrument cluster lights may come on to indicate that fluids may be low and need to be filled.

Hoses

Hoses transport fluids and should be regularly inspected to ensure that there are no cracks or leaks. With a multi-point inspection, your dealer can inspect the hoses and advise if replacement is needed.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Lamps

Properly working headlamps, taillamps, and brake lamps are important to see and be seen on the road.

- Signs that the headlamps need attention include dimming, failure to light, cracking, or damage. The brake lamps need to be checked periodically to ensure that they light when braking.
- With a multi-point inspection, your dealer can check the lamps and note any concerns.

Shocks and Struts

Shocks and struts help aid in control for a smoother ride.

- Signs of wear may include steering wheel vibration, bounce/sway while braking, longer stopping distance, or uneven tire wear.
- As part of the multi-point inspection, trained dealer technicians can visually inspect the shocks and struts for signs of leaking, blown seals, or damage, and can advise when service is needed.

Tires

Tires need to be properly inflated, rotated, and balanced. Maintaining the tires can save money, fuel, and can reduce the risk of tire failure.

- Signs that the tires need to be replaced include three or more visible treadwear indicators; cord or fabric showing through the rubber; cracks or cuts in the tread or sidewall; or a bulge or split in the tire.
- Trained dealer technicians can inspect and recommend the right tires. Your dealer can also provide tire/wheel balancing services to ensure smooth vehicle operation at all speeds. Your dealer sells and services name brand tires.

Vehicle Care

To help keep the vehicle looking like new, vehicle care products are available from your dealer. For information on how to clean and protect the vehicle's interior and exterior, see *Interior Care on page 10-82* and *Exterior Care on page 10-79*.

Wheel Alignment

Wheel alignment is critical for ensuring that the tires deliver optimal wear and performance.

- Signs that the alignment may need to be adjusted include pulling, improper vehicle handling, or unusual tire wear.
- Your dealer has the required equipment to ensure proper wheel alignment.

Windshield

For safety, appearance, and the best viewing, keep the windshield clean and clear.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

- Signs of damage include scratches, cracks, and chips.
- Trained dealer technicians can inspect the windshield and recommend proper replacement if needed.

Wiper Blades

Wiper blades need to be cleaned and kept in good condition to provide a clear view.

- Signs of wear include streaking, skipping across the windshield, and worn or split rubber.
- Trained dealer technicians can check the wiper blades and replace them when needed.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Recommended Fluids, Lubricants, and Parts

Recommended Fluids and Lubricants

Fluids and lubricants identified below by name, part number, or specification can be obtained from your dealer.

Usage	Fluid/Lubricant
Engine Oil	Use only engine oil licensed to the dexos1 specfication, or equivalent, of the proper SAE viscosity grade. ACDelco dexos1 Synthetic Blend is recommended. See *Engine Oil on page 10-13*.
Engine Coolant	50/50 mixture of clean, drinkable water and use only DEX-COOL Coolant. See *Engine Coolant on page 10-25*.
ZR1 Only: Intercooler System	50/50 mixture of clean, drinkable water and use only DEX-COOL Coolant. See *Engine Coolant on page 10-25*.
Hydraulic Brake System	DOT 3 Hydraulic Brake Fluid (GM Part No. 88862806, in Canada 88862807).
Windshield Washer	Automotive windshield washer fluid that meets regional freeze protection requirements.
Hydraulic Clutch System	Hydraulic Clutch Fluid. Use only GM Part No. 88958860, in Canada 88901244, Super DOT-4 brake fluid.
Power Steering System	GM Power Steering Fluid (GM Part No. 89021184, in Canada 89021186).

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Usage	Fluid/Lubricant
Chassis Lubrication (Z06, ZR1, manual transmission Grand Sport Coupe, and 427 Convertible Rear Toe-Link Outer Ends)	Chassis Lubricant (GM Part No. 12377985, in Canada 88901242) or lubricant meeting requirements of NLGI #2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Manual Transmission	Manual Transmission Fluid (GM Part No. 88861800, in Canada 88861801).
Automatic Transmission	DEXRON®-VI Automatic Transmission Fluid.
Key Lock Cylinders	Multi-Purpose Lubricant, Superlube (GM Part No. 12346241, in Canada 10953474).
Rear Axle (Limited-Slip Differential)	DEXRON® LS Gear Oil. See *Rear Axle on page 10-37*.
Hood Latch Assembly, Secondary Latch, Pivots, Spring Anchor, and Release Pawl	Lubriplate Lubricant Aerosol (GM Part No. 89021668, in Canada 89021674) or lubricant meeting requirements of NLGI #2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Hood and Door Hinges	Multi-Purpose Lubricant, Superlube (GM Part No. 12346241, in Canada 10953474).
Weatherstrip Conditioning	Weatherstrip Lubricant (GM Part No. 3634770, in Canada 10953518) or Dielectric Silicone Grease (GM Part No. 12345579, in Canada 10953481).

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Maintenance Replacement Parts

Replacement parts identified below by name, part number, or specification can be obtained from your dealer.

Part	GM Part Number	ACDelco Part Number
Engine Air Cleaner/Filter		
6.2L LS3 V8 and 7.0L LS7 V8 Engines	15776148	A3077C
6.2L LS9 V8 Supercharged Engine	25940997	A3107C
Engine Oil Filter		
6.2L LS3 V8 Engine	89017524	PF48
6.2L LS3 V8 Engine with Z52 Dry Sump Oil System	12626224	UPF-48R
6.2L LS9 V8 Supercharged Engine	12626224	UPF-48R
7.0L LS7 V8 Engine	12626224	UPF-48R
Passenger Compartment Air Filter Element	15848592	CF139
Spark Plug		
6.2L LS3 V8 Engine	12621258	41-110
6.2L LS9 V8 Supercharged Engine	12571165	41-104
7.0L LS7 V8 Engine	12571165	41-104
Wiper Blades — 52.5 cm (20.7 in)		
Driver Side	12335960	—
Passenger Side	12335961	—

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Maintenance Records

After the scheduled services are performed, record the date, odometer reading, who performed the service, and the type of services performed in the boxes provided. Retain all maintenance receipts.

Date	Odometer Reading	Serviced By	Services Performed

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Date	Odometer Reading	Serviced By	Services Performed

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Date	Odometer Reading	Serviced By	Services Performed

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Date	Odometer Reading	Serviced By	Services Performed

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DEALER E-PROCESS

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Vehicle Identification

Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

This legal identifier is in the front corner of the instrument panel, on the left side of the vehicle. It can be seen through the windshield from outside. The VIN also appears on the Vehicle Certification and Service Parts labels and certificates of title and registration.

Engine Identification

The eighth character in the VIN is the engine code. This code identifies the vehicle's engine, specifications, and replacement parts. See “Engine Specifications” under *Capacities and Specifications on page 12-2* for the vehicle's engine code.

Service Parts Identification Label

This label, on the inside of the glove box, has the following information:

- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN).
- Model designation.
- Paint information.
- Production options and special equipment.

Do not remove this label from the vehicle.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Vehicle Data

Capacities and Specifications

The following approximate capacities are given in metric and English conversions.

See *Recommended Fluids and Lubricants on page 11-12*.

Application	Capacities	
	Metric	English
Air Conditioning Refrigerant R134a	For the air conditioning system refrigerant charge amount, see the refrigerant label located under the hood. See your dealer for more information.	
Cooling System		
6.2L LS3 V8 Engine	11.3 L	11.9 qt
6.2L LS9 V8 Supercharged Engine – Cooling System	12.0 L	12.7 qt
6.2L LS9 V8 Supercharged Engine – Supercharger Intercooler Cooling System	4.9 L	5.2 qt
7.0L LS7 V8 Engine	11.3 L	11.9 qt
Engine Oil with Filter		
6.2L LS3 V8	5.7 L	6.0 qt
6.2L LS3 V8 with Z52 Dry Sump Oil System	9.9 L	10.5 qt

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Application	Capacities	
	Metric	English
6.2L LS9 V8 Supercharged Engine	9.9 L	10.5 qt
7.0L LS7 V8 Engine	9.9 L	10.5 qt
Fuel Tank	68.0 L	18.0 gal
Transmission Fluid		
Automatic Transmission (Pan Removal and Filter Replacement)	6.2 L	6.5 qt
Manual Transmission – Base	3.5 L	3.6 qt
Manual Transmission – Z16	4.0 L	4.2 qt
Manual Transmission – Z06	4.3 L	4.5 qt
Manual Transmission – ZR1	4.3 L	4.5 qt
Manual Transmission – 427 Convertible	4.3 L	4.5 qt
Wheel Nut Torque	140 N•m	100 lb ft
All capacities are approximate. When adding, be sure to fill to the approximate level, as recommended in this manual. Recheck fluid level after filling		

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Engine Specifications

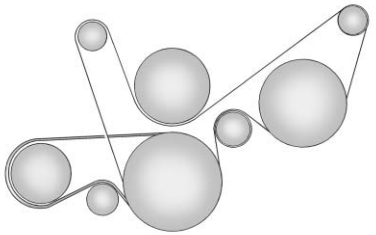
Engine	VIN Code	Transmission	Spark Plug Gap	Firing Order
6.2L LS3 V8	W	Automatic Manual	1.016 mm (0.040 in)	1–8–7–2–6–5–4–3
6.2L LS9 V8	T	Manual	1.016 mm (0.040 in)	1–8–7–2–6–5–4–3
7.0L LS7 V8	E	Manual	1.016 mm (0.040 in)	1–8–7–2–6–5–4–3

Engine Data

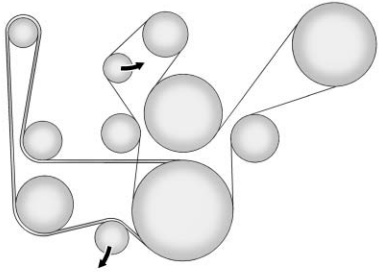
Engine	Horsepower	Torque	Displacement	Compression Ratio
6.2L LS3 V8 without option NPP	430 @ 5900 rpm	424 lb ft @ 4600 rpm	6.2L	10.69:1
6.2L LS3 V8 with option NPP	436 @ 5900 rpm	428 lb ft @ 4600 rpm	6.2L	10.69:1
6.2L LS9 V8 Supercharged	638 @ 6500 rpm	604 lb ft @ 3800 rpm	6.2L	9.10:1
7.0L LS7 V8	505 @ 6300 rpm	470 lb ft @ 4800 rpm	7.0L	11.00:1

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Engine Drive Belt Routing



6.2L LS3 V8, 7.0L LS7 V8 Engines



6.2L LS9 V8 Engine

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

✍ NOTES

Information Provided by
DEALER E-PROCESS

Customer Information

Customer Information

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Customer Information

Customer Satisfaction Procedure (U.S. and Canada)

Your satisfaction and goodwill are important to your dealer and to Chevrolet. Normally, any concerns with the sales transaction or the operation of the vehicle will be resolved by your dealer's sales or service departments. Sometimes, however, despite the best intentions of all concerned, misunderstandings can occur. If your concern has not been resolved to your satisfaction, the following steps should be taken:

STEP ONE: Discuss your concern with a member of dealership management. Normally, concerns can be quickly resolved at that level. If the matter has already been reviewed with the sales, service, or parts manager, contact the owner of your dealership or the general manager.

STEP TWO: If after contacting a member of dealership management, it appears your concern cannot be resolved by your dealership without further help, in the U.S., call the Chevrolet Customer Assistance Center at 1-800-222-1020. In Canada, call General Motors of Canada Customer Care Centre at 1-800-263-3777 (English), or 1-800-263-7854 (French).

We encourage you to call the toll-free number in order to give your inquiry prompt attention. Have the following information available to give the Customer Assistance representative:

- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). This is available from the vehicle registration or title, or the plate at the top left of the instrument panel and visible through the windshield.
- Dealership name and location.
- Vehicle delivery date and present mileage.

When contacting Chevrolet, remember that your concern will likely be resolved at a dealer's facility. That is why we suggest following Step One first.

STEP THREE — U.S. Owners: Both General Motors and your dealer are committed to making sure you are completely satisfied with your new vehicle. However, if you continue to remain unsatisfied after following the procedure outlined in Steps One and Two, you can file with the Better Business Bureau (BBB) Auto Line® Program to enforce your rights.

The BBB Auto Line Program is an out-of-court program administered by the Council of Better Business Bureaus to settle automotive disputes regarding vehicle repairs or the interpretation of the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. Although you may be required to resort to this informal dispute resolution program prior to filing a court action, use of the program is free of charge and your case will generally be heard within

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

40 days. If you do not agree with the decision given in your case, you may reject it and proceed with any other venue for relief available to you.

You may contact the BBB Auto Line Program using the toll-free telephone number or write them at the following address:

BBB Auto Line Program
Council of Better Business Bureaus, Inc.
4200 Wilson Boulevard
Suite 800
Arlington, VA 22203-1838

Telephone: 1-800-955-5100
www.dr.bbb.org/goauto

This program is available in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. Eligibility is limited by vehicle age, mileage, and other factors. General Motors reserves the right to change eligibility limitations and/or discontinue its participation in this program.

STEP THREE — Canadian Owners: In the event that you do not feel your concerns have been addressed after following the procedure outlined in Steps One and Two, General Motors of Canada Limited wants you to be aware of its participation in a no-charge Mediation/Arbitration Program. General Motors of Canada Limited has committed to binding arbitration of owner disputes involving factory-related vehicle service claims. The program provides for the review of the facts involved by an impartial third party arbiter, and may include an informal hearing before the arbiter. The program is designed so that the entire dispute settlement process, from the time you file your complaint to the final decision, should be completed in about 70 days. We believe our impartial program offers advantages over courts in most jurisdictions because it is informal, quick, and free of charge.

For further information concerning eligibility in the Canadian Motor Vehicle Arbitration Plan (CAMVAP), call toll-free 1-800-207-0685, or call the General Motors Customer Care Centre, 1-800-263-3777 (English), 1-800-263-7854 (French), or write to:

The Mediation/Arbitration Program
c/o Customer Care Centre
General Motors of Canada Limited
Mail Code: CA1-163-005
1908 Colonel Sam Drive
Oshawa, Ontario L1H 8P7

Your inquiry should be accompanied by the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN).

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Customer Satisfaction Procedure (Mexico)

Did you get the Warranty Extension Plan? This plan is recommended by General Motors to supplement the warranty included with the new vehicle purchase.

See your dealer for details.

Customer Assistance Procedure

Owner satisfaction and goodwill are very important to your dealer and General Motors.

Normally, any problem with the transaction, sale, or usage of the vehicle must be handled by your dealer sales or service departments. However, we recognize that despite the good intentions of all parties involved, sometimes a misunderstanding may occur.

If you have a problem that has not been satisfactorily handled through the normal means, we suggest the following steps:

STEP ONE

Explain your case to your dealer service agent, service manager, dealer sales agent, or sales manager, depending on your case.

Make sure that they have all necessary information. They are interested in your continual satisfaction.

STEP TWO

If you are not satisfied, please contact the general manager or your dealership owner to ask for their help. If they are not able to resolve your case, ask them to contact the right people at General Motors for support, if needed.

STEP THREE

If your case is not resolved in a reasonable amount of time by your dealer, please call the General Motors Customer Assistance Center (CAC) and provide the following information:

- Name
- Address
- Phone number
- Model year
- Brand
- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
- Mileage
- Delivery date
- Description of the problem
- Dealership name
- Dealership address

See *Customer Assistance Offices (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-5* or *Customer Assistance Offices (Mexico) on page 13-5*.

Information Provided by:
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Customer Assistance Offices (U.S. and Canada)

Chevrolet encourages customers to call the toll-free number for assistance. However, if a customer wishes to write or e-mail Chevrolet, the letter should be addressed to:

United States and Puerto Rico

Chevrolet Motor Division
Chevrolet Customer Assistance Center
P.O. Box 33170
Detroit, MI 48232-5170
www.Chevrolet.com

1-800-222-1020
1-800-833-2438 (For Text Telephone Devices (TTYs))
Roadside Assistance:
1-800-243-8872

From U.S. Virgin Islands:

1-800-496-9994

Canada

General Motors of Canada Limited
Customer Care Centre, Mail Code: CA1-163-005
1908 Colonel Sam Drive
Oshawa, Ontario L1H 8P7
www.gm.ca

1-800-263-3777 (English)
1-800-263-7854 (French)
1-800-263-3830 (For Text Telephone devices (TTYs))
Roadside Assistance:
1-800-268-6800

Overseas

Please contact the local General Motors Business Unit.

Customer Assistance Offices (Mexico)

To contact the Customer Assistance Center (CAC), use the phone numbers listed in this section. Customer assistance is available Monday through Friday, 08:00 to 20:00 hours, and Saturdays from 08:00 to 15:00 hours.

All e-mail inquiries to the Customer Assistance Center (CAC) should be sent to: cac.chevrolet@gm.com.

Mexico

From Mexico City

5329-0811

From Other Mexico Locations

01-800-466-0811

United States and Canada

1-866-466-8190

Costa Rica

00-800-052-1005

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Guatemala

1-800-999-5252

Panama

00-800-052-0001

Dominican Republic

1-888-751-5301

El Salvador

800-6273

Honduras

800-0122-6101

Customer Assistance for Text Telephone (TTY) Users (U.S. and Canada)

To assist customers who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech-impaired and who use Text Telephones (TTYs), Chevrolet has TTY equipment available at its Customer Assistance Center. Any TTY user in the U.S. can communicate with Chevrolet by dialing: 1-800-833-2438. TTY users in Canada can dial 1-800-263-3830.

Online Owner Center

Online Owner Experience (U.S.) my.chevrolet.com

The Chevrolet online owner experience is a one-stop resource that allows interaction with Chevrolet and keeps important vehicle-specific information in one place.

Membership Benefits

(Vehicle Information): Download owner manuals and view vehicle-specific how-to videos.

(Maintenance Information): View maintenance schedules, required alerts, OnStar onboard vehicle diagnostic information, and schedule service appointments.

(Service History): View printable dealer-recorded service records and self-recorded service records.

(Preferred Dealer Information): Select a preferred dealer and view dealer location, maps, phone numbers, and hours.

(Warranty Tracking Information): Track the vehicle's warranty information.

(Recall Information): View active recalls or search by Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). See *Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) on page 12-1*.

(Other Account Information): View GM Card, SiriusXM Satellite radio, and OnStar account information.

(Live Chat Support): Chat live with online help representatives.

Visit my.chevrolet.com to register your vehicle.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Chevrolet Owner Centre (Canada) chevroletowner.ca

Take a trip to the Chevrolet Owner Centre:

- Chat live with online help representatives.
- Use the Vehicle Tools section.
- Access third party enthusiast sites and social media networks.
- Locate owner resources such as lease-end, financing, and warranty information.
- Retrieve your favorite articles, quizzes, tips, and multimedia galleries organized into the Features and Auto Care Sections.
- Download the owner manual for your vehicle, quickly and easily.
- Find the Chevrolet-recommended maintenance services for your vehicle.

GM Mobility Reimbursement Program (U.S. and Canada)

This program is available to qualified applicants for cost reimbursement of eligible aftermarket adaptive equipment required for the vehicle, such as hand controls or a wheelchair/scooter lift for the vehicle.

For more information on the limited offer, visit www.gmmobility.com or call the GM Mobility Assistance Center at 1-800-323-9935. Text Telephone (TTY) users, call 1-800-833-9935.

General Motors of Canada also has a Mobility Program. Call 1-800-GM-DRIVE (463-7483) for details. TTY users call 1-800-263-3830.

Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico)

As a new owner, your vehicle is automatically enrolled in the Roadside Assistance program. The services are available at no cost under the terms and conditions of the program. The Roadside Assistance program is not part of, or included, in the coverage provided by the New Vehicle Limited Warranty.

Roadside Assistance provides assistance to the driver and passengers while driving the vehicle within your city of residence or on any passable road in Mexico, the United States, and Canada. Services are subject to the

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

limitations described in the following pages. Program coverage varies by country.

Roadside Assistance is available 24 hours a day, 365 days of the year.

This program expires two years from the date of the invoice for the vehicle, regardless of vehicle mileage and changes in vehicle ownership.

For more information about the renewal of this program at the end of its term, contact the Chevrolet Customer Assistance Center at 01-800-466-0800.

Services Provided

- **Flat Tire Change**: If unable to change a flat tire, Roadside Assistance will provide towing service to the nearest authorized Chevrolet dealership. It is the owner's responsibility for the repair or replacement of the tire. This service is limited to the transfer of the vehicle to the repair facility.
- **Emergency Fuel Delivery**: Delivery of enough fuel for the vehicle to get to the nearest service station.
- **Lock-Out Service**: Service to unlock the vehicle if you are locked out.
- **Battery Jump Start**: Service to jump start a dead battery.
- ***Emergency Messages**: Transmission of urgent phone messages.
- ***Emergency Calls**: Call for emergency services.
- ***Dealership Location Assistance**: Information regarding addresses and telephone numbers for Chevrolet dealers.
- **Emergency Towing**: Tow to the nearest dealer for warranty service if the vehicle cannot be driven.

If the vehicle is involved in an accident during the commission of a crime, administrative violation, or breach of traffic regulations, Roadside Assistance will not provide service. When the vehicle is not accessible to be towed, all maneuvers required to access it will be at the owner's expense.

If the vehicle is in another city outside of your residence, Roadside Assistance is limited to moving the vehicle to the nearest dealer. If you would like the vehicle moved to a different dealer, you will be asked to cover the difference in cost at the time of the move.

If the vehicle cannot be received by the nearest Chevrolet dealer due to scheduling conflicts, the vehicle will be taken to a safe place where it will remain for up to 48 hours until it can be taken to the dealer. If the storage costs exceed the amount authorized, the owner is responsible to pay

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the difference at the time of service. Contact Roadside Assistance for more information on authorized amounts.

- ***Trip Interruption**: This service is provided if you are prevented from further usage of your vehicle while traveling and it is not possible for the nearest Chevrolet dealership to repair the vehicle the same day, requiring the vehicle to stay at the dealership for a night or more. If this happens, in addition to the previously listed services and prior to confirmation by the dealership, you are entitled to choose one of the following alternatives, within the limits of existing Roadside Assistance program guidelines. If the costs exceed the amount authorized for these services, you must pay the difference at the time of service.

  Roadside Assistance will coordinate hotel accommodations for all vehicle travelers for up to two nights.

  A rental car will be provided for up to two days and the vehicle must be returned to its original destination, excluding vehicles with a carrying capacity greater than 3.5 tons.

  Complimentary Transportation: If you prefer to continue your trip to the intended destination or return to your place of residence, and the trip requires more than eight hours driving on the road, transportation for the driver and passengers by first class bus or coach commercial airline will be provided to a location chosen by Roadside Assistance, depending on availability at the chosen destination. Restrictions apply based on vehicle specifications.

  If you are on the road, taxi service to the nearest bus station or airport will be provided.

- ***Complimentary Transportation for Vehicle Pick Up**: Transportation to pick up your vehicle after repairs are complete. Once the dealer has reported that the vehicle has been repaired, Roadside Assistance will provide bus or commercial airline one-way service (subject to availability) for the person designated by you to collect your vehicle at the dealership's location if you or the designated person are not in the same town or city as the dealership.

*These services are not provided for U.S. or Canada residents. All services provided in the U.S. and Canada are at the owner's expense and will be reimbursed by Roadside Assistance.

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Services Not Included in Roadside Assistance

Roadside Assistance does not cover or reimburse services for the following:

- Events caused by fraud or bad faith by the driver.
- Vehicle immobilization situations due to a major force or unforeseen circumstances, such as natural phenomena of an extraordinary nature, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, and other cyclonic storms.
- Vehicle immobilization situations arising from car accidents caused by the driver of the vehicle or third parties. This means any occurrence that causes physical injury to the occupants and/or the vehicle caused by external forces.
- Acts of terrorism, riot or uproar, armed forces or police actions which prevent timely delivery of assistance services.
- Food service, beverages, telephone calls, or other extra costs. Accommodation costs apply only to Mexico per the terms and conditions of the Roadside Assistance program.
- Any damage to the vehicle without intent, derived from the services provided.
- Cost of towing a trailer when choosing a Chevrolet dealer that is nearest to the temporary storage facility for the disabled vehicle.
- Cost of all maneuvers required to access the vehicle when it is not available to be towed.
- Cost of fuel provided.

Routine vehicle repair costs are not covered by the Roadside Assistance program. For more information, see your new vehicle warranty.

Contacting Roadside Assistance

Roadside Assistance services are of no cost to you and available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Costs are only incurred in situations that exceed the limits of the program, some of which are listed previously in this section.

To contact Roadside Assistance by phone, use the following numbers:

Mexico

01-800-466-0800

United States

1-866-466-8901

Canada

1-800-268-6800

E-mail

asistencia.chevrolet@gm.com

Chevrolet reserves the right to make any changes or discontinue the Roadside Assistance program at any time without notification.

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Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada)

For U.S.-purchased vehicles, call 1-800-243-8872; (Text Telephone (TTY): 1-888-889-2438).

For Canadian-purchased vehicles, call 1-800-268-6800.

Service is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

Calling for Assistance

When calling Roadside Assistance, have the following information ready:

- Your name, home address, and home telephone number.
- Telephone number of your location.
- Location of the vehicle.
- Model, year, color, and license plate number of the vehicle.
- Odometer reading, Vehicle Identification Number (VIN), and delivery date of the vehicle.
- Description of the problem.

Coverage

Services are provided up to 5 years/ 160 000 km (100,000 mi), whichever comes first.

In the U.S., anyone driving the vehicle is covered. In Canada, a person driving the vehicle without permission from the owner is not covered.

Roadside Assistance is not a part of the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. Chevrolet and General Motors of Canada Limited reserve the right to make any changes or discontinue the Roadside Assistance program at any time without notification.

Chevrolet and General Motors of Canada Limited reserve the right to limit services or payment to an owner or driver if they decide the claims are made too often, or the same type of claim is made many times.

Services Provided

- **Emergency Fuel Delivery:** Delivery of enough fuel for the vehicle to get to the nearest service station.
- **Lock-Out Service:** Service to unlock the vehicle if you are locked out. A remote unlock may be available if you have OnStar. For security reasons, the driver must present identification before this service is given.
- **Emergency Tow from a Public Road or Highway:** Tow to the nearest Chevrolet dealer for warranty service, or if the vehicle was in a crash and cannot be driven. Assistance is also given when the vehicle is stuck in the sand, mud, or snow.

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- **Flat Tire Change:** Service to change a flat tire with the spare tire. The spare tire, if equipped, must be in good condition and properly inflated. It is the owner's responsibility for the repair or replacement of the tire if it is not covered by the warranty.
- **Battery Jump Start:** Service to jump start a dead battery.

Services Not Included in Roadside Assistance

- Impound towing caused by violation of any laws.
- Legal fines.
- Mounting, dismounting, or changing of snow tires, chains, or other traction devices.
- Towing or services for vehicles driven on a non-public road or highway.

Services Specific to Canadian-Purchased Vehicles

- **Fuel Delivery:** Reimbursement is approximately $5 Canadian. Diesel fuel delivery may be restricted. Propane and other fuels are not provided through this service.
- **Lock-Out Service:** Vehicle registration is required.
- **Trip Routing Service:** Detailed maps of North America are provided when requested either with the most direct route or the most scenic route. There is a limit of six requests per year. Additional travel information is also available. Allow three weeks for delivery.
- **Trip Interruption Benefits and Assistance:** Must be over 250 kilometers from where your trip was started to qualify. General Motors of Canada Limited requires pre-authorization, original detailed receipts, and a copy of the repair orders. Once authorization has been received, the Roadside Assistance advisor will help to make arrangements and explain how to receive payment.
- **Alternative Service:** If assistance cannot be provided right away, the Roadside Assistance advisor may give permission to get local emergency road service. You will receive payment, up to $100, after sending the original receipt to Roadside Assistance. Mechanical failures may be covered, however any cost for parts and labor for repairs not covered by the warranty are the owner responsibility.

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Scheduling Service Appointments (U.S. and Canada)

When the vehicle requires warranty service, contact your dealer and request an appointment. By scheduling a service appointment and advising the service consultant of your transportation needs, your dealer can help minimize your inconvenience.

If the vehicle cannot be scheduled into the service department immediately, keep driving it until it can be scheduled for service, unless, of course, the problem is safety related. If it is, please call your dealership, let them know this, and ask for instructions.

If your dealer requests you to bring the vehicle for service, you are urged to do so as early in the work day as possible to allow for same-day repair.

Courtesy Transportation Program (U.S. and Canada)

To enhance your ownership experience, we and our participating dealers are proud to offer Courtesy Transportation, a customer support program for vehicles with the Bumper-to-Bumper (Base Warranty Coverage period in Canada), extended powertrain, and/or hybrid-specific warranties in both the U.S. and Canada.

Several Courtesy Transportation options are available to assist in reducing inconvenience when warranty repairs are required.

Courtesy Transportation is not a part of the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. A separate booklet entitled “Limited Warranty and Owner Assistance Information” furnished with each new vehicle provides detailed warranty coverage information.

Transportation Options

Warranty service can generally be completed while you wait. However, if you are unable to wait, GM helps to minimize inconvenience by providing several transportation options. Depending on the circumstances, your dealer can offer one of the following:

Shuttle Service

Shuttle service is the preferred means of offering Courtesy Transportation. Dealers may provide shuttle service to get you to your destination with minimal interruption of your daily schedule. This includes one-way or round-trip shuttle service within reasonable time and distance parameters of your dealer's area.

Public Transportation or Fuel Reimbursement

If the vehicle requires overnight warranty repairs, and public transportation is used instead of your dealer's shuttle service, the expense must be supported by

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original receipts and can only be up to the maximum amount allowed by GM for shuttle service. In addition, for U.S. customers, should you arrange transportation through a friend or relative, limited reimbursement for reasonable fuel expenses may be available. Claim amounts should reflect actual costs and be supported by original receipts. See your dealer for information regarding the allowance amounts for reimbursement of fuel or other transportation costs.

Courtesy Rental Vehicle

Your dealer may arrange to provide you with a courtesy rental vehicle or reimburse you for a rental vehicle that you obtain if the vehicle is kept for an overnight warranty repair. Rental reimbursement will be limited and must be supported by original receipts. This requires that you sign and complete a rental agreement and meet state/provincial, local, and rental vehicle provider requirements. Requirements vary and may include minimum age requirements, insurance coverage, credit card, etc. You are responsible for fuel usage charges and may also be responsible for taxes, levies, usage fees, excessive mileage, or rental usage beyond the completion of the repair.

It may not be possible to provide a like vehicle as a courtesy rental.

Additional Program Information

All program options, such as shuttle service, may not be available at every dealer. Please contact your dealer for specific information about availability. All Courtesy Transportation arrangements will be administered by appropriate dealer personnel.

General Motors reserves the right to unilaterally modify, change, or discontinue Courtesy Transportation at any time and to resolve all questions of claim eligibility pursuant to the terms and conditions described herein at its sole discretion.

Collision Damage Repair (U.S. and Canada)

If the vehicle is involved in a collision and it is damaged, have the damage repaired by a qualified technician using the proper equipment and quality replacement parts. Poorly performed collision repairs diminish the vehicle resale value, and safety performance can be compromised in subsequent collisions.

Collision Parts

Genuine GM Collision parts are new parts made with the same materials and construction methods as the parts with which the vehicle was originally built. Genuine GM Collision parts are the best choice to ensure that the vehicle's designed appearance, durability, and safety are preserved. The use of Genuine GM parts can help maintain the GM New Vehicle Limited Warranty.

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Recycled original equipment parts may also be used for repair. These parts are typically removed from vehicles that were total losses in prior crashes. In most cases, the parts being recycled are from undamaged sections of the vehicle. A recycled original equipment GM part may be an acceptable choice to maintain the vehicle's originally designed appearance and safety performance; however, the history of these parts is not known. Such parts are not covered by the GM New Vehicle Limited Warranty, and any related failures are not covered by that warranty.

Aftermarket collision parts are also available. These are made by companies other than GM and may not have been tested for the vehicle. As a result, these parts may fit poorly, exhibit premature durability/corrosion problems, and may not perform properly in subsequent collisions. Aftermarket parts are not covered by the GM New Vehicle Limited Warranty, and any vehicle failure related to such parts is not covered by that warranty.

Repair Facility

GM also recommends that you choose a collision repair facility that meets your needs before you ever need collision repairs. Your dealer may have a collision repair center with GM-trained technicians and state-of-the-art equipment, or be able to recommend a collision repair center that has GM-trained technicians and comparable equipment.

Insuring the Vehicle

Protect your investment in the GM vehicle with comprehensive and collision insurance coverage. There are significant differences in the quality of coverage afforded by various insurance policy terms. Many insurance policies provide reduced protection to the GM vehicle by limiting compensation for damage repairs through the use of aftermarket collision parts. Some insurance companies will not specify aftermarket collision parts. When purchasing insurance, we recommend that you ensure that the vehicle will be repaired with GM original equipment collision parts. If such insurance coverage is not available from your current insurance carrier, consider switching to another insurance carrier.

If the vehicle is leased, the leasing company may require you to have insurance that ensures repairs with Genuine GM Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) parts or Genuine Manufacturer replacement parts. Read the lease carefully, as you may be charged at the end of the lease for poor quality repairs.

If a Crash Occurs

If there has been an injury, call emergency services for help. Do not leave the scene of a crash until all matters have been taken care of. Move the vehicle only if its position

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DEALER E-PROCESS

puts you in danger, or you are instructed to move it by a police officer.

Give only the necessary information to police and other parties involved in the crash.

For emergency towing see *Roadside Assistance Program (Mexico) on page 13-7* or *Roadside Assistance Program (U.S. and Canada) on page 13-11*.

Gather the following information:

- Driver name, address, and telephone number.
- Driver license number.
- Owner name, address, and telephone number.
- Vehicle license plate number.
- Vehicle make, model, and model year.
- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN).
- Insurance company and policy number.
- General description of the damage to the other vehicle.

Choose a reputable repair facility that uses quality replacement parts. See “Collision Parts” earlier in this section.

If the airbag has inflated, see *What Will You See after an Airbag Inflates? on page 3-19*.

Managing the Vehicle Damage Repair Process

In the event that the vehicle requires damage repairs, GM recommends that you take an active role in its repair. If you have a pre-determined repair facility of choice, take the vehicle there, or have it towed there. Specify to the facility that any required replacement collision parts be original equipment parts, either new Genuine GM parts or recycled original GM parts. Remember, recycled parts will not be covered by the GM vehicle warranty.

Insurance pays the bill for the repair, but you must live with the repair. Depending on your policy limits, your insurance company may initially value the repair using aftermarket parts. Discuss this with the repair professional, and insist on Genuine GM parts. Remember, if the vehicle is leased, you may be obligated to have the vehicle repaired with Genuine GM parts, even if your insurance coverage does not pay the full cost.

If another party's insurance company is paying for the repairs, you are not obligated to accept a repair valuation based on that insurance company's collision policy repair limits, as you have no contractual limits with that company. In such cases, you can have control of the repair and parts choices as long as the cost stays within reasonable limits.

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Service Publications Ordering Information

Service Manuals

Service Manuals have the diagnosis and repair information on the engines, transmission, axle, suspension, brakes, electrical, steering, body, etc.

Service Bulletins

Service Bulletins give additional technical service information needed to knowledgeably service General Motors cars and trucks. Each bulletin contains instructions to assist in the diagnosis and service of the vehicle.

Owner Information

Owner publications are written specifically for owners and intended to provide basic operational information about the vehicle. The Owner Manual includes the Maintenance Schedule for all models.

In-Portfolio: Includes a Portfolio, Owner Manual, and Warranty Booklet.

RETAIL SELL PRICE:
$35.00 (U.S.) plus handling and shipping fees.

Without Portfolio: Owner Manual only.

RETAIL SELL PRICE:
$25.00 (U.S.) plus handling and shipping fees.

Current and Past Models

Technical Service Bulletins and Manuals are available for current and past model GM vehicles.

ORDER TOLL FREE:
1-800-551-4123 Monday – Friday
8:00 AM – 6:00 PM Eastern Time

For Credit Card Orders Only (VISA-MasterCard-Discover), visit Helm, Inc. at: www.helminc.com.

Or write to:

Helm, Incorporated
Attention: Customer Service
47911 Halyard Drive
Plymouth, MI 48170

Prices are subject to change without notice and without incurring obligation. Allow ample time for delivery.

All listed prices are quoted in U.S. funds. Make checks payable in U.S. funds.

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DEALER E-PROCESS

Reporting Safety Defects

Reporting Safety Defects to the United States Government

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying General Motors.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or General Motors.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 1-800-424-9153); go to *http://www.safercar.gov;* or write to:

Administrator, NHTSA
1200 New Jersey Avenue, S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20590

You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from *http://www.safercar.gov*.

Reporting Safety Defects to the Canadian Government

If you live in Canada, and you believe that the vehicle has a safety defect, notify Transport Canada immediately, and notify General Motors of Canada Limited. Call Transport Canada at 1-800-333-0510 or write to:

Transport Canada
Road Safety Branch
80 rue Noel
Gatineau, QC J8Z 0A1

Reporting Safety Defects to General Motors

In addition to notifying NHTSA (or Transport Canada) in a situation like this, notify General Motors.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Call 1-800-222-1020, or write:

Chevrolet Motor Division
Chevrolet Customer Assistance Center
P.O. Box 33170
Detroit, MI 48232-5170

In Canada, call 1-800-263-3777 (English) or 1-800-263-7854 (French), or write:

General Motors of Canada Limited
Customer Care Centre, Mail Code: CA1-163-005
1908 Colonel Sam Drive
Oshawa, Ontario L1H 8P7

Vehicle Data Recording and Privacy

Vehicle Data Recording

This vehicle may be equipped with a module that records data in certain crash or near crash-like situations, such as when an air bag deploys or the vehicle hits a road obstacle. This data could help provide a better understanding of the circumstances in which crashes and injuries occur. Some data may be related to the vehicle dynamics and safety systems operation. The data may show:

- How various systems in the vehicle were operating.
- Whether or not the driver and passenger safety belts were buckled/fastened.
- If and how far the driver was pressing the accelerator and/or brake pedal.
- How fast the vehicle was traveling.

This data could provide an understanding of the circumstances in which crashes and injuries occur. Data could be recorded by the vehicle only if a non-trivial crash situation occurs; no data are recorded under normal driving conditions and no personal data are recorded. However, other parties, such as law enforcement, could combine recorded data with the type of personally identifying data routinely acquired during a crash investigation.

To read recorded data, special equipment is required, and access to the vehicle or the module is needed. In addition to the vehicle manufacturer, other parties, such as law enforcement, that have the special equipment, can read the information if they have access to the vehicle or the module.

GM will not access this data or share it with others except: with the consent of the vehicle owner or,

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if the vehicle is leased, with the consent of the lessee; in response to an official request by police or similar government office; as part of GM's defense of litigation through the discovery process; or, as required by law. Data that GM collects or receives may also be used for GM research needs or may be made available to others for research purposes, where a need is shown and the data is not tied to a specific vehicle or vehicle owner.

OnStar®

If the vehicle is equipped with OnStar® and has an active subscription, refer to the OnStar® Terms and Conditions for information on data collection and use. See *OnStar Overview on page 14-1*.

Navigation System

If the vehicle is equipped with a navigation system, use of the system may result in the storage of destinations, addresses, telephone numbers, and other trip information. See the navigation manual for information on stored data and for deletion instructions.

Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)

RFID technology is used in some vehicles for functions such as tire pressure monitoring and ignition system security, as well as in connection with conveniences such as Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) transmitters for remote door locking/unlocking and starting, and in-vehicle transmitters for garage door openers. RFID technology in GM vehicles does not use or record personal information or link with any other GM system containing personal information.

Radio Frequency Statement

This vehicle has systems that operate on a radio frequency that comply with Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and with Industry Canada Standards RSS-GEN/210/220/310.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. The device may not cause harmful interference.
2. The device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Changes or modifications to any of these systems by other than an authorized service facility could void authorization to use this equipment.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

OnStar

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OnStar Overview

If equipped, this vehicle has a comprehensive, in-vehicle system that can connect to a live Advisor for Emergency, Security, Navigation, Connection, and Diagnostic Services.

The OnStar system status light is next to the OnStar buttons. If the status light is:

- Solid Green: System is ready.
- Flashing Green: On a call.
- Red: Indicates a problem.

Push On or call 1-888-4ONSTAR (1-888-466-7827) to speak to an Advisor.

Push to:

- Make a call, end a call, or answer an incoming call.
- Give OnStar Hands-Free Calling voice commands.
- Give OnStar Turn-by-Turn Navigation voice commands. Requires the available Directions and Connections service plan.

Push On to connect to a live Advisor to:

- Verify account information or update contact information.
- Get driving directions. Requires the available Directions and Connections service plan.
- Receive On-Demand Diagnostics for a check of the vehicle's key operating systems.
- Receive Roadside Assistance.

Information Provided by:
DEALER E-PROCESS

Push the OnStar Emergency button SOS to get a priority connection to an Emergency Advisor available 24/7 to:

- Get help for an emergency.
- Be a Good Samaritan or respond to an AMBER Alert.
- Get crisis assistance and evacuation routes.

OnStar Services

Emergency

With Automatic Crash Response, the built-in system can automatically connect to help in most crashes, even if help cannot be requested.

Push SOS to connect to an Emergency Advisor. GPS technology is used to identify the vehicle location and can provide critical information to emergency personnel. The Advisor is also trained to offer critical assistance in emergency situations before first responders arrive.

Security

OnStar provides services like Stolen Vehicle Assistance, Remote Ignition Block, and Roadside Assistance, if the vehicle is equipped with these services. OnStar can unlock the vehicle doors remotely, if it is equipped with automatic door locks, and can help police locate the vehicle if it is stolen.

Navigation

OnStar navigation requires the Directions and Connections service plan.

Push Or to receive directions or have them sent to the vehicle navigation screen, if equipped. Destinations can also be forwarded to the vehicle from Google Maps™ or MapQuest.com. The OnStar mapping database is continuously updated. Visit www.onstar.com for coverage maps.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Turn-by-Turn Navigation

1. Push ⓞ to connect to a live Advisor.
2. Request directions.
3. Directions are downloaded to the vehicle.
4. Follow the voice-guided commands.

Using Voice Commands During a Planned Route

Cancel Route

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready,” then a tone. Say “Cancel route.” System responds: “Do you want to cancel directions?”
2. Say “Yes.” System responds: “OK, request completed, thank you, goodbye.”

Route Preview

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready,” then a tone.
2. Say “Route preview.” System responds with the next three maneuvers.
3. Say “Goodbye.” Exits voice commands.

Repeat

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready,” then a tone.
2. Say “Repeat.” System responds with the last direction given, then responds with “OnStar ready,” then a tone.
3. Say “Goodbye.” Exits voice commands.

Get My Destination

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready,” then a tone.
2. Say “Get my destination.” System responds with address and the distance to the destination, then responds with “OnStar ready,” then a tone.
3. Say “Goodbye.” Exits voice commands.

Other Navigation Services Available from OnStar

OnStar eNav: Allows subscribers to send destinations from Google Maps and MapQuest.com to their Turn-by-Turn Navigation or screen-based navigation system. When ready, the directions will be downloaded to the vehicle.

Destination Download: Push ⓞ, then request the Advisor to download directions to the navigation system in the vehicle. After the call ends, push the “Go” button on the navigation screen to begin driving directions.

Destinations can also be downloaded on the go. For information about eNav, Destination Download, and coverage maps visit www.onstar.com.

Connections

OnStar Hands-Free Calling allows calls to be made and received from the vehicle. The vehicle can also be

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

controlled from a cell phone through the OnStar RemoteLink mobile app. See www.onstar.com for coverage maps.

Hands-Free Calling

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready.”
2. Say “Call.” System responds: “Please say the name or number to call.”
3. Say the entire number without pausing, including a “1” and the area code. System responds: “OK calling.”

Calling 911 Emergency

1. Press . The system responds “OnStar Ready,” followed by a tone.
2. Say “Call.” The system responds "Please say the name or number to call."
3. Say “911” without pausing. The system responds "911."
4. Say “Call.” The system responds "OK, dialing 911."

Retrieve My Number

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready.”
2. Say “My number.” System responds: “Your OnStar Hands-Free Calling number is.”

End a Call

Push . System responds: “Call ended.”

Store a Name Tag for Speed Dialing

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready.”
2. Say “Store.” System responds: “Please say the number you would like to store.”
3. Say the entire number without pausing. System responds: “Please say the name tag.”
4. Pick a name tag. System responds: “About to store <name tag>. Does that sound OK?”
5. Say “Yes” or “No” to try again. System responds: “OK, storing <name tag>.”

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Place a Call Using a Stored Number

1. Push . System responds: “OnStar ready.”
2. Say “Call <name tag>.” System responds: “OK, calling <name tag>.”

Verify Minutes and Expiration

Push and say “Minutes” then “Verify” to check how many minutes remain and their expiration date.

OnStar Mobile App

Download the OnStar RemoteLink mobile app to your iPhone or Android smartphone to check vehicle fuel level, oil life, or tire pressure; to start the vehicle (if equipped) or unlock it; or to connect to an OnStar Advisor. For OnStar RemoteLink information and compatibility, see www.onstar.com.

Diagnostics

OnStar Vehicle Diagnostics will perform a vehicle check every month. It will check the engine, transmission, antilock brakes, and major vehicle systems. It also checks the tire pressures, if the vehicle is equipped with the Tire Pressure Monitoring System. If a diagnostics check is needed between e-mails, push , and an Advisor can run a check.

OnStar Additional Information

Transferring Service

Push to request account transfer eligibility information. The Advisor can assist in canceling or removing account information. If OnStar receives information that vehicle ownership has changed, OnStar may send a voice message to the vehicle, requesting updated account information.

Reactivation for Subsequent Owners

Push and follow the prompts to speak to an Advisor as soon as possible after acquiring the vehicle. The Advisor will update vehicle records and will explain the OnStar service offers and options available.

How OnStar Service Works

Automatic Crash Response, Emergency Services, Crisis Assist, Stolen Vehicle Assistance, Vehicle

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

Diagnostics, Remote Door Unlock, Roadside Assistance, Turn-by-Turn Navigation, and Hands-Free Calling are available on most vehicles. Not all OnStar services are available everywhere or on all vehicles. For more information, a full description of OnStar services, system limitations, and OnStar terms and conditions, see www.onstar.com (U.S.) or www.onstar.ca (Canada); contact OnStar at 1-888-4ONSTAR (1-888-466-7827) or TTY 1-877-248-2080; or push ⓞ to speak with an Advisor. OnStar services require a vehicle electrical system, wireless service, and GPS satellite technologies to be available and operating for features to function properly. These systems may not operate if the battery is discharged or disconnected.

OnStar service cannot work unless your vehicle is in a place where OnStar has an agreement with a wireless service provider for service in that area, and the wireless service provider has coverage, network capacity, reception, and technology compatible with OnStar service. Service involving location information about the vehicle cannot work unless GPS signals are available, unobstructed, and compatible with the OnStar hardware. OnStar service may not work if the OnStar equipment is not properly installed or it has not been properly maintained. If equipment or software is added, connected, or modified, OnStar service may not work. Other problems beyond the control of OnStar may prevent service such as hills, tall buildings, tunnels, weather, electrical system design and architecture of the vehicle, damage to the vehicle in a crash, or wireless phone network congestion or jamming.

See *Radio Frequency Statement on page 13-20* for information regarding Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and Industry Canada Standards RSS-GEN/210/220/310.

Services for People with Disabilities

Advisors provide services to help subscribers with physical disabilities and medical conditions.

Push ⓞ for help with:

- Locating a gas station with an attendant to pump gas.
- Finding a hotel, restaurant, etc., that meets accessibility needs.
- Providing directions to the closest hospital or pharmacy in urgent situations.

TTY Users

OnStar has the ability to communicate to the deaf, hard-of-hearing, or speech-impaired customers while in the vehicle. The available dealer-installed TTY system can provide in-vehicle access to all of the OnStar services, except Virtual Advisor and OnStar Turn-by-Turn Navigation.

Information Provided by: DEALER E-PROCESS

OnStar.com

The website provides access to account information, manages the OnStar subscription, and allows viewing of videos of each service. Get subscription plan pricing and sign up for OnStar Vehicle Diagnostics. Click on the “My Account” tab on the home page.

OnStar Personal Identification Number (PIN)

A PIN is needed to access some of the OnStar services, like Remote Door Unlock and Stolen Vehicle Assistance. You will be prompted to change the PIN the first time when speaking with an Advisor. To change the OnStar PIN, call OnStar and provide the Advisor with the current number.

Warranty

OnStar equipment may be warranted as part of the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. The manufacturer of the vehicle furnishes detailed warranty information.

Languages

The vehicle can be programmed to respond in French or Spanish. Push and ask an Advisor. Advisors can speak French or Spanish.

Potential Issues

Some OnStar services are disabled after five days. OnStar cannot perform Remote Door Unlock or Stolen Vehicle Assistance after the vehicle has been off continuously for five days. After five days, OnStar can contact Roadside Assistance and a locksmith to help gain access to the vehicle.

Global Positioning System (GPS)

- Obstruction of the GPS can occur in a large city with tall buildings; in parking garages; around airports; in tunnels, underpasses, or parking garages; or in an area with very dense trees. If GPS signals are not available, the OnStar system should still operate to call OnStar. However, OnStar could have difficulty identifying the exact location.
- In emergency situations, OnStar can use the last stored GPS location to send to emergency responders.
- A temporary loss of GPS can cause loss of the ability to send a Turn-by-Turn Navigation route. The Advisor may give a verbal route or may ask for a call back after the vehicle is driven into an open area.

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Cellular and GPS Antennas

Avoid placing items over or near the antenna to prevent blocking cellular and GPS signal reception. Cellular reception is required for OnStar to send remote signals to the vehicle.

Unable to Connect to OnStar Message

If there is limited cellular coverage or the cellular network has reached maximum capacity, this message may come on. Push ⓞ to try the call again or try again after driving a few miles into another cellular area.

Vehicle and Power Issues

OnStar services require a vehicle electrical system, wireless service, and GPS satellite technologies to be available and operating for features to function properly. These systems may not operate if the battery is discharged or disconnected.

Add-on Electrical Equipment

The OnStar system is integrated into the electrical architecture of the vehicle. Do not add any electrical equipment. See *Add-On Electrical Equipment on page 9-50*. Added electrical equipment may interfere with the operation of the OnStar system and cause it to not operate.

Privacy

The complete OnStar Privacy Statement may be found at www.onstar.com. Privacy-sensitive users of wireless communications are cautioned that the privacy of any information sent via wireless cellular communications cannot be assured. Third parties may unlawfully intercept or access transmissions and private communications without consent.

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